A1<br>Isle of Wight Unitary Development Plan North of Carisbrooke Park Estate/ Worsley Road, Newport<br>Agricultural Land Classification Semi-Detailed Survey<br>ALC Map and Report

May 1997

## AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION REPORT

# ISLE OF WIGHT UNITARY DEVELOPMENT PLAN (UDP) WORSLEY ROAD, NEWPORT 

## SEMI-DETAILED SURVEY

## INTRODUCTION

1. This report presents the findings of a semi-detailed Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) survey on approximately 44 hectares of land to the south west of Worsley Road and to the north of Carisbrooke Park Estate, north west of Newport, on the Isle of Wight. The survey was carried out during May 1997.
2. The survey was undertaken by the Farming and Rural Conservation Agency (FRCA), on behalf of the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food (MAFF), in connection with the Isle of Wight UDP. This survey supersedes any previous ALC information for this land.
3. The work was conducted by members of the Resource Planning Team in the Eastern Region of FRCA. The land has been graded in accordance with the published MAFF ALC guidelines and criteria (MAFF, 1988). A description of the ALC grades and subgrades is given in Appendix I.
4. At the time of survey, the majority of agricultural land was under permanent grassland; a small area in the centre of the site had been recently ploughed. The areas shown as 'Other Land' include an electricity substation, open water, agricultural buildings, residential dwellings and areas of scrub. The south of the site is mapped as 'Agricultural land not surveyed'; this land already has outline planning approval.

## SUMMARY

5. The findings of the survey are shown on the enclosed ALC map. The map has been drawn at a scale of $1: 10,000$. It is accurate at this scale, but any enlargement would be misleading.
6. The area and proportions of the ALC grades and subgrades on the surveyed land are summarised in Table 1 below.

Table 1: Area of grades and other land

| Grade/Other land | Area (hectares) | \% surveyed area | \% site area |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3b | 20.5 | 64.3 | 46.7 |
| 4 | 11.4 | 35.7 | 26.0 |
| Agricultural land not |  |  |  |
| surveyed |  |  |  |
| Other land |  |  |  |

7. The fieldwork was conducted at an average density of one boring every two hectares. A total of 25 borings and two soil inspection pits were described.
8. The majority of agricultural land on this site has been classified as Subgrade 3b (moderate quality) because of significant soil wetness and workability limitations. Soil profiles typically comprise medium textured topsoils which directly overlie poorly structured clay and clay loam subsoils which act to impede soil drainage. The interaction between the medium textured topsoils, poor soil drainage and the relatively wet local climate means that this land is subject to soil wetness restrictions. Soil wetness acts to restrict the flexibility of cropping, stocking and cultivations and adversely affects yields. Where heavier topsoils occur, the land is prone to more severe workability limitations and, consequently, the land has been classified as Grade 4 (poor quality).
9. Areas of land in the northern third of the site (immediately to the north of the stream) are also limited by slope restrictions to Subgrade 3 b and Grade 4. Where slopes in excess of $7^{\circ}$, but less than $11^{\circ}$, occur the land has been classified as Subgrade 3b. These steep slopes may act to limit the range of agricultural machinery which can be safely and efficiently used. Grade 4 land has been mapped where slopes greater than $11^{\circ}$ occur, as the resulting slope limitations are more severe than for land assigned to Subgrade 3b.

## FACTORS INFLUENCING ALC GRADE

## Climate

10. Climate affects the grading of land through the assessment of an overall climatic limitation and also through interactions with soil characteristics.
11. The key climatic variables used for grading this site are given in Table 2 and were obtained from the published 5 km grid datasets using the standard interpolation procedures (Met. Office, 1989).

Table 2: Climatic and altitude data

| Factor | Units | Values |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grid reference | N/A | SZ 492 896 | SZ 490 895 | SZ 489898 |
| Altitude | m, AOD | 10 | 15 | 25 |
| Accumulated Temperature | day ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Jan-June) | 1554 | 1548 | 1537 |
| Average Annual Rainfall | mm | 867 | 868 | 871 |
| Field Capacity Days | days | 179 | 179 | 179 |
| Moisture Deficit, Wheat | mm | 110 | 109 | 108 |
| Moisture Deficit, Potatoes | mm | 105 | 104 | 102 |
| Overall climatic grade | N/A | Grade 1 | Grade 1 | Grade 1 |

12. The climatic criteria are considered first when classifying land as climate can be overriding in the sense that severe limitations will restrict land to low grades irrespective of favourable site or soil conditions.
13. The main parameters used in the assessment of an overall climatic limitation are average annual rainfall (AAR), as a measure of overall wetness, and accumulated temperature (AT0, January to June), as a measure of the relative warmth of a locality.
14. The combination of rainfall and accumulated temperature at this site mean that there is no overall climatic limitation. However, climatic factors do interact with soil properties to influence soil wetness and droughtiness limitations. At this locality, the climate is relatively wet in regional terms. As a result, the likelihood of soil wetness problems may be increased. The high accumulated temperature in this area results in an early start to the growing season. No local climatic factors, such as frost risk or exposure, are believed to adversely affect the land quality on the site. All of the land on the site is climatically Grade 1.

Site
15. The lowest lying land on the site, which lies at approximately 10 m AOD , occurs adjacent to the stream running west-east through the centre of the site and next to the stream running along the western site boundary. The land rises through moderate and steep slopes to lie at approximately 20 and 35 m AOD along the southern and northern site boundaries, respectively. North of the central stream gradients in excess of $11^{\circ}$ occur; such land can be graded no higher than Grade 4. Where slopes occur in the range of $7-11^{\circ}$, the land is classified as Subgrade 3b because of slope limitations. Immediately north of the central stream the terrain is highly irregular. Such areas would usually be limited to Subgrade 3b because of microrelief restrictions. However, in this area, the steep slopes means that the land can be classified no higher than Grade 4.

## Geology and soils

16. The published geology map (BGS, 1976) shows most of the site to be underlain by Hamstead Beds. Part of the southern site boundary is shown to be underlain by Bembridge Marls.
17. The published reconnaissance soil survey map (SSEW, 1983) for the area shows almost all of the site to comprise soils of the Wickham 4 Association. These soils are described as 'Slowly permeable seasonally waterlogged fine loamy over clayey and fine silty over clayey soils associated with similar clayey soils, often with brown subsoils.' (SSEW, 1983). In the extreme south of the site, there is a possibility that soils of the Bursledon Association may occur. These soils are described as 'Deep fine loamy soils with slowly permeable subsoils and slight seasonal waterlogging associated with deep coarse loamy soils variably affected by groundwater.' (SSEW, 1983). Detailed field work found soils typical of the Wickham 4 Association across all of the land surveyed.

## AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION

18. The details of the classification of the site are shown on the attached ALC map and the area statistics of each grade are given in Table 1, page 1.
19. The location of the auger borings and pits is shown on the attached sample location map and the details of the soils data are presented in Appendix II, page 7.

Subgrade 3b
20. Approximately two-thirds of the agricultural land surveyed has been classified as Subgrade 3b (moderate quality). All of this land is subject to significant soil wetness and workability limitations. Medium textured topsoils directly overlie heavy textured subsoils (heavy (silty) clay loams and (silty) clays); occasionally, some profiles have a narrow medium silty clay loam upper subsoil. From Pits 1 and 2, which represent such profiles, it could be seen that the medium silty clay loam upper subsoils are moderately structured and the heavier subsoils poorly structured. All subsoils were assessed as being slowly permeable and, given the local climate, such profiles are assessed as poorly drained (Wetness Class IV). The interaction between the medium textured topsoils, poor soil drainage and relatively wet local climate means that this land is limited by soil wetness and workability. Soil wetness can adversely affect seed germination and survival and can inhibit the development of a good root system. It also influences the sensitivity of soil to structural damage and is, therefore, a major factor in determining the number of days when cultivation, trafficking or grazing can take place.
21. Parts of the land classified as Subgrade 3b are also limited by slope restrictions. Slopes in the range of $7.5^{\circ}-10.5^{\circ}$ occur to the south of Worsley Road and along parts of the western site boundary. Such slopes may act to limit the range of agricultural machinery which can be safely and efficiently used.

## Grade 4

22. The remaining agricultural land has been classified as Grade 4 (poor quality). All of this land is subject to significant soil wetness and workability limitations. Profiles are similar to those described in paragraph 20 but have heavier topsoils (typically heavy clay loams and heavy silty clay loams and, occasionally, clays). The heavier topsoils exacerbate workability restrictions and, consequently, Grade 4 is appropriate. Land to the north of the central stream is also equally limited to Grade 4 because of slope restrictions. Gradients of $11.5^{\circ}-12^{\circ}$ are likely to preclude the use of certain agricultural machinery and thus restrict the range of crops which could be grown.

## SOURCES OF REFERENCE

British Geological Survey (1976) Special Sheet (Sheets 344 and 345 and parts of 330 and 331), Isle of Wight, 1:50,000 (drift edition).

BGS: London.
Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food (1988) Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales: Revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land.
MAFF: London.
Met. Office (1989) Climatological Data for Agricultural Land Classification. Met. Office: Bracknell.

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1983), Sheet 6, Soils of South East England, 1:250,000 and accompanying legend.
SSEW: Harpenden

## APPENDIX I

## DESCRIPTIONS OF THE GRADES AND SUBGRADES

## Grade 1: Excellent Quality Agricultural Land

Land with no or very minor limitations to agricultural use. A very wide range of agricultural and horticultural crops can be grown and commonly includes top fruit, soft fruit, salad crops and winter harvested vegetables. Yields are high and less variable than on land of lower quality.

## Grade 2: Very Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land with minor limitations which affect crop yield, cultivations or harvesting. A wide range of agricultural or horticultural crops can usually be grown but on some land of this grade there may be reduced flexibility due to difficulties with the production of the more demanding crops such as winter harvested vegetables and arable root crops. The level of yield is generally high but may be lower or more variable than Grade 1 land.

## Grade 3: Good to Moderate Quality Land

Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops, the timing and type of cultivation, harvesting or the level of yield. When more demanding crops are grown, yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2.

## Subgrade 3a: Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of consistently producing moderate to high yields of a narrow range of arable crops, especially cereals, or moderate yields of a wide range of crops including cereals, grass, oilseed rape, potatoes, sugar beet and the less demanding horticultural crops.

## Subgrade 3b: Moderate Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of producing moderate yields of a narrow range of crops, principally cereals and grass, or lower yields of a wider range of crops or high yields of grass which can be grazed or harvested over most of the year.

## Grade 4: Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which significantly restrict the range of crops and/or the level of yields. It is mainly suited to grass with occasional arable crops (e.g. cereals and forage crops) the yields of which are variable. In moist climates, yields of grass may be moderate to high but there may be difficulties in utilisation. The grade also includes very droughty arable land.

## Grade 5: Very Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which restrict use to permanent pasture or rough grazing, except for occasional pioneer forage crops.

## APPENDIX II

## SOIL DATA

## Contents:

Sample location map<br>Soil abbreviations - explanatory note<br>Soil pit descriptions<br>Soil boring descriptions (boring and horizon levels)

## SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTIONS: EXPLANATORY NOTE

Soil pit and auger boring information collected during ALC fieldwork is held on a computer database. This uses notations and abbreviations as set out below.

## Boring Header Information

1. GRID REF: national 100 km grid square and 8 figure grid reference.
2. USE: Land use at the time of survey. The following abbreviations are used:

| ARA: | Arable | WHT: | Wheat | BAR: | Barley |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CER: | Cereals | OAT: | Oats | MZE: | Maize |
| OSR: | Oilseed rape | BEN: | Field beans | BRA: | Brassicae |
| POT: | Potatoes | SBT: | Sugar beet | FCD: | Fodder crops |
| LIN: | Linseed | FRT: | Soft and top fruit | FLW: | Fallow |
| PGR: | Permanent | LEY: | Ley grass | RGR: | Rough grazing |
|  | pasture |  |  |  |  |
| SCR: | Scrub | CFW: | Coniferous woodland | OTH | Other |
| DCW: | Deciduous <br> woodland | BOG: | Bog or marsh | SAS: | Set-Aside |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HTH: | Heathland | HRT: | Horticultural crops | PLO: | Ploughed |

3. GRDNT: Gradient as estimated or measured by a hand-held optical clinometer.
4. GLEY/SPL: Depth in centimetres (cm) to gleying and/or slowly permeable layers.
5. AP (WHEAT/POTS): Crop-adjusted available water capacity.
6. MB (WHEAT/POTS): Moisture Balance. (Crop adjusted AP - crop adjusted MD)
7. DRT: Best grade according to soil droughtiness.
8. If any of the following factors are considered significant, ' $Y$ ' will be entered in the relevant column:

MREL: Microrelief limitation FLOOD: Flood risk EROSN: Soil erosion risk
EXP: Exposure limitation FROST: Frost prone DIST: Disturbed land
CHEM: Chemical limitation
9. LIMIT: The main limitation to land quality. The following abbreviations are used:

| OC: | Overall Climate | AE: | Aspect | ST: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | Topsoil Stoniness

## Soil Pits and Auger Borings

1. TEXTURE: soil texture classes are denoted by the following abbreviations:

| S: | Sand | LS: | Loamy Sand | SL: | Sandy Loam |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SZL: | Sandy Silt Loam | CL: | Clay Loam | ZCL: | Silty Clay Loam |
| ZL: | Silt Loam | SCL: | Sandy Clay Loam | C: | Clay |
| SC: | Sandy Clay | ZC: | Silty Clay | OL: | Organic Loam |
| P: | Peat | SP: | Sandy Peat | LP: | Loamy Peat |
| PL: | Peaty Loam | PS: | Peaty Sand | MZ: | Marine Light Silts |

For the sand, loamy sand, sandy loam and sandy silt loam classes, the predominant size of sand fraction will be indicated by the use of the following prefixes:

F: $\quad$ Fine (more than $66 \%$ of the sand less than 0.2 mm )
M: Medium (less than $66 \%$ fine sand and less than $33 \%$ coarse sand)
C: Coarse (more than $33 \%$ of the sand larger than 0.6 mm )
The clay loam and silty clay loam classes will be sub-divided according to the clay content:
M: Medium ( $<27 \%$ clay) H: Heavy ( $27-35 \%$ clay)
2. MOTTLE COL: Mottle colour using Munsell notation.
3. MOTTLE ABUN: Mottle abundance, expressed as a percentage of the matrix or surface described:

F: few $<2 \% \quad$ C: common $2-20 \% \quad$ M: many $20-40 \% \quad$ VM: very many $40 \%+$
4. MOTTLE CONT: Mottle contrast:

F: faint - indistinct mottles, evident only on close inspection
D: distinct - mottles are readily seen
P: prominent - mottling is conspicuous and one of the outstanding features of the horizon
5. PED. COL: Ped face colour using Munsell notation.
6. GLEY: If the soil horizon is gleyed a ' $Y$ ' will appear in this column. If slightly gleyed, an ' $S$ ' will appear.
7. STONE LITH: Stone Lithology - one of the following is used:

HR: all hard rocks and stones FSST: soft, fine grained sandstone
ZR: soft, argillaceous, or silty rocks
CH: chalk
MSST: soft, medium grained sandstone
SI: soft weathered igneous/metamorphic rock

GS: gravel with porous (soft) stones
GH: gravel with non-porous (hard) stones

Stone contents ( $>2 \mathrm{~cm},>6 \mathrm{~cm}$ and total) are given in percentages (by volume).
8. STRUCT: the degree of development, size and shape of soil peds are described using the following notation:

| Degree of development | WK: | weakly developed | MD: | moderately developed |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | ST: | strongly developed |  |  |
| Ped size | F: | fine | M: | medium |
|  | C: | coarse |  |  |
| Ped shape | S: | single grain | M: | massive |
|  | GR: | granular | AB: | angular blocky |
|  | SAB: | sub-angular blocky | PR: | prismatic |
|  | PL: | platy |  |  |

9. CONSIST: Soil consistence is described using the following notation:

| L: loose $\quad$ VF: very friable | FR: friable $\quad$ FM: firm | VM: very firm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| EM: extremely firm | EH: extremely hard |  |

10. SUBS STR: Subsoil structural condition recorded for the purpose of calculating profile droughtiness: G: good M: moderate $\mathbf{P}$ : poor
11. POR: Soil porosity. If a soil horizon has less than $0.5 \%$ biopores $>0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$, a ' $Y$ ' will appear in this column.
12. IMP: If the profile is impenetrable to rooting a ' $Y$ ' will appear in this column at the appropriate horizon.
13. SPL: Slowly permeable layer. If the soil horizon is slowly permeable a ' $Y$ ' will appear in this column.
14. CALC: If the soil horizon is calcareous, a ' $Y$ ' will appear in this column.
15. Other notations:

APW: available water capacity (in mm ) adjusted for wheat
APP: available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for potatoes
MBW: moisture balance, wheat
MBP: moisture balance, potatoes

## SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

```
Site Name : I OF WIGHT UDP CARISBROK Pit Number : 1p
Grid Reference: SZ49308980 Average Annual Rainfall : 867 mm
Accumulated Temperature : }1554\mathrm{ degree days
Field Capacity Level : 179 days
Land Use : Permanent Grass
Slope and Aspect:04 degrees SW
\begin{tabular}{rcccccccccc} 
HORIZON & TEXTURE & COLOUR & STONES >2 & TOT. STONE & LITH & MOTTLES & STRUCTURE & CONSIST & SUBSTRUCTURE CALC \\
\(0-24\) & MZCL & 1OYR51 00 & 0 & 2 & HR & \(M\) & & & \\
\(24-38\) & \(C\) & \(25 Y 6200\) & 0 & 2 & HR & \(M\) & STCPR & VM & P \\
\(38-60\) & \(C\) & \(25 Y 6362\) & 0 & 2 & HR & \(M\) & STCAB & VM & \(P\)
\end{tabular}
```



```
FINAL ALC GRADE : 38 MAIN LIMITATION : Wetness
```

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

```
Site Name : I OF WIGHT UDP CARISBROK Pit Number : 2P
Grid Reference: SZ49178950 Average Annual Rainfall ; 867 mm
Accumulated Temperature : 1554 degree days
Field Capacity Level : }179\mathrm{ days
Land Use : Ploughed
Slope and Aspect : O2 degrees N
\begin{tabular}{rcccccccccc} 
HORIZON & TEXTURE & COLOUR & STONES \(>2\) & TOT. STONE & LITH & MOTTLES & STRUCTURE & CONSIST & SUBSTRUCTURE CALC \\
\(0-20\) & MZCL. & 1OYR42 52 & 0 & 2 & HR & \(C\) & & & \\
\(20-46\) & MZCL & \(25 Y 6200\) & 0 & 0 & & \(M\) & MDCPR & FR & \(M\) \\
\(46-70\) & \(C\) & \(25 Y 6261\) & 0 & 0 & & \(M\) & MDCPR & FM & \(P\)
\end{tabular}
```



```
FINAL ALC GRADE : 3B
MAIN LIMITATION : Wetness
```

page 1

| SAMPLE |  | ASPECT |  |  |  | --WETNESS-- |  | -WHEAT- |  | -POTS- |  | M. REL |  | EROSN | FROST | CHEM | ALC |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NO. | GRID REF | USE |  | GRDNT | GLEY SPL | CLASS | GRADE | AP | MB | AP | MB | DRT | FLOOD | EXP | DIST | LIMIT |  | COMMENTS |
| 1 | SZ48808990 | PGR | W | 04 | 0022 | 4 | 4 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 4 |  |
| 1P | SZ49308980 | PGR | SW | 04 | 0024 | 4 | 3B |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3B |  |
| 2 | SZ48948991 | PGR |  |  | 0020 | 4 | 4 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 4 |  |
| 2 P | SZ49178950 | PLO | $N$ | 02 | 0020 | 4 | 3B |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 38 |  |
| 3 | SZ49208990 | PGR | S | 03 | 005005 | 4 | 4 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 4 |  |
| 4 | S248908980 | PGR | W | 03 | 0020 | 4 | 4 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 4 |  |
| 5 | SZ41908980 | PGR | SE | 02 | 0020 | 4 | 4 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 4 | Q med. t/sotl |
| 6 | SZ49308980 | PGR | S | 05 | 0028 | 4 | 3B |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 38 |  |
| 7 | SZ49008970 | PGR | SE | 02 | 0020 | 4 | 3 B |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3B |  |
| 8 | SZ49108970 | PGR | S | 02 | 0020 | 4 | 3B |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 38 |  |
| 9 | SZ49208970 | PGR | S | 04 | 010010 | 4 | 4 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 4 | Plastic 27 |
| 10 | SZ49308970 | PGR | SE | 03 | 0025 | 4 | 3B |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 38 | Plastic 42 |
| 11 | SZ49408970 | PGR | SE | 03 | 0025 | 4 | 3B |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 38 |  |
| 12 | SZ49108960 | PGR |  |  | 028028 | 4 | 3B |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 38 |  |
| 13 | SZ49308960 | PGR | S | 09 | 010010 | 4 | 4 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 4 | Plastic 38 |
| 14 | SZ49408960 | PGR | S | 06 | 0020 | 4 | 4 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 4 | Q med. t/soti |
| 15 | SZ49508960 | PGR | S | 06 | 010010 | 4 | 3B |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 38 | Plastic 50 |
| 16 | SZ49008950 | PLO | N | 02 | 025025 | 4 | 38 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 38 | Imp flints 70 |
| 17 | SZ49178950 | PLO | N | 02 | 025025 | 4 | 3 B |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 38 |  |
| 18 | SZ49408950 | PGR | S | 13 | 010010 | 4 | 4 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 4 | Also GA slope |
| 19 | SZ49608950 | PGR | S | 09 | 0025 | 4 | 4 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 4 | 3B slope |
| 20 | SZ48908940 | PGR | N | 03 | 0010 | 4 | 4 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 4 |  |
| 21 | SZ49108940 | PLO | N | 01 | 020020 | 4 | 3B |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 38 |  |
| 22 | SZ48808930 | PGR | NW | 03 | 0020 | 4 | 3B |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 38 |  |
| 23 | SZ49008930 | PLO | N | 02 | 025025 | 4 | 4 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 4 |  |
| 24 | SZ49308920 | PGR | SW | 01 | 042042 | 3 | 3B |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 38 |  |
| 25 | SZ49228914 | PGR |  |  | 0028 | 4 | 4 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 4 |  |

## ----MOTTLES----- PED ----STONES---- STRUCT/ SUBS

COL ABUN CONT COL. GLEY >2 >6 LITH TOT CONSIST STR POR IMP SPL CALC

| 1 | $0-22$ | $c$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $22-45$ | $c$ |
|  | $45-70$ | $c$ |

IP $\quad 0-24 \quad \mathrm{mzc}]$

24-38 c $\quad 25$ Y62 0010 YR 6800 M 38-60 c $\quad 25$ Y63 62 10YR56 00 M

2 0-20 hcl
20-70 c

2P $0-20$ mzcl 10 YR42 52 75YR46 00 C 20-46 mzcl 25 Y 620075 YR 5868 M 46-70 c $\quad 25 \mathrm{Y} 6261$ 10YR58 00 M

3 0-5 mzcl 10YR42 00
$5-70 \quad$ c $\quad 25$ Y63 00 75YR68 00 M

4 0-20 hcl $25 Y 4151$ 10YR58 00 C 20-50 c $\quad 25 Y 5262$ 10YR68 00 M $50-70$ c $\quad 05 Y 6261$ 10YR68 00 M
$5 \quad 0-20$ hel 10 YR42 00 10YR46 00 C 20-30 C $25 Y 5200$ 10YR56 00 C 30-70 c $25 Y 6200$ 10YR68 00 M
$6 \quad 0-28$ mzcl 10 YR42 00 75YR46 00 C 28-70 c $\quad 25$ Y63 00 10YR68 00 M
$7 \quad 0-20 \mathrm{mcl} \quad 25 \mathrm{Y} 4100$ 10YR46 00 C 20-25 hel $25 Y 4252$ 10YR58 00 C 25-35 c $\quad 25 Y 5200$ 10YR58 00 M 35-70 c 25Y 6263 10YR68 00 M
$8 \quad 0-20 \quad \operatorname{mzct} \quad 10 Y R 4200$ 10YR46 00 C 20-28 C . $25 Y 5200$ 10YR58 00 C 28-70 c $\quad$ 25Y $620010 Y R 6800 \mathrm{M}$
$9 \quad 0-10$ mzcl $10 Y R 5200$
$10-27$ hel $10 Y R 510075$ YR5 00 M 27-70 c $05 Y 7300$ 75YR68 00 M

10 0-25 mzcl 10YR52 00 10YR68 00 C
25-42 zc $25 Y 6200$ 10YR68 00 M
42-70 zc 25Y 6200 10YR68 00 M

11 0-25 mzci 10YR52 00 10YR68 00 C 25-42 zc 25 Y 620010 YR 6800 M 42-70 zc $25 Y 6200$ 10YR68 00 M

|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | $p$ |  | $Y$ |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | p |  | $\boldsymbol{Y}$ |  |
|  | $y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 2 | STCPR | VM | P | $Y$ | $Y$ |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 2 | STCAB | VM | $p$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 5 | . |  | P |  | Y |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | MDCPR | FR | M | $Y$ | $Y$ |  |
| OOMNOO 00 | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | MDCPR | FM P | P | $Y$ | $Y$ |  |
|  |  | 0 | 0 HR | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10YR61 00 | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | P |  | Y |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | P |  | $Y$ |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | P |  | $Y$ |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | Border med. t/soli |
| OOMNOO 00 | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | P |  | $Y$ |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | OCH | 10 |  |  | P |  | Y |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 Y71 00 | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 2 |  |  | P |  | $Y$ |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | P |  | $Y$ | Spl (see 2P) |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | . |  | P |  | $Y$ |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | P |  | $Y$ |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OOMNOO 00 | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | $p$ |  | $\mathbf{Y}$ |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | P |  | $Y$ |  |
|  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | P |  | Y | Spl (see 2P) |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | P |  | Y |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 5 |  |  | $p$ |  | $Y$ |  |
|  | Y | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | P |  | $Y$ |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 5 |  |  | $p$ |  | $Y$ |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | P |  | $Y$ |  |

----MOTTLES----- PED ----STONES---- STRUCT/ SUBS
COL ABUN CONT COL. GLEY $>2>6$ LITH TOT CONSIST STR POR IMP SPL CALC

12 | $0-28$ | $f s z l$ | 10YR31 00 |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $28-50$ | c | $25 Y 4200$ | $10 Y R 58$ |
|  | 00 C |  |  |
| $50-70$ | c | $25 Y 5200$ | $10 Y R 58$ |
|  | 00 M |  |  |

13 0-10 mzci 10YR52 00
10-38 c $25 Y 5262$ 75YR68 00 M 38-70 c 05Y 6200 75YR68 00 M

14 O-20 hzci 10YR42 53 10YR58 00 C 20-60 c 25Y 6300 75YR68 00 M

15 0-10 mzcl 10YR32 00
$10-25 \mathrm{mzcl} 10 Y R 530010 Y R 5800 \mathrm{C}$ 25-50 c $\quad 25$ Y53 62 1OYR68 00 M $50-70$ c 05 Y72 6375 YR 6800 M

0-25 mzcl 10YR42 43
25-45 hzcl $25 Y 530010 Y R 5600 \mathrm{C}$
45-70 c $25 Y 5262$ 75YR58 00 M
17 0-25 mzci 10YR42 43 10YR46 00 F 25-40 hzel 10 YR53 00 10YR58 00 M $40-80 \quad$ c $\quad 25 Y 6200$ 10YR 6800 M
$18 \begin{array}{rlll}0-10 & \text { mzc } & \text { 10YR42 } 00 \\ 10-28 & c & \text { 10YR53 00 10YR58 } 00 \mathrm{M} \\ & 28-70 & c & 05 \text { Y62 } 00 \text { 10YR58 } 00 \mathrm{M}\end{array}$
$19 \quad 0-25$ hzcl $10 \mathrm{YR42} 00$ 75YR46 00 C 25-35 c $10 \mathrm{YR42} 00$ 75YR46 00 C 35-70 c $\quad 25 \mathrm{Y} 6200$ 10YR 6800 M

0-10 TRE1 10YR41 00 75YR46 00 C 10-32 hel 10 YR52 00 75YR58 00 M $32-70 \quad c \quad 25$ Y63 00 75YR68 00 M

21 0-20 mzcl 10YR32 00
20-55 hzcl 10YR53 63 10YR56 00 C $55-100$ c $25 Y Z 5262$ 75YR68 00 M
$220-20 \mathrm{mzcl} \quad 10 \mathrm{YR} 414275 \mathrm{YR} 4600 \mathrm{C}$ 20-35 hel 10 YR 5200 75YR46 00 M 35-70 c . 25 Y54 56 1OYR58 00 M

23 0-25 hzcl 10YR41 42
$25-70 \quad$ c $\quad 25$ Y63 64 75YR58 00 M
$24 \begin{array}{llll}0-35 & \text { hzcl } & 10 \text { YR42 } 00 & 10 \text { YR56 } 00 \mathrm{C}\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}35-42 & c & 10 Y R 5300 \\ 42-80 & c & 10 Y R 640010 Y R 5800 \mathrm{C}\end{array}$


|  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OOMNOO OO Y | 0 | 0 | 0 | $P$ | $Y$ |  |
| $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | $P$ | $Y$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $Y$ | 0 | $0 H R$ | 2 | $P$ | $Y$ |  |


|  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | $M$ | $Y$ |
| OOMNOD OO Y | 0 | 0 HR | 2 | $P$ | $Y$ |
| $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 2 | $P$ | $Y$ |


|  | 1 | $0 H R$ | 5 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OOMNOO OO Y | 0 | $0 H R$ | 5 | $P$ | $Y$ |  |
| OOMNOO OO Y | 0 | $0 H R$ | 10 |  | $P$ | $Y$ |


| $P$ | $Y$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $P$ | $Y$ |


| $P$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $P$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |

$Y \quad Y$ Y

| OOMNOO OO Y | 0 | 0 | 0 | $P$ | $Y$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OOMNOO OO Y | 0 | 0 | 0 | $P$ | $Y$ |


| $P$ | $Y$ | Spl (see 2P) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $P$ | $Y$ |  |
| $P$ | $Y$ | Spl (see 2P) |

$P \quad Y$
$P$
$Y$
$Y$
Spl (see 2P)

Q gleying

## ----MOTTLES----- PED ----STONES---- STRUCT/ SUBS

SAMPLE DEPTH TEXTURE COLOUR COL ABUN CONT COL. GLEY >2 >6 LITH TOT CONSIST STR POR IMP SPL CALC


