A1 Land at Pitt Manor, Romsey Road, Winchester, Hampshire ALC Map and Report November, 1993

AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION REPORT

LAND AT PITT MANOR, ROMSEY ROAD, WINCHESTER, HAMPSHIRE

Introduction

- 1 1 In October 1993 a detailed Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) was made on 9 2 hectares of land adjacent to Pitt Manor Romsey Road on the south western edge of Winchester in Hampshire
- 1 2 The work was conducted by members of the Resource Planning Team in the Guildford Statutory Group of ADAS in response to a commission by MAFF's Land Use Planning Unit to provide information on the quality of agricultural land affected by an ad hoc planning application
- 1 3 The classification has been made using MAFF's revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land (MAFF 1988). These guidelines provide a framework for classifying land according to the extent to which its physical or chemical characteristics impose long term limitations on its use for agriculture.
- 1 4 The fieldwork was carried out with an observation density of approximately one per hectare A total of eight borings three topsoil stone measurements and one soil pit was examined
- 1 5 All of the agricultural land (7 5 ha) is classified as Subgrade 3a. The key limitation is soil droughtiness related to a shallow soil resource over Chalk. Roots are able to penetrate the soft Chalk in search of additional available moisture down to approximately 70 cm. Despite this depth, a moderate droughtiness limitation exists which restricts the range of crops that can tolerate such conditions
- 1 6 The remainder of the site (1 7 ha) is classified as Non agricultural and comprises a narrow belt of trees around most of the perimeter of the site with some agricultural buildings and areas of mown grass for access
- 1 7 The ALC information is shown on the attached map at a scale of 1 5 000. It is accurate at this level but any enlargement may be misleading. This map supercedes any previous ALC information for this site.
- 1 8 At the time of survey the land use on the site was permanent grass

1 9 A general description of the grades and subgrades is provided in Appendix I The main classes are described in terms of the type of limitation that can occur the typical cropping range and the expected level and consistency of yield

Climate

- 2 1 The climatic criteria are considered first when classifying land as climate can be overriding in the sense that severe limitations will restrict land to low grades irrespective of favourable site or soil conditions
- 2 2 The main parameters used in the assessment of the overall climatic limitation are annual average rainfall as a measure of overall wetness and accumulated temperature as a measure of the relative warmth of a locality
- 2 3 A detailed assessment of the prevailing climate was made by interpolation from a 5 kilometre gridpoint dataset (Met Office 1989) The details are given in the table below and these show that there is no overall climatic limitation affecting the site
- 2 4 No local climatic factors such as exposure or frost risk affect the site

Table 1 Climatic Interpolations

Grid Reference	SU456286
Altıtude (m)	120
Accumulated Temperature (days)	1412
Average Annual Rainfall (mm)	848
Field Capacity (days)	183
Moisture Deficit Wheat (mm)	96
Moisture Deficit, Potatoes (mm)	86
Overall Climatic Grade	1

Relief

3 1 The site occupies gentle south and south west facing slopes which range in altitude from 110 130 metres. A minor dry valley feature runs through the western edge of the site

Geology and Soils

- 4 1 The relevant geological sheet for the site (British Geological Survey 1974) shows the whole of the area to be underlain by Upper Chalk (soft white chalk with many flint nodules)
- 4 2 The published soils information for the site (Soil Survey of England and Wales 1983) shows the general soils type to be of the Andover 1 series. The more detailed ALC survey broadly confirmed the presence of this soil general type which is described as shallow well drained, calcareous silty soils over Chalk on slopes and crests with deep calcareous fine silty soils in valley bottoms

Agricultural Land Classification

5 1 The ALC information is provided on the attached ALC map and the location of the soil observation points is shown on the sample point map

Subgrade 3a

- 5 2 All of the agricultural land on the site has been placed in this grade with soil droughtiness as the single most limiting physical factor. Pit 1 is typical of the soil depths that occur on the site with a total soil resource of approximately 33 cm above Chalk. A medium silty clay loam topsoil overlies a thin subsoil of similar texture. The total topsoil stone content at Pit 1 is approximately 20% flint with just over 15% greater than 2cm in diameter. This creates a topsoil stoniness limitation equivalent to Subgrade 3b but additional adjacent topsoil stone assessments show that the variation in topsoil stone content is generally in the range 10 15% (Subgrade 3a). Stone contents rise to approximately 50% Chalk in the subsoil
- 5 3 The soil resource sits over soft Chalk which is easily rootable. Common roots were observed to approximately 70 cm with none below this depth. As a result, the calculation of available water in the profile has been made down to 70 cm. Within this depth, there is sufficient water for extraction by plant roots to allow the land to be classified as Subgrade 3a, but no higher
- 5 4 This moderate droughtiness limitation acts to restrict the range of crops that can tolerate such conditions particularly the more demanding agricultural and horticultural crops

5 5 The areas mapped as Non agricultural include a young belt of trees around most of the perimeter of the site some small scale agricultural buildings and areas of mown grass that are used for access into and around the site

ADAS Reference 1513/235/93 MAFF Reference EL 15/588

Resource Planning Team Guildford Statutory Group

APPENDIX I

DESCRIPTION OF THE GRADES AND SUBGRADES

Grade 1 Excellent Quality Agricultural Land

Land with no or very minor limitations to agricultural use. A very wide range of agricultural and horticultural crops can be grown and commonly includes top fruit, soft fruit, salad crops and winter harvested vegetables. Yields are high and less variable than on land of lower quality.

Grade 2 Very Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land with minor limitations which affect crop yield cultivations or harvesting. A wide range of agricultural or horticultural crops can usually be grown but on some land of this grade there may be reduced flexibility due to difficulties with the production of the more demanding crops such as winter harvested vegetables and arable root crops. The level of yield is generally high but may be lower or more variable than Grade 1 land.

Grade 3 Good to Moderate Quality Land

Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops the timing and type of cultivation harvesting or the level of yield. When more demanding crops are grown yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2

Subgrade 3a Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of consistently producing moderate to high yields of a narrow range of arable crops especially cereals or moderate yields of a wide range of crops including cereals grass oilseed rape potatoes sugar beet and the less demanding horticultural crops

Subgrade 3b Moderate Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of producing moderate yields of a narrow range of crops principally cereals and grass or lower yields of a wider range of crops or high yields of grass which can be grazed or harvested over most of the year

Grade 4 Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which significantly restrict the range of crops and/or the level of yields. It is mainly suited to grass with occasional arable crops (eg cereals and forage crops) the yields of which are variable. In moist climates yields of grass may be moderate to high but there may be difficulties in utilisation. The grade also includes very droughty arable land.

Grade 5 Very Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which restrict use to permanent pasture or rough grazing except for occasional pioneer forage crops

Urban

Built up or 'hard uses with relatively little potential for a return to agriculture including housing industry commerce education transport religous buildings cemetries. Also hard surfaced sports facilities permanent caravan sites and vacant land all types of derelict land including mineral workings which are only likely to be reclaimed using derelict land grants.

Non agrıcultural

Soft uses where most of the land could be returned relatively easily to agriculture including private parkland, public oopen spaces sports fields allotments and soft surfaced areas on airports. Also active mineral workings and refuse tips where restoration conditions to soft after uses may apply

Woodland

Includes commercial and non commercial woodland A distinction may be made as necessary between farm and non farm woodland

Agricultural Buildings

Includes the normal range of agricultural buildings as well as other relatively permanent structures such as glasshouses Temporary structures (eg polythene tunnels erected for lambing) may be ignored

Open Water

Includes lakes ponds and rivers as map scale permits

Land not Surveyed

Agricultural land which has not been surveyed

Where the land use includes more than one of the above eg buildings in large grounds and where map scale permits the cover types may be shown separately Otherwise the most extensive cover type will be shown

APPENDIX II

REFERENCES

British Geological Survey Sheet Number 299 Winchester 1 50 000 1974

MAFF Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales Revised Guidelines and Criteria for Grading the Quality of Agricultural Land, 1988

Meteorological Office Climatological Data for Agricultural Land Classification 1989

Soil Survey of England and Wales Sheet Number 6 Soils of South East England 1 250 000 1983

Soil Survey of England and Wales Soils and their Use in South East England Bulletin Number 15 1984

APPENDIX III

DEFINITION OF SOIL WETNESS CLASS

Wetness Class I

The soil profile is not wet within 70 cm depth for more than 30 days in most years

Wetness Class II

The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 31 90 days in most years or if there is no slowly permeable layer within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 70 cm for more than 180 days but only wet within 40 cm depth for 31 90 days in most years

Wetness Class III

The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 91 180 days in most years or if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth it is wet within 70 cm for more than 180 days but only wet within 40 cm depth for between 31 90 days in most years

Wetness Class IV

The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for more than 180 days but not wet within 40 cm depth fro more than 210 days in most years or if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth it is wet within 40 cm depth for 91 210 days in most years

Wetness Class V

The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for 211 335 days in most years

Wetness Class VI

The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for more than 335 days in most years

APPENDIX IV

SOIL PIT AND SOIL BORING DESCRIPTIONS

Contents

Sample Point Map

Soil Abbreviations explanatory note

Database Printout - soil pit information

Database Printout - boring level information

Database Printout - horizon level information

SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTIONS EXPLANATORY NOTE

Soil pit and auger boring information collected during ALC fieldwork is held on a database. This has commonly used notations and abbreviations as set out below

Boring Header Information

- 1 GRID REF national gnd square and 8 figure gnd reference
- 2 USE Land use at the time of survey The following abbreviations are used

ARA	Arable	WHT	Wheat	BAR	Barley
CER	Cereals	OAT	Oats	MZE	Maize
OSR	Oilseed rape	BEN	Field Beans	BRA	Brassicae
POT	Potatoes	SBT	Sugar Beet	FCD	Fodder Crops
LIN	Linseed	FRT	Soft and Top Fruit	FLW	Fallow
PGR	Permanent Pastu	re LEY	Ley Grass	RGR	Rough Grazing
SCR	Scrub	CFW	Coniferous Woodland	DCW	Deciduous Wood
HTH	Heathland	BOG	Bog or Marsh	FLW	Fallow
PLO	Ploughed	SAS	Set aside	ОТН	Other
HRT	Horticultural Cro	ps			

- HRI Horticultural Crops
- 3 GRDNT Gradient as measured by a hand held optical clinometer
- 4 GLEY/SPL Depth in cm to gleying or slowly permeable layers
- 5 AP (WHEAT/POTS) Crop adjusted available water capacity
- 6 MB (WHEAT/POTS) Moisture Balance
- 7 DRT Best grade according to soil droughtiness
- 8 If any of the following factors are considered significant an entry of Y' will be entered in the relevant column

MREL Microrelief limitation	FLOOD	Flood risk	EROSN	Soil erosion risk
EXP Exposure limitation	FROST	Frost	DIST I	Disturbed land
CHEM Chemical limitation				

9 LIMIT The main limitation to land quality The following abbreviations are used

OC Overall Climate AE Aspect EX Exposure
FR Frost Risk GR Gradient MR Microrelief
FL Flood Risk TX Topsoil Texture DP Soil Depth
CH Chemical WE Wetness WK Workability

DR Drought ER Erosion Risk WD Soil Wetness/Droughtiness

ST Topsoil Stoniness

Soil Pits and Auger Borings

1 TEXTURE soil texture classes are denoted by the following abbreviations

S Sand LS Loamy Sand SL Sandy Loam

SZL Sandy Silt Loam CL Clay Loam

ZCL Silty Clay Loam SCL Sandy Clay Loam

C Clay SC Sandy Clay ZC Silty Clay OL Organic Loam P Peat SP Sandy Peat LP Loamy Peat PL Peaty Loam PS Peaty Sand

MZ Marine Light Silts

For the sand loamy sand sandy loam and sandy silt loam classes the predominant size of sand fraction will be indicated by the use of prefixes

F Fine (more than 66% of the sand less than 0 2mm)

M Medium (less than 66% fine sand and less than 33% coarse sand)

C Coarse (more than 33% of the sand larger than 0 6mm)

The clay loam and silty clay loam classes will be sub divided according to the clay content M Medium (<27% clay) H Heavy (27 35% clay)

- 2 MOTTLE COL Mottle colour
- 3 MOTTLE ABUN Mottle abundance expressed as a percentage of the matrix or surface described

F few <2% C common 2 20% M many 20 40 VM very many 40%

- 4 MOTTLE CONT Mottle contrast
 - F faint indistinct mottles evident only on close inspection
 - D distinct mottles are readily seen
 - P prominent mottling is conspicuous and one of the outstanding features of the horizon

- 5 PED COL Ped face colour
- 6 STONE LITH One of the following is used

HR all hard rocks and stones

CH chalk

FSST soft oolitic or dolimitic limestone

FSST soft fine grained sandstone

GH gravel with non porous (hard) stones

MSST soft medium grained sandstone

GH gravel with non porous (hard) stones

SI soft weathered igneous/metamorphic rock

Stone contents (>2cm >6cm and total) are given in percentages (by volume)

7 STRUCT the degree of development size and shape of soil peds are described using the following notation

degree of development WK weakly developed MD moderately developed ST strongly developed ped size F fine M medium C coarse VC very coarse ped shape S single grain M massive GR granular AB angular blocky SAB sub angular blocky PR prismatic PL platy

8 CONSIST Soil consistence is described using the following notation

L loose VF very friable FR friable FM firm VM very firm EM extremely firm EH extremely hard

- 9 SUBS STR Subsoil structural condition recorded for the purpose of calculating profile droughtiness G good M moderate P poor
- 10 POR Soil porosity If a soil horizon has less than 0 5% biopores >0 5 mm a Y' will appear in this column
- 11 IMP If the profile is impenetrable a Y' will appear in this column at the appropriate horizon
- 12 SPL Slowly permeable layer If the soil horizon is slowly permeable a Y' will appear in this column
- 13 CALC If the soil horizon is calcareous a Y will appear in this column
- 14 Other notations

APW available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for wheat
APP available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for potatoes
MBW moisture balance wheat
MBP moisture balance potatoes

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

S te Name PITT MANOR WINCHESTER P t N mber 1P

G d Ref rence SU46602870 A e age Ann al Rai f ll 848 mm

Accumulated Tempe at re 1412 degree days

Field Capacity Level 183 days
Land Use Permane t G

Slope and A pect 02 degrees SW

HORIZON TEXTURE COLOUR STONES 2 TOT STONE MOTTLES STRUCTURE 0 25 10YR43 00 MZCL 16 20 25- 33 10YR54 00 50 MZCL 0 33 70 СН 10YR81 00 0 0

Wetne Gr de 2 Wetness Class I

Gleying 000 cm

SPL No SPL

Drought Grade 3A APW 080mm MBW 16 mm

APP 086mm MBP 0 mm

FINAL ALC GRADE 3B

MAIN LIMITATION Topso 1 Stoniness

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7	SU46702850	PGR			000		1	2	051	45	051	35	3B					DR	3B	
9	SU46602840	PGR	SW	02	000		1	2	059	37	059	27	3B					DR	ЗА	IMPX3
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