

Hornsea Mere Special Protection Area

Evidence Pack

First published August 2022

Natural England Technical Information Note TIN189

Hornsea Mere Special Protection Area – Evidence Pack

Anita Wood, Helen Wake and Kathryn McKendrick-Smith



Published August 2022

This report is published by Natural England under the Open Government Licence - OGLv3.0 for public sector information. You are encouraged to use, and reuse, information subject to certain conditions. For details of the licence visit [Copyright](#). Natural England photographs are only available for non-commercial purposes. If any other information such as maps or data cannot be used commercially this will be made clear within the report.

© Natural England 2022

Project details

This report should be cited as: WOOD, A., WAKE, H. and MCKENDRICK-SMITH, K. 2022. *Hornsea Mere Special Protection Area – Evidence Pack*. Natural England Technical Information Note. TIN189 Natural England.

Natural England Project manager

Simon Thompson

Author

Anita Wood, Helen Wake and Kathryn McKendrick-Smith

Keywords

Natural England. Nutrient Neutrality, Strategic Solutions, Hornsea Mere SPA

Further information

This report can be downloaded from the Natural England Access to Evidence Catalogue: <http://publications.naturalengland.org.uk/> . For information on Natural England publications contact the Natural England Enquiry Service on 0300 060 3900 or e-mail enquiries@naturalengland.org.uk.

Contents

Hornsea Mere Special Protection Area – Evidence Pack2

Project details3

 Natural England Project manager.....3

 Author.....3

 Keywords.....3

1. Site Details5

2. Reasons for European Site Designation5

3. Nutrient Pressures and Water Quality Evidence6

4. Additional Information.....7

Appendix.....8

List of abbreviations.....10

1. Site Details

Hornsea Mere Special Protection Area

Hornsea Mere is the largest freshwater lake in Yorkshire, situated less than 1 km from the sea on the East Yorkshire coast in northern England. It is of glacial origin, shallow (1-2m deep), eutrophic and fringed with reedbeds, fen and carr. Its shallowness has encouraged the development of extensive marginal swamps of Common Reed *Phragmites australis*, Bulrush *Typha latifolia* and Common Club-rush *Schoenoplectus lacustris*. These are best developed at the west end of the mere, where they grade into Alder *Alnus glutinosa* and willow *Salix spp.* carr. There are also fen communities, rich in plant species, as well as aquatic plants of open water such as Canadian Waterweed *Elodea canadensis*, Fennel Pondweed *Potamogeton pectinatus*, Spiked Water-milfoil *Myriophyllum spicatum*, Rigid Hornwort *Ceratophyllum demersum* and Yellow Water-lily *Nuphar lutea*. Dense algal blooms occur in summer as a result of eutrophication. The reedbeds, swamp communities and wet woodland support a diverse invertebrate fauna. Hornsea Mere supports breeding and wintering waterbirds, which feed on the open water and use the marginal vegetation for feeding and roosting.

2. Reasons for European Site Designation

The Special Protection Area (SPA) is designated for:

- Gladwell *Anas strepera*
- Mute Swan *Cygnus olor*

Links to Conservation Advice:

- [Conservation Objectives](#)
- [Conservation Objectives Supplementary Advice](#)

3. Nutrient Pressures and Water Quality Evidence

Nutrient pressure(s) for which the site is unfavourable:

- Nitrogen
- Phosphorus

In the In the Conservation Objectives Supporting Advice for Hornsea Mere Special Protection Area (SPA) it states **‘Where the supporting habitat of the SPA feature are dependent on surface water ensure water quality and quantity is restored to a standard which provides the necessary conditions to support the feature’.**

Water Quality data is reported against the relevant Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) units within the SPA.

Table 1 – Site attribute with water quality targets

Unit Name	SSSI Unit	Monitoring Point ID	WQ Target		WQ Monitoring Data ¹		Compliance with target – Pass/Fail and % reduction needed to achieve the WQ Target	
			TP (µg/l)	TN (µg/l)	TP (µg/l)	TN (µg/l)	TP (µg/l)	TN (µg/l)
The Mere	10	Hornsea Mere at Sailing Club – NE-49000082	50	0.8	528.0	3.69	FAIL 91% reduction needed	FAIL 78% reduction needed

The condition of the waterbody and the habitats which support the designated features are in part dependent on the water quality within them.

Where excessive nutrients are present in a system this can lead to the occurrence of eutrophication, impacting on aquatic macrophyte flora and changes in water chemistry.

¹ Water Quality Monitoring data from EA WIMS database. Nutrient concentrations reported as an annual mean (March 2019 – March 2020) for Total Phosphorus (TP) and Total Nitrogen (TN).

Recent water quality measurements show Hornsea Mere to be exceeding the targets for Total Phosphorus (TP) and Total Nitrogen (TN). There is also evidence of an abundance of filamentous algae, resulting from eutrophication. Any nutrients entering the catchment upstream of the locations which are exceeding their nutrient targets, will make their way downstream and have the potential to further add to the current exceedance. Therefore, the whole upstream catchment of Hornsea Mere is included within the catchment map.

4. Additional Information

Habitat Type impacted by nutrients – Standing Water.

The SPA is underpinned by Hornsea Mere

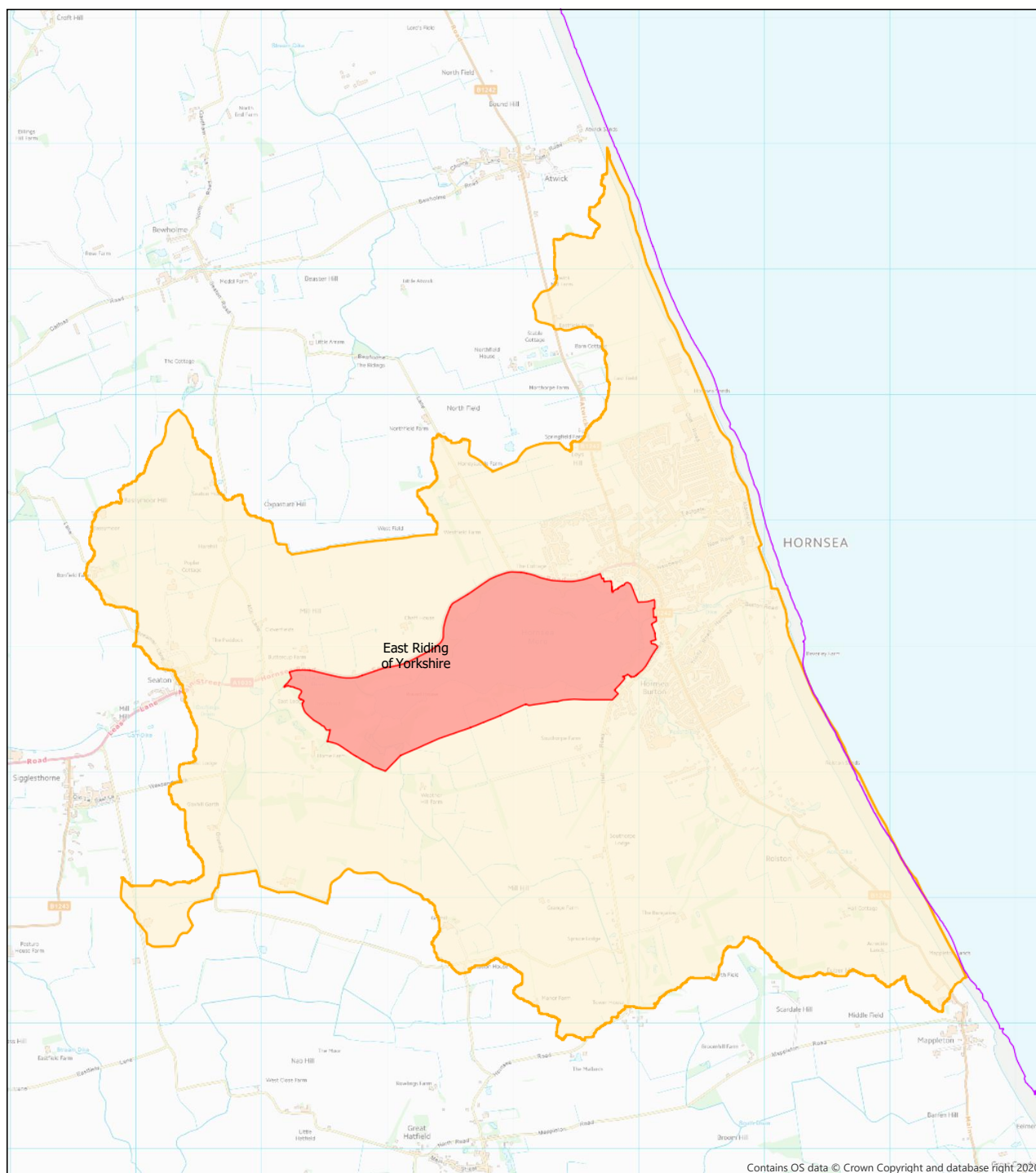
SSSI features of interest include:

- Reed Warbler *Acrocephalus scirpaceus*
- Gadwall *Anas strepera*
- Goldeneye *Bucephala clangula*
- Pochard *Aythya ferina*
- Shoveler *Anas clypeata*
- Tufted duck *Aythya fuligula*
- Eutrophic lakes
- Lowland wetland including basin fen, valley fen, floodplain fen, waterfringe fen, spring/flush fen and raised bog lagg
- Wet Woodland

Appendix

Component SSSIs of Hornsea Mere SPA

Map of component SSSIs of Hornsea Mere SPA



European protected sites requiring nutrient neutrality strategic solutions

Scale: 1:30,000

Component SSSIs of Hornsea Mere SPA

- Local Authorities
- SSSI subject to nutrient neutrality strategy
- Nutrient neutrality SSSI catchment
- National Parks

Produced by Defra Spatial Data Science
 © Defra 2021, reproduced with the permission of Natural England, <http://www.naturalengland.org.uk/copyright>.
 © Crown Copyright and database rights 2021. Ordnance Survey licence number 100022021.



List of abbreviations

SPA – Special Protection Area

SSSI – Site of Special Scientific Interest

TN – Total Nitrogen

TP – Total Phosphorus

WQ – Water Quality

Natural England is here to secure a healthy natural environment for people to enjoy, where wildlife is protected and England's traditional landscapes are safeguarded for future generations.

Natural England publications are available as accessible pdfs from www.gov.uk/natural-england.

Should an alternative format of this publication be required, please contact our enquiries line for more information: 0300 060 3900 or email enquiries@naturalengland.org.uk.

Catalogue code: TIN189

This publication is published by Natural England under the Open Government Licence v3.0 for public sector information. You are encouraged to use, and reuse, information subject to certain conditions. For details of the licence visit www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/version/3.

Please note: Natural England photographs are only available for non-commercial purposes. For information regarding the use of maps or data visit www.gov.uk/how-to-access-natural-english-lands-maps-and-data.

© Natural England 2022

