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New Forest District Local Plan Objector Sites 39,58,59 Land At Loperwood Farm, Calmore, Hampshire

Agricultural Land Classification ALC Map and Report

February 1997

Resource Planning Team Eastern Region FRCA Reading

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AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION REPORT

NEW FOREST DISTRICT LOCAL PLAN OBJECTOR SITES 39, 58, 59 LAND AT LOPERWOOD FARM, CALMORE, HAMPSHIRE

INTRODUCTION

- This report presents the findings of a detailed Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) survey on approximately 13 hectares of land at Loperwood Farm Calmore in Hampshire The survey was carried out during February 1997
- The survey was commissioned by the Ministry of Agriculture Fisheries and Food (MAFF) from its Land Use Planning Unit in Reading in connection with its statutory input to the New Forest District Local Plan. The site is one of a number of objector sites. The results of this survey supersede any previous ALC information for this land.
- Prior to 1 April 1997 the work was conducted by members of the Resource Planning Team in the Guildford Statutory Group of ADAS After this date the work was completed by the same team as part of the Farming and Rural Conservation Agency (FRCA) Reading The land has been graded in accordance with the published MAFF ALC guidelines and criteria (MAFF 1988) A description of the ALC grades and subgrades is given in Appendix I
- At the time of survey all of the agricultural land on this site was under permanent grassland. The areas shown as Other Land comprise mainly the recreation ground houses woodland and various roads. To the north east is a small area of Agricultural Land Not Surveyed where permission to survey was not granted.

SUMMARY

- 5 The findings of the survey are shown on the enclosed ALC map The map has been drawn at a scale of 1 10 000. It is accurate at this scale but any enlargement would be misleading
- The area and proportions of the ALC grades and subgrades on the surveyed land are summarised in Table 1 below

Table 1 Area of grades and other land

Grade/Other land	Area (hectares)	% Surveyed area	% Total site area		
2	19	27 5	15 2		
3a	5 0	72 5	40 0		
Agricultural land not surveyed	0 5		4 0		
Other land	5 1		40 8		
Total surveyed area	69	100 0			
Total site area	12 5		100 0		

- The fieldwork was conducted at an average density of 1 boring per hectare A total of 18 borings and two soil inspection pits were described
- The majority of the survey area comprises land of good quality (Subgrade 3a) the key limitation being one of soil wetness. Soils typically comprise coarse loamy slightly flinty topsoils over variable coarse or fine loamy subsoils becoming more flinty. At moderate depth, heavy subsoils impede drainage resulting in seasonal waterlogging which can adversely affect plant growth. However, this situation is improved because the coarse loamy topsoil allows a longer period on which the land can be worked. Grade 2 (very good quality agricultural land) is mapped toward the south east of the survey area on slightly sloping land where the drainage is better and the heavy subsoils are located further down the soil profile otherwise the soils are similar to those within the Subgrade 3a mapping unit

FACTORS INFLUENCING ALC GRADE

Climate

- 9 Climate affects the grading of land through the assessment of an overall climatic limitation and also through interactions with soil characteristics
- The key climatic variables used for grading this site are given in Table 2. These were obtained from the published 5km grid datasets using standard interpolation procedures (Met Office 1989)
- 11 The climatic criteria are considered first when classifying land as climate can be overriding in the sense that severe limitations will restrict land to low grades irrespective of favourable site or soil conditions

Factor	Units	Values
Grid reference	N/A	SU 338 147
Altıtude	m, AOD	20
Accumulated Temperature	day°C	1535
Average Annual Rainfall	mm	848
Field Capacity Days	days	176
Moisture Deficit, Wheat	mm	107
Moisture Deficit, Potatoes	mm	101

Table 2 Climatic and altitude data

- The main parameters used in the assessment of an overall climatic limitation are average annual rainfall (AAR) as a measure of overall wetness and accumulated temperature (ATO January to June) as a measure of the relative warmth of a locality
- The combination of rainfall and temperature at this site mean that there is no overall climatic limitation. Local climatic factors such as exposure and frost risk are not believed to significantly affect this area. The site is climatically Grade 1

Site

The site lies at altitudes in the range 20 35m AOD sloping west to east. Nowhere on the site does gradient or microrelief affect agricultural land quality

Geology and soils

- The published geological information for the site (BGS 1973) shows the surveyed area to be mapped as a solid deposit of Bracklesham Beds composed of glauconitic sand and clay
- The most detailed published soils information for the site (SSEW 1983 and 1984) has mapped the site as the Wickham 3 association. These are described as Slowly permeable seasonally waterlogged fine loamy over clayey and coarse loamy over clayey soils and similar more permeable soils with slight waterlogging. Landslips and associated surface irregularities on slopes (SSEW 1984).

AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION

- The details of the classification of the site are shown on the attached ALC map and the area statistics of each grade are given in Table 1
- The location of the auger borings and pits is shown on the attached sample location map and details of the soils data are presented in Appendix II

Grade 2

- 19 Very good quality agricultural land has been mapped as a single mapping unit to the south east of the site. The restriction is a minor soil wetness and droughtiness limitation
- Soils in this area are of a single type. They are characterised by the pit observation 1P. The topsoils commonly comprise a very slightly stony (up to 5% total flints) non-calcareous medium sandy loam passing to a very slightly stony to slightly stony (up to 15% total flints) gleyed fine sandy loam or gleyed medium clay loam upper subsoil horizon exhibiting moderate structural characteristics. The lower subsoil comprises slightly stony to moderately stony (up to 35% total flints) gleyed fine sandy loam or gleyed medium clay loam texture over a lower very slightly stony (up to 5% total flints) gleyed heavy clay loam or gleyed clay exhibiting poor structural conditions characteristic of a slowly permeable layer (from 80+ cm). Given the local climate, the gleying is an indicator of impeded soil drainage equating to Wetness Class II. Grade 2 is an appropriate classification for land with such drainage characteristics.
- Soil wetness restricts land utilisation by reducing the number of days when the soil is in a suitable condition for cultivation trafficking by machinery or grazing by livestock as well as adversely affecting crop growth and development

Subgrade 3a

Land of Subgrade 3a quality has been mapped as a single mapping unit covering the majority of the site. The principal limitation is soil wetness

Soils in this area are of a single type. As with the Grade 2 soils, they are characterised by the pit observation, 1P. The soil properties associated with the Subgrade 3a mapping unit are similar to the Grade 2 unit, except the slowly permeable layer is found at a shallower depth (from 67+ cm). Consequently, the depth to the impeded drainage determines the severity of the limitation and therefore the ALC grade. In the local climate the combination of soil characteristics particularly the soil water regime and the texture of the top 25 cm is used in the assessment of soil wetness and a Wetness Class III is appropriate in this case, leading to an appropriate Subgrade 3a classification based on a soil wetness limitation.

C Pritchard Resource Planning Team FRCA Reading

SOURCES OF REFERENCE

British Geological Survey (1973) Sheet 315 Southampton Solid and Drift Edition 1 50 000 Scale BGS London

Ministry of Agriculture Fisheries and Food (1988) Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales Revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land MAFF London

Meteorological Office (1989) Climatological Data for Agricultural Land Classification Met Office Bracknell

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1983) Soils of South East England. 1 250 000 Scale SSEW Harpenden

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1984) Soils of South East England Bulletin No 15 SSEW Harpenden

APPENDIX I

DESCRIPTIONS OF THE GRADES AND SUBGRADES

Grade 1 Excellent Quality Agricultural Land

Land with no or very minor limitations to agricultural use. A very wide range of agriculturaland horticultural crops can be grown and commonly includes top fruit soft fruit salad crops and winter harvested vegetables. Yields are high and less variable than on land of lower quality.

Grade 2 Very Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land with minor limitations which affect crop yield cultivations or harvesting. A wide range of agricultural or horticultural crops can usually be grown but on some land of this grade there may be reduced flexibility due to difficulties with the production of the more demanding crops such as winter harvested vegetables and arable root crops. The level of yield is generally high but may be lower or more variable than Grade 1 land.

Grade 3 Good to Moderate Quality Land

Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops the timing and type of cultivation harvesting or the level of yield. When more demanding crops are grown yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2

Subgrade 3a Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of consistently producing moderate to high yields of a narrow range of arable crops especially cereals or moderate yields of a wide range of crops including cereals grass oilseed rape potatoes sugar beet and the less demanding horticultural crops

Subgrade 3b Moderate Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of producing moderate yields of a narrow range of crops principally cereals and grass or lower yields of a wider range of crops or high yields of grass which can be grazed or harvested over most of the year

Grade 4 Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which significantly restrict the range of crops and/or the level of yields. It is mainly suited to grass with occasional arable crops (e.g. cereals and forage crops) the yields of which are variable. In moist climates, yields of grass may be moderate to high but there may be difficulties in utilisation. The grade also includes very droughty arable land.

Grade 5 Very Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which restrict use to permanent pasture or rough grazing except for occasional pioneer forage crops

APPENDIX II

SOIL DATA

Contents

Sample location map

Soil abbreviations - explanatory note

Soil pit descriptions

Soil boring descriptions (boring and horizon levels)

SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTIONS EXPLANATORY NOTE

Soil pit and auger boring information collected during ALC fieldwork is held on a computer database. This uses notations and abbreviations as set out below

Boring Header Information

- 1 GRID REF national 100 km grid square and 8 figure grid reference
- 2 USE Land use at the time of survey The following abbreviations are used

ARA	Arable	WHT	Wheat	BAR	Barley
CER	Cereals	OAT	Oats	MZE	Maize
OSR	Oilseed rape	BEN	Field beans	BRA	Brassicae
POT	Potatoes	SBT	Sugar beet	FCD	Fodder crops
LIN	Linseed	FRT	Soft and top fruit	FLW	Fallow
PGR	Permanent	LEY	Ley grass	RGR	Rough grazing
	pasture				
SCR	Scrub	CFW	Conferous woodland	OTH	Other
DCW	Deciduous	BOG	Bog or marsh	SAS	Set-Aside
	woodland				
HTH	Heathland	HRT	Horticultural crops	PLO	Ploughed

- 3 GRDNT Gradient as estimated or measured by a hand held optical clinometer
- 4 GLEY/SPL Depth in centimetres (cm) to gleying and/or slowly permeable layers
- 5 AP (WHEAT/POTS) Crop adjusted available water capacity
- 6 MB (WHEAT/POTS) Moisture Balance (Crop adjusted AP crop adjusted MD)
- 7 DRT Best grade according to soil droughtiness
- 8 If any of the following factors are considered significant, 'Y' will be entered in the relevant column

MREL	Microrelief limitation	FLOOD	Flood risk	EROSN	Soil erosion risk
EXP	Exposure limitation	FROST	Frost prone	DIST	Disturbed land
CHEM	Chemical limitation				

9 LIMIT The main limitation to land quality The following abbreviations are used

OC	Overall Climate	\mathbf{AE}	Aspect	ST	Topsoil Stoniness
FR	Frost Risk	GR	Gradient	MR	Microrelief
FL	Flood Risk	TX	Topsoil Texture	DP	Soil Depth
CH	Chemical	WE	Wetness	WK	Workability
DR	Drought	ER	Erosion Risk	WD	Soil Wetness/Droughtiness
EX	Exposure				

Soil Pits and Auger Borings

1 **TEXTURE** soil texture classes are denoted by the following abbreviations

S	Sand	LS	Loamy Sand	SL	Sandy Loam
SZL	Sandy Silt Loam	CL	Clay Loam	ZCL	Sılty Clay Loam
ZL	Silt Loam	SCL	Sandy Clay Loam	C	Clay
SC	Sandy Clay	ZC	Silty Clay	OL	Organic Loam
P	Peat	SP	Sandy Peat	LP	Loamy Peat
PL	Peaty Loam	PS	Peaty Sand	MZ	Marine Light Silts

For the sand loamy sand sandy loam and sandy silt loam classes the predominant size of sand fraction will be indicated by the use of the following prefixes

- Fine (more than 66% of the sand less than 0 2mm)
- M Medium (less than 66% fine sand and less than 33% coarse sand)
- C Coarse (more than 33% of the sand larger than 0 6mm)

The clay loam and silty clay loam classes will be sub-divided according to the clay content M Medium (<27% clay) H Heavy (27 35% clay)

- 2 MOTTLE COL Mottle colour using Munsell notation
- 3 MOTTLE ABUN Mottle abundance expressed as a percentage of the matrix or surface described

F few <2% C common 2 20% M many 20-40% VM very many 40% +

- 4 MOTTLE CONT Mottle contrast
 - F faint indistinct mottles evident only on close inspection
 - D distinct mottles are readily seen
 - P prominent mottling is conspicuous and one of the outstanding features of the horizon
- 5 PED COL Ped face colour using Munsell notation
- 6 GLEY If the soil horizon is gleyed a Y will appear in this column. If slightly gleyed, an S will appear
- 7 STONE LITH Stone Lithology one of the following is used

HR	all hard rocks and stones	FSST	soft fine grained sandstone
ZR	soft argillaceous or silty rocks	CH	chalk
MSST	soft medium grained sandstone	GS	gravel with porous (soft) stones
SI	soft weathered	GH	gravel with non porous (hard)
	igneous/metamorphic rock		stones

Stone contents (>2cm, >6cm and total) are given in percentages (by volume)

8 STRUCT the degree of development size and shape of soil peds are described using the following notation

Degree of development	WK ST	weakly developed strongly developed	MD	moderately developed
Ped size	F C	fine coarse	M -	medium
Ped shape	S GR SAB PL	single grain granular sub angular blocky platy	M AB PR	massive angular blocky prismatic

9 CONSIST Soil consistence is described using the following notation

L loose FM firm EH extremely hard
VF very finable VM very firm
FR friable EM extremely firm

- SUBS STR Subsoil structural condition recorded for the purpose of calculating profile droughtiness G good M moderate P poor
- POR Soil porosity If a soil horizon has less than 0.5% biopores >0.5 mm, a Y will appear in this column
- 12 **IMP** If the profile is impenetrable to rooting a Y will appear in this column at the appropriate horizon
- 13 SPL Slowly permeable layer If the soil horizon is slowly permeable a Y will appear in this column
- 14 CALC If the soil horizon is calcareous a Y will appear in this column
- 15 Other notations

APW available water capacity (m mm) adjusted for wheat APP available water capacity (m mm) adjusted for potatoes

MBW moisture balance wheat MBP moisture balance potatoes

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

Site Name NEW FOREST DLP 39 58 59

Pit Number

1P

Grid Reference SU33541470 Average Annual Rainfall

Accumulated Temperature 1535 degree days

Field Capacity Level

Land Use

Slope and Aspect

177 days

849 mm

Permanent Grass

01 degrees SE

HORIZON	TEXTURE	COLOUR	STONES >2	TOT STONE	LITH	MOTTLES	STRUCTURE	CONSIST	SUBSTRUCTURE	CALC
0- 27	MSL	10YR42 00	0	3	HR	С				
27- 43	FSL	10YR52 00	0	10	HR	С	MVCSAB	FR	M	
43- 66	FSL	10YR62 00	0	10	HR	С	MDCSAB	FR	M	
66- 90	С	25Y 63 00	0	5	HR	M	WKVCPR	FM	P	

Wetness Class Wetness Grade 3A III 027 cm Gleying SPL 066 cm

Drought Grade 2 APW 117mm MBW 10 mm MBP APP 113mm 12 mm

FINAL ALC GRADE MAIN LIMITATION Wetness

ASPECT --WETNESS-- -WHEAT- -POTS- M REL EROSN FROST CHEM ALC GRID REF USE GRONT GLEY SPL CLASS GRADE AP MB AP MB DRT FLOOD EXP DIST LIMIT COMMENTS 1P SU33541470 PGR SE 01 027 066 3 3A 117 10 113 12 2 WE 3A AT AB8 01 025 070 3 3A 2 SU33701490 PGR E 130 23 104 3 2 WE 3A 3 SU33801490 PGR E 02 025 065 3 3A 120 13 109 8 2 WE 3A 5- SU33701480 PGR SE 02 025 080 2 2 2 120 13 108 7 2 2 VWET90 WD 6 SU33801480 PGR E 01 025 067 3 3A 110 3 101 0 3A WE 3A 195 FLINTS 8 SU33541470 PGR SE 01 025 060 3 3A 106 -1 104 3 3A WE 3A SEE 1P 0 105 02 028 070 3 3A 107 3A VWET70 9 SU33701470 PGR SE 4 3A WE 02 038 105 2 2 144 37 112 11 1 10 SU33801470 PGR E WE 01 0 082 2 2 125 18 110 12 SU33701460 PGR SE 9 2 WD 2 I105 FLINTS 13 SU33801460 PGR SE 01 048 068 2 2 131 24 105 4 2 2 WD 14 SU33751455 PGR SE 01 050 085 2 2 119 12 104 3 2 WD 2 WT500M

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	25-40	fs1		10YR56 00 C		Υ		0		10			М				V MOIST
	40-67	fsl		10YR56 00 C		γ	0	0	HR	35			М				V WET
	67-95	hcl	25Y 63 00	75YR58 00 M		Y		0		5			Р			Υ	I FLINTS/BORDER CLA
8	0-25	msl	10YR32 00				0	0	HR	2							SL SANDY
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	58-82	mcl		75YR58 00 M		Υ	0	0	HR	20			М				V WET
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		_					_	_		_							
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	25-48	mcl	10YR42 00				0	0		5			M				M NET
	48-68	fsl		10YR58 00 C		Y	0		HR	25			M			v	V WET
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program ALCO11 COMPLETE LIST OF PROFILES 02/05/97 NEW FOREST DLP 39 58 59

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----MOTTLES---- PED ----STONES---- STRUCT/ SUBS SAMPLE DEPTH TEXTURE COLOUR COL ABUN CONT COL GLEY >2 >6 LITH TOT CONSIST STR POR IMP SPL CALC 0-30 ms1 10YR32-00 10YR46-00 C 0 0 HR 5 ROOT MOTTLES
30-50 fs1 10YR42 00 0 0 HR 15 M
50-85 fs1 10YR52 00 10YR58 00 C Y 0 0 HR 35 M WT 50CM
85-100 c 25Y 63 00 75YR58 00 M - - Y 0 0 HR 10 P Y FIRM/DRY