

**A1**  
**Hampshire Structure Plan Review**  
**Land to the west of Waterlooville**  
**Agricultural Land Classification**  
**Reconnaissance Survey**  
**ALC Map and Report**  
**January 1995**

# AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION REPORT

## HAMPSHIRE STRUCTURE PLAN REVIEW LAND TO THE WEST OF WATERLOOVILLE RECONNAISSANCE SURVEY

### 1. Summary

- 1.1 ADAS was commissioned by MAFF's Land Use Planning Unit to provide information on land quality for a number of 'areas of search' in connection with MAFF's input to the Hampshire Structure Plan Review.
- 1.2 An 'area of search' to the west of Waterlooville comprises approximately 475 hectares of land bounded to the east by the urban areas of Waterlooville and Purbrook, to the north by Closewood Road and to the west largely by Sheepwash Lane and Newlands Lane. An Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) survey was carried out during December 1994 and January 1995. The survey was completed at a reconnaissance level of detail, on a 'free' survey basis, as it was undertaken primarily to update the 1:63,360 scale provisional ALC maps for the area of search. Consequently, the results are designed for strategic planning purposes only. For site specific proposals more detailed surveys may be required. A total of 28 borings and one soil inspection pit were assessed in accordance with MAFF's revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land (MAFF, 1988). These guidelines provide a framework for classifying land according to the extent to which its physical or chemical characteristics impose long-term limitations on its use for agriculture. Information was also drawn from a detailed survey carried out within the area of search in connection with the Winchester District Local Plan (ADAS Reference 1513/112/94).
- 1.3 The work was carried out by members of the Resource Planning Team in the Guildford Statutory Group of ADAS.
- 1.4 At the time of the survey most of the agricultural land was under permanent grass with areas of winter cereal and cereal stubble in the south of the site. Urban areas include residential dwellings, farm buildings and metalled roads. Areas of woodland, coppice, allotment gardens and a recreational area are shown as non-agricultural.
- 1.5 The distribution of grades and subgrades is shown on the attached ALC map and the areas are given in Table 1 overleaf. The map has been drawn at a scale of 1:50,000. It is accurate at this scale, but any enlargement would be misleading.
- 1.6 Appendix I gives a general description of the grades, subgrades and land use categories identified in the survey. The main classes are described in terms of the type of limitation that can occur, the typical cropping range and the expected level and consistency of yield.

**Table 1 : Distribution of Grades and Subgrades**

<b>Grade</b>	<b>Area (ha)</b>	<b>% of Site</b>	<b>% of Agricultural Land</b>
2	44.3	9.3	11.2
3a	51.8	10.9	13.1
3b	294.1	61.9	74.4
4	5.0	1.1	<u>1.3</u>
Urban	43.2	9.1	100.0 (395.2 ha)
Non-Agricultural	<u>36.6</u>	<u>7.7</u>	
Total area of Site	475.0	100.0	

- 1.7 Three-quarters of the agricultural land surveyed in this area of search has been classified as moderate quality (Subgrade 3b). In the vicinity of Closewood House the land is restricted by significant soil droughtiness limitations, in association with underlying river and valley gravel deposits. A small area at Cooper Hill can be classified as no better than Subgrade 3b because of slope restrictions. Gradients of 7.5-8.5° act to impose restrictions on the range and efficiency of agricultural machinery that may be safely used. However, most of the land classified as moderate quality is restricted by significant soil wetness and workability limitations. These arise from the presence of slowly permeable clay subsoils either directly below the topsoil or at shallow depths within the soil profile. Such subsoils act to cause poor soil drainage characteristics which interact with the prevailing local climate to impose significant restraints on the flexibility of cropping, stocking and cultivations.
- 1.8 In the south of the site these clay subsoils tend to occur deeper within the soil profile. Consequently soil wetness restrictions are not as significant; this land is thus classified as good quality (Subgrade 3a). The higher land in the south of the site has been classified as good quality (Subgrade 3a) or very good quality (Grade 2). These soils are well drained and sandy textured; depending upon the depth to sand lower subsoils, profile available water is restricted such that the land is affected by either moderate or slight soil droughtiness limitations. Small areas of land have been classified as poor quality (Grade 4). This land is subject to high groundwater and seepage, as indicated by the predominance of hydrophilic vegetation. This land is likely to be permanently waterlogged for much of the year, restricting agricultural use to seasonal grazing, because of severe soil wetness problems.
- 2. Climate**
- 2.1 The climatic criteria are considered first when classifying land as climate can be overriding in the sense that severe limitations will restrict land to low grades irrespective of favourable site or soil conditions.
- 2.2 The main parameters used in the assessment of an overall climatic limitation are average annual rainfall, as a measure of overall wetness, and accumulated temperature, as a measure of the relative warmth of a locality.

- 2.3 A detailed assessment of the prevailing climate was made by interpolation from a 5km gridpoint dataset (Met. Office, 1989). The details are given in Table 2 and these show that there is no overall climatic limitation affecting the site. However, climatic factors do interact with soil properties to influence soil wetness and droughtiness limitations. The field capacity days are relatively high at this locality (in a regional context) arising from the proximity to the south coast. High field capacity days increase the likelihood of soil wetness limitations.

**Table 2 : Climatic Interpolations**

Grid Reference	SU 669 106	SU 667 090	SU 651 075
Altitude (m)	40	50	30
Accumulated Temperature (degree days, Jan-June)	1506	1496	1519
Average Annual Rainfall (mm)	819	811	792
Field Capacity (days)	176	171	164
Moisture Deficit, Wheat (mm)	108	107	111
Moisture Deficit, Potatoes (mm)	101	101	105
Overall Climatic Grade	1	1	1

- 2.4 No local climatic factors such as exposure or frost risk are believed to affect the site.

### 3. Relief

- 3.1 Most of the land within the 'area of search' is relatively flat and lies at approximately 30 to 40 m AOD. The land rises gently through gradients of 1-4° to the highest land on the site. This land, which occurs to the north of Southwick House and to the south-east of Plant Farm, lies at approximately 55 to 60 m AOD. A small area at Cooper Hill can be classified as no better than moderate quality (Subgrade 3b) because of significant slope restrictions. Such restrictions are caused by gradients within the range of 7.5-8.5°. All gradients were measured using an optical reading clinometer.

### 4. Geology and Soil

- 4.1 The published geological information (BGS, 1971) shows the flatter, lower lying land on the site to be underlain by London Clay, with drift deposits of alluvium mapped along the valley bottom south of Purbrook Heath. In the north of the site, drift deposits of river and valley gravel are mapped in the vicinity of the current watercourses. The higher land on the site is generally shown to be underlain by Bagshot Sands, with an area west of Southwick House shown as Bracklesham Beds.
- 4.2 The published Soil Survey map (SSEW, 1983) shows three soil types across this site. Most of the flatter, lower lying land is mapped as the Windsor Association. These soils are described as 'slowly permeable seasonally waterlogged clayey soils mostly with brown subsoils. Some fine loamy over clayey and fine silty over clayey soils and, locally on slopes, clayey soils with only slight seasonal

waterlogging' (SSEW, 1983). The higher land on the site is mapped as soils of the Bursledon Association, described as 'deep fine loamy soils with slowly permeable subsoils and slight seasonal waterlogging associated with deep coarse loamy soils variably affected by groundwater' (SSEW, 1983). In the north of the site, to the north-east of Closewood Farm, a relatively small area of Wickham 3 Association soils are mapped. These soils are described as 'slowly permeable seasonally waterlogged fine loamy over clayey and coarse loamy over clayey soils, and similar more permeable soils with slight waterlogging' (SSEW, 1983).

- 4.3 Detailed field examination found three broad soil types. The majority of the site comprises poorly drained heavy textured soils which on the gently sloping land, south of Newlands Farm and Plant Farm, tend to be slightly more permeable. The second is that of well drained sandy textured soils, typically derived from the Bagshot Sands. The third soil type, which is relatively limited in areal extent, comprises much stonier profiles associated with the river and valley gravel drift deposits.

## **5. Agricultural Land Classification**

- 5.1 Table 1 provides the details of the area measurements for each grade and the distribution of each grade is shown on the attached ALC map.
- 5.2 The location of the soil observation points are shown on the attached sample point map.

### **Grade 2**

- 5.3 Land of very good agricultural quality occurs on the higher-lying land on the site and is associated with soils developed in the Bagshot Sands and Bracklesham Beds. Topsoils typically comprise non-calcareous medium sandy loams and occasionally medium clay loams. These overlie variably textured upper subsoils, typically medium sandy loams, sandy clay loams or medium clay loams. These tend to pass into clay lower subsoils, at approximately 70-100 cm depth, which are poorly structured and gleyed. However, due to the depth at which this clay occurs such profiles are still considered to be well drained (Wetness Class I). Occasional profiles are sandy textured throughout. Such profiles comprise either deep medium sandy loams or pass into well structured loamy sands and sands at depth. All of these profiles are very slightly stony, containing 0-5% total flints by volume. The interaction between these soil textures, profile stone contents and subsoil structures with the prevailing local climate means that the amount of soil water for extraction by crop roots is slightly restricted. This may result in lowered crop yields because of a minor risk of drought stress.

### **Subgrade 3a**

- 5.4 The highest parts of this site, which are associated with the Bagshot Beds, have been classified as good quality because of a moderate soil droughtiness limitation. This land typically comprises sandy textured soils. Medium sandy loam topsoils overlie loamy medium sand upper subsoils which pass into medium sand lower

subsoils at approximately 70-80 cm depth. These profiles are well drained (Wetness Class I) and are very slightly stony throughout, containing 0-5% total flints by volume. From Pit 1, which represents such profiles, it could be seen that the loamy sand and sand subsoils are well structured. This acts to partially offset the sandy textures such that given the prevailing local climate there is only a moderate restriction in the amount of profile available water. This may result in lowered level and consistency of crop yields because of a moderate risk of drought stress.

- 5.5 Elsewhere, land of good quality is restricted by soil wetness limitations, arising from heavier textured soils. This land, which occurs on the mid-slopes of the site, is the result of a transition zone between the freely draining Bagshot Sands (on the higher land) and the poorly draining London Clay (on the lower land). These profiles are generally very slightly stony, containing 0-5% total flints by volume, though slightly stonier profiles also prevail. Topsoils comprise non-calcareous medium clay loams and, occasionally, medium silty clay loams. These overlie upper subsoils of varying texture, typically medium or heavy clay loams or sandy clay loams. These subsoils are permeable and are moderately structured. At approximately 55-60 cm depth these pass into poorly structured clay lower subsoils. The clay lower subsoils are slowly permeable and act to cause imperfect soil drainage conditions (Wetness Class III). This drainage impedance is indicated by gleying from the surface or at shallow depths within the soil profile. The interaction between the relatively light topsoil textures and the soil drainage status means that this land is subject to moderate restrictions on the flexibility of cropping, stocking and cultivations.

### **Subgrade 3b**

- 5.6 The majority of land classified as moderate quality is restricted by significant soil wetness and workability limitations. Land of this quality is associated with the underlying London Clay. Topsoils comprise non-calcareous medium clay loams, and to a lesser extent heavy clay loams. These overlie similarly textured or clay upper subsoils and clay lower subsoils. Where the upper subsoils are of loamy texture they are moderately structured, permeable and extend to about 45 cm depth. The clay subsoils are poorly structured. Their slowly permeable characteristics result in poor drainage conditions, such that Wetness Class IV is appropriate. The detailed survey, carried out during July 1994, classified land within the vicinity of Old Park Farm as moderate quality (see Appendix III for details of soil observations). Non-calcareous medium and heavy silty clay loams were found to overlie heavy clay loam and heavy silty clay loam upper subsoils and clay lower subsoils. Pit 1, from the detailed survey of 1994, proved all of the subsoils to be slowly permeable, and thus these profiles are also assigned to Wetness Class IV. The interaction between the topsoil textures and poor soil drainage conditions with the prevailing local climate (which is relatively wet in a regional context) acts to impose significant restrictions on the flexibility of cultivations, cropping and stocking. Soil wetness will also adversely affect crop growth and development.

- 5.7 Land associated with the river and valley gravel drift deposits has also been classified as moderate quality. Topsoils typically comprise medium silty clay loams and medium clay loams. Topsoils are slightly to moderately stony, containing 2-9% flints >2cm and 15-20% total flints by volume. These overlie similarly textured or slightly heavier (heavy clay loam and heavy silty clay loam) upper subsoils. These upper subsoils are moderately stony, containing approximately 25-35% total flints by volume, and tend to be gleyed within 40 cm depth. Consequently, such profiles are assigned to Wetness Class II because of fluctuating groundwater levels. Due to underlying gravelly deposits such profiles proved impenetrable to a soil auger between 40-55 cm during the 1995 reconnaissance survey. However Pit 2, from the detailed survey of 1994, shows the lower subsoils (present from approximately 55 cm) to comprise very stony (approximately 50% total flints by volume) clay. In comparison to soil, flints retain less water available for uptake by crop roots. Consequently, the interaction between the soil textures, profile stone contents and subsoil structures with the prevailing local climate results in a significant reduction in the profile available water. This makes the soils particularly prone to drought stress and will reduce the yield potential of crops grown on this land.

#### **Grade 4**

- 5.8 Land classified as poor quality is restricted by severe soil wetness and workability limitations. The predominance of hydrophilic vegetation, such as rushes and sedges, across this land is indicative of long periods of waterlogging caused by the seepage of groundwater at the junction of two geological deposits. Given the extreme saturation of the land for much of the year such profiles are assigned to Wetness Class V. Such land is unlikely to benefit significantly from artificial drainage. As such it will present severe difficulties in terms of cropping and cultivations and will be best suited to seasonal grazing.

ADAS Reference: 1513/246/94  
MAFF Reference: EL15/518

Resource Planning Team  
Guildford Statutory Group  
ADAS Reading

## **SOURCES OF REFERENCE**

British Geological Survey (1971), Sheet No. 316, Fareham, 1:63,360 (drift edition).

MAFF (1988), Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales : Revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land.

Meteorological Office (1989), Climatological Data for Agricultural Land Classification.

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1983), Sheet 6, Soils of South East England, 1:250,000 and accompanying legend.



# APPENDIX I

## DESCRIPTION OF THE GRADES AND SUBGRADES

### **Grade 1 : Excellent Quality Agricultural Land**

Land with no or very minor limitations to agricultural use. A very wide range of agricultural and horticultural crops can be grown and commonly includes top fruit, soft fruit, salad crops and winter harvested vegetables. Yields are high and less variable than on land of lower quality.

### **Grade 2 : Very Good Quality Agricultural Land**

Land with minor limitations which affect crop yield, cultivations or harvesting. A wide range of agricultural or horticultural crops can usually be grown but on some land of this grade there may be reduced flexibility due to difficulties with the production of the more demanding crops such as winter harvested vegetables and arable root crops. The level of yield is generally high but may be lower or more variable than Grade 1 land.

### **Grade 3 : Good to Moderate Quality Land**

Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops, the timing and type of cultivation, harvesting or the level of yield. When more demanding crops are grown, yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2.

#### **Subgrade 3a : Good Quality Agricultural Land**

Land capable of consistently producing moderate to high yields of a narrow range of arable crops, especially cereals, or moderate yields of a wide range of crops including cereals, grass, oilseed rape, potatoes, sugar beet and the less demanding horticultural crops.

#### **Subgrade 3b : Moderate Quality Agricultural Land**

Land capable of producing moderate yields of a narrow range of crops, principally cereals and grass, or lower yields of a wider range of crops or high yields of grass which can be grazed or harvested over most of the year.

### **Grade 4 : Poor Quality Agricultural Land**

Land with severe limitations which significantly restrict the range of crops and/or the level of yields. It is mainly suited to grass with occasional arable crops (eg. cereals and forage crops) the yields of which are variable. In moist climates, yields of grass may be moderate to high but there may be difficulties in utilisation. The grade also includes very droughty arable land.

### **Grade 5 : Very Poor Quality Agricultural Land**

Land with severe limitations which restrict use to permanent pasture or rough grazing, except for occasional pioneer forage crops.

## **Urban**

Built-up or 'hard' uses with relatively little potential for a return to agriculture including: housing, industry, commerce, education, transport, religious buildings, cemeteries. Also, hard-surfaced sports facilities, permanent caravan sites and vacant land; all types of derelict land, including mineral workings which are only likely to be reclaimed using derelict land grants.

## **Non-agricultural**

'Soft' uses where most of the land could be returned relatively easily to agriculture, including: private parkland, public open spaces, sports fields, allotments and soft-surfaced areas on airports. Also active mineral workings and refuse tips where restoration conditions to 'soft' after-uses may apply.

## **Woodland**

Includes commercial and non-commercial woodland. A distinction may be made as necessary between farm and non-farm woodland.

## **Agricultural Buildings**

Includes the normal range of agricultural buildings as well as other relatively permanent structures such as glasshouses. Temporary structures (eg. polythene tunnels erected for lambing) may be ignored.

## **Open Water**

*Includes lakes, ponds and rivers as map scale permits.*

## **Land Not Surveyed**

Agricultural land which has not been surveyed.

Where the land use includes more than one of the above, eg. buildings in large grounds, and where map scale permits, the cover types may be shown separately. Otherwise, the most extensive cover type will be shown.

## APPENDIX II

### FIELD ASSESSMENT OF SOIL WETNESS CLASS

#### SOIL WETNESS CLASSIFICATION

Soil wetness is classified according to the depth and duration of waterlogging in the soil profile. Six soil wetness classes are identified and are defined in the table below.

#### Definition of Soil Wetness Classes

Wetness Class	Duration of Waterlogging <sup>1</sup>
I	The soil profile is not wet within 70 cm depth for more than 30 days in most years. <sup>2</sup>
II	The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 31-90 days in most years or, if there is no slowly permeable layer within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 70 cm for more than 90 days, but only wet within 40 cm depth for 30 days in most years.
III	The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 91-180 days in most years or, if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 70 cm for more than 180 days, but only wet within 40 cm depth for between 31-90 days in most years.
IV	The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for more than 180 days but not wet within 40 cm depth for more than 210 days in most years or, if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 40 cm depth for 91-210 days in most years.
V	The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for 211-335 days in most years.
VI	The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for more than 335 days in most years.

Soils can be allocated to a wetness class on the basis of quantitative data recorded over a period of many years or by the interpretation of soil profile characteristics, site and climatic factors. Adequate quantitative data will rarely be available for ALC surveys and therefore the interpretative method of field assessment is used to identify soil wetness class in the field. The method adopted here is common to ADAS and the SSLRC.

<sup>1</sup>The number of days specified is not necessarily a continuous period.

<sup>2</sup>'In most years' is defined as more than 10 out of 20 years.

## **APPENDIX III**

### **SOIL PIT AND SOIL BORING DESCRIPTIONS**

#### **Contents :**

**Soil Abbreviations - Explanatory Note**

**Soil Pit Descriptions**

**Database Printout - Boring Level Information**

**Database Printout - Horizon Level Information**

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

Site Name : HANTS SP,WATERLOOVILLE Pit Number : 1P

Grid Reference: SU65150703 Average Annual Rainfall : 811 mm  
 Accumulated Temperature : 1496 degree days  
 Field Capacity Level : 171 days  
 Land Use : Permanent Grass  
 Slope and Aspect : 03 degrees SW

HORIZON	TEXTURE	COLOUR	STONES >2	TOT.STONE	LITH	MOTTLES	STRUCTURE	CONSIST	SUBSTRUCTURE	CALC
0- 30	MSL	10YR43 00	0	3	HR					
30- 40	LMS	10YR44 56	0	0			MDCSAB	FR	G	
40- 62	LMS	10YR44 56	0	0			MVCSAB	FR	G	
62-120	MS	25Y 63 00	0	0			MDCSAB	FR	G	

Wetness Grade : 1 Wetness Class : I  
 Gleying : cm  
 SPL : No SPL

Drought Grade : 3A APW : 101mm MBW : -6 mm  
 APP : 085mm MBP : -16 mm

FINAL ALC GRADE : 3A  
 MAIN LIMITATION : Droughtiness

SAMPLE NO.	GRID REF	ASPECT USE	--WETNESS--		-WHEAT-		-POTS-		M.REL		EROSN	FROST	CHEM	ALC	COMMENTS	
			GRDNT	GLEYSPL	CLASS	GRADE	AP	MB	AP	MB	DRT	FLOOD	EXP	DIST		LIMIT
1	SU65501010	PGR W	02	0	2	2	076	-31	078	-23	3B			DR 3B	Imp 55 flints	
1P	SU65150703	PGR SW	03		1	1	101	-6	085	-16	3A			DR 3A	Sandy	
2	SU65981017	PGR			1	1	053	-54	053	-48	4			DR 3B	Imp 40 flints	
3	SU66700955	PGR		0 025	4	3B		0		0				WE 3B	Sp1 25	
4	SU67520952	CER		025 025	4	3B		0		0				WE 3B	Sp1 25	
5	SU67020930	CER N	02	029 029	4	3B		0		0				WE 3B	Sp1 29	
6	SU66600907	PGR N	02	0 040	4	3B		0		0				WE 3B	Few rushes	
7	SU66850900	PGR		025 044	4	3B		0		0				WE 3B	Sp1 44	
8	SU67350892	CER		030 055	3	3A		0		0				WE 3A	Sp1 55	
9	SU67650897	PLO N	01	038 038	4	3B		0		0				WE 3B	Sp1 38	
10	SU67350880	CER		035 055	3	3A		0		0				WE 3A	Sp1 55	
11	SU66920870	CER		028 038	4	3B		0		0				WE 3B	Sp1 28	
12	SU67320870	CER NW	02	100 100	1	1	143	36	109	8	2			DR 2	Sandy	
13	SU66800955	STB W	02	075 075	2	1	137	30	111	10	2				1	Just 1 dr
14	SU66320857	STB W	02		1	1	124	17	110	9	2			DR 2	Sandy	
15	SU66650850	STB E	01	0 055	3	3A		0		0				WE 3A	Sp1 55	
16	SU67020840	STB W	01		1	1	137	30	087	-14	3A			DR 3A	S1 gley 70	
17	SU66100830	STB S	02	0 060	3	3A		0		0				WE 3A	Sp1 60	
18	SU66850807	STB SW	01		1	1	117	10	099	-2	2			DR 2	Sandy	
19	SU66250807	PGR SW	03	080	1	1	150	43	111	10	1				1	Just 1 dr
20	SU66020784	PGR SE	03		1	1	101	-6	083	-18	3A			DR 3A	Sandy	
21	SU66140788	PGR S	02	0	4	3B		0		0				WE 3B	Seepage	
22	SU66220787	LEY S	02	045 070	2	2		0		0				WE 2	Sp1 70	
23	SU66820775	PGR		0 030	4	3B		0		0				WE 3B	Waterlogged	
24	SU66780750	STB N	04		1	1	103	-4	088	-13	3A			DR 3A	Sandy	
25	SU66970748	CER			1	1	133	26	107	6	2			DR 2	Sandy	
26	SU66250705	PGR NN	01	030 040	4	3B		0		0				WE 3B	Sp1 40	
27	SU66520733	CER SW	02	030	2	2	079	-28	085	-16	3B			DR 3A	Imp60 Q 3a dr	
28	SU66700730	CER N	02		1	1	153	46	115	14	1				1	S1 gleyed 70

SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	----MOTTLES-----			PED COL.	----STONES----			STRUCT/ CONSIST	SUBS				
				COL	ABUN	CONT		GLEY	>2	>6		LITH	TOT	STR	POR	IMP
1	0-25	mc1	10YR52 00 75YR46 00 C					Y	2	0	HR	5				
	25-45	hzc1	10YR53 00 10YR58 00 M					Y	0	0	HR	25		M		
	45-55	c	10YR53 00 75YR56 00 M					Y	0	0	HR	35		M		
1P	0-30	ms1	10YR43 00						0	0	HR	3				
	30-40	1ms	10YR44 56						0	0		0	MDCSAB	FR	G	
	40-62	1ms	10YR44 56						0	0		0	MVCSAB	FR	G	
	62-120	ms	25Y 63 00						0	0		0	MDCSAB	FR	G	
2	0-25	mc1	10YR43 00						9	0	HR	20				
	25-40	mc1	10YR53 00						0	0	HR	35		M		
3	0-25	hc1	10YR51 00 75YR58 00 M					Y	0	0		0				
	25-60	c	25Y 52 00 75YR56 00 M				00MN00	00	Y	0	0		0		P	Y
4	0-25	mc1	10YR42 00 10YR58 00 F						1	0	HR	2				
	25-60	c	10YR62 00 75YR58 00 M					Y	0	0	HR	1		P	Y	
5	0-29	mc1	10YR42 00						0	0		0				
	29-70	c	10YR62 00 75YR58 00 M					Y	0	0		0		P	Y	
6	0-28	mc1	10YR53 00 10YR56 00 C					Y	0	0		0				
	28-40	hc1	10YR53 00 10YR56 00 C					Y	0	0		0		M		
	40-70	c	10YR51 00 75YR68 00 M					Y	0	0		0		P	Y	
7	0-25	mc1	10YR43 53						0	0	HR	1				
	25-44	mc1	10YR53 00 10YR56 00 M					Y	0	0		0		M		
	44-70	c	10YR53 00 10YR68 61 M					Y	0	0		0		P	Y	
8	0-30	mc1	10YR42 00						2	0	HR	5				
	30-55	hc1	10YR53 00 10YR68 00 C					Y	0	0	HR	5		M		
	55-80	c	10YR63 00 75YR46 52 M					Y	0	0	HR	2		P	Y	
9	0-30	mc1	10YR42 00						1	0	HR	2				
	30-38	mc1	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	1		M		
	38-60	c	10YR72 00 10YR58 52 M					Y	0	0	HR	1		P	Y	
10	0-20	mzc1	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	2				
	20-35	hc1	10YR42 00 10YR56 52 F						0	0	HR	2		M		
	35-55	hc1	10YR63 00 10YR58 52 C				00MN00	00	Y	0	0	HR	2		M	
	55-80	c	10YR63 00 75YR46 00 M				00MN00	00	Y	0	0		0		P	Y
11	0-28	mc1	10YR43 00 75YR46 00 F						0	0		0				
	28-38	mc1	10YR53 63 10YR58 00 C					Y	0	0		0		M		
	38-70	c	10YR62 00 75YR68 00 M					Y	0	0		0		P	Y	
12	0-28	ms1	10YR42 00						1	0	HR	2				
	28-38	ms1	10YR53 00						0	0	HR	2		M		
	38-100	sc1	10YR58 00						0	0		0		M		
	100-120	c	10YR71 00 75YR46 00 C					Y	0	0		0		P	Y	

See 2P 1513/112/94

See 2P 1513/112/94

SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	----MOTTLES-----			PED COL.	----STONES-----			STRUCT/ CONSIST	SUBS			CALC
				COL	ABUN	CONT		GLE	>2	>6		LITH	TOT	STR	
13	0-30	msl	10YR43 00					0	0	HR	1				
	30-55	msl	10YR43 00					0	0	HR	2	M			
	55-75	mc1	10YR43 00					0	0	HR	1	M			
	75-120	c	10YR53 00	10YR56 00	M			Y	0	0		0	P		Y
14	0-30	msl	10YR43 00					0	0	HR	2				
	30-65	msl	10YR43 00					0	0	HR	1	M			
	65-90	msl	10YR54 43					0	0		0	M			
	90-120	msl	10YR54 00					0	0		0	M			
15	0-35	mc1	10YR42 00	75YR46 00	C			Y	0	0	HR	2			
	35-55	sc1	10YR62 00	75YR46 52	M			Y	0	0	HR	2	M		
	55-80	c	10YR72 00	75YR46 52	M			Y	0	0	HR	2	P		Y
16	0-28	msl	10YR43 00					0	0	HR	2				
	28-70	lms	10YR54 00	10YR68 00	F			0	0		0	G			
	70-120	msl	10YR54 00	10YR68 00	C			S	0	0		0	M		S1. gleyed
17	0-30	mc1	10YR42 00	75YR46 52	C			Y	2	0	HR	5			
	30-60	mc1	10YR42 00	75YR46 52	C			Y	0	0	HR	10	M		
	60-80	c	10YR63 00	10YR46 52	C			Y	0	0	HR	15	P		Y
18	0-38	msl	10YR43 00					0	0	HR	2				
	38-48	sc1	10YR44 00					0	0	HR	2	M			
	48-78	lms	10YR58 00					0	0		0	G			
	78-120	ms	10YR58 00					0	0		0	G			
19	0-30	mc1	10YR43 00					0	0	HR	5				
	30-60	sc1	10YR56 00					0	0	HR	3	M			
	60-80	mc1	10YR56 00					0	0	CH	2	M		Y	
	80-120	mc1	10YR53 00	10YR56 00	C			Y	0	0		0	M		
20	0-25	msl	10YR43 00					0	0	HR	5				
	25-50	lms	10YR44 00					0	0	HR	5	G			
	50-80	lms	10YR46 00					0	0		0	G			
	80-120	ms	10YR46 00					0	0		0	G			
21	0-30	mc1	10YR51 00	75YR58 00	M			Y	0	0	HR	2			
	30-50	mc1	10YR51 52	75YR58 00	M			Y	0	0	HR	2	M		Seepage
	50-120	mc1	10YR53 00	75YR58 51	M			Y	0	0		0	M		Seepage
22	0-32	msl	10YR33 00					3	0	HR	5				
	32-45	mc1	10YR53 00					0	0	HR	5	M			
	45-70	hc1	10YR53 00	75YR58 00	C			Y	0	0	HR	5	M		
	70-100	c	10YR63 00	75YR58 00	C			Y	0	0	HR	2	P		Y
23	0-30	hc1	10YR51 41	10YR58 00	M			Y	0	0		0			
	30-60	c	25Y 51 00	10YR58 00	M			Y	0	0		0	P		Y



SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	----MOTTLES----		PED COL.	----STONES----			STRUCT/ CONSIST	SUBS						
				COL	ABUN		CONT	GLE	>2		>6	LITH	TOT	STR	POR	IMP	SPL
24	0-30	ms1	10YR42 00					0	0	HR	2						
	30-70	lms	10YR44 00					0	0	HR	2		G				
	70-120	ms	10YR54 56					0	0		0		G				
25	0-25	ms1	10YR43 00					0	0	HR	4						
	25-70	sc1	75YR56 52					0	0	HR	2		M				
	70-120	lms	75YR58 00					0	0		0		G				
26	0-30	mc1	10YR42 00					2	0	HR	2						
	30-40	mc1	10YR53 00	10YR56 00	C	00MN00 00	Y	0	0	HR	2		M				
	40-60	c	25Y 52 00	10YR58 00	M		Y	0	0		0		P		Y		
27	0-30	ms1	10YR43 00					6	0	HR	10						
	30-48	ms1	10YR52 00	10YR58 00	C	10YR71 00	Y	0	0	HR	15		M				
	48-55	sc1	10YR52 00	10YR58 00	C	10YR71 00	Y	0	0	HR	15		M				
	55-60	c	10YR66 00	10YR71 00	C		Y	0	0	HR	25		M				Imp 60 flints
28	0-25	mc1	10YR43 00					0	0	HR	2						
	25-70	mc1	10YR46 00					0	0	HR	2		M				
	70-120	mc1	10YR46 00	10YR56 00	C		S	0	0		0		M				Sl. gleyed

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

Site Name : WINCHESTER LP,SITE 56 Pit Number : 1P

Grid Reference: SU66801040 Average Annual Rainfall : 819 mm  
 Accumulated Temperature : 1506 degree days  
 Field Capacity Level : 176 days  
 Land Use : Permanent Grass  
 Slope and Aspect : 01 degrees SW

HORIZON	TEXTURE	COLOUR	STONES >2	TOT.STONE	LITH	MOTTLES	STRUCTURE	CONSIST	SUBSTRUCTURE	CALC
0- 23	MZCL	10YR53 00	0	1	HR	M				
23- 34	HZCL	10YR62 00	0	0		M	WDVCAB	VM	P	
34- 60	C	10YR61 00	0	0		M	MDVCAB	FM	P	

Wetness Grade : 3B Wetness Class : IV  
 Gleying : 0 cm  
 SPL : 023 cm

Drought Grade : APW : 000mm MBW : 0 mm  
 APP : 000mm MBP : 0 mm

FINAL ALC GRADE : 3B  
 MAIN LIMITATION : Wetness

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

Site Name : WINCHESTER LP,SITE 56 Pit Number : 2P

Grid Reference: SU66801010 Average Annual Rainfall : 819 mm  
 Accumulated Temperature : 1506 degree days  
 Field Capacity Level : 176 days  
 Land Use : Permanent Grass  
 Slope and Aspect : degrees

HORIZON	TEXTURE	COLOUR	STONES >2	TOT.STONE	LITH	MOTTLES	STRUCTURE	CONSIST	SUBSTRUCTURE	CALC
0- 20	MZCL	10YR52 00	2	15	HR	C				
20- 45	HCL	10YR53 00	0	25	HR	C		FM	M	
45- 55	C	10YR53 00	0	50	HR	M		FM	P	

Wetness Grade : 3A Wetness Class : II  
 Gleying : 0 cm  
 SPL : No SPL

Drought Grade : 3B APW : 069mm MBW : -40 mm  
 APP : 070mm MBP : -32 mm

FINAL ALC GRADE : 3B  
 MAIN LIMITATION : Droughtiness

SAMPLE NO	GRID REF	ASPECT USE	--WETNESS--				-WHEAT-		-POTS-		M.REL		EROSN EXP	FROST DIST	CHEM LIMIT	ALC	COMMENTS
			GRDNT	GLEY	SPL	CLASS	GRADE	AP	MB	AP	MB	DRT					
1	SU66901070	PGR NE	01	0	025	4	3B	101	-8	106	4	3A		WE	3B		
1P	SU66801040	PGR SW	01	0	023	4	3B	000	0	000	0		WE	3B	PIT 60		
2	SU67001070	PGR S	01	0	025	4	4	101	-8	106	4	3A	WE	4			
2P	SU66801010	PGR		0		2	3A	069	-40	070	-32	3B	DR	3B	IMP 55		
	SU66801060	PGR S	01	025	025	4	3B	109	0	117	15	3A	WE	3B			
4	SU66901060	PGR		0	025	4	3B	000	0	000	0		WE	3B	HCL U-S		
	SU67001060	PGR SE	01	0	020	4	4	098	-11	103	1	3A	WE	4			
	SU66801050	PGR S	01	010	010	4	3B	100	-9	103	1	3A	WE	3B			
7	SU66901050	PGR SW	01	0	028	4	3B	000	0	000	0		WE	3B			
8	SU66801040	PGR S		015	015	4	3B	101	-8	106	4	3A	WE	3B			
9	SU66901040	PGR SW	01	0	025	4	3B	000	0	000	0		WE	3B	HCL U-S		
10	SU67001040	PGR SW	01	0	023	4	3B	000	0	000	0		WE	3B	HCL U-S		
	SU66701030	PGR S	01	0	045	4	4	000	0	000	0		WE	4	SPL 45		
	SU66801030	PGR S	01	010	030	4	3B	114	5	105	3	2	WE	3B			
13	SU66901030	PGR		0	026	4	3B	000	0	000	0		WE	3B			
	SU67001030	PGR S	01	0	020	4	3B	098	-11	103	1	3A	WE	3B			
15	SU67101030	SET S	01	0	040	4	3B	107	-2	112	10	3A	WE	3B			
16	SU66701020	PGR S	01	020	032	4	3B	000	0	000	0		WE	3B	SPL 32		
	SU66801020	PGR S	01	015	035	4	3B	103	-6	108	6	3A	WE	3B			
18	SU66901020	PGR		0	027	4	3B	000	0	000	0		WE	3B			
	SU67001020	PGR S	01	020	020	4	3B	098	-11	103	1	3A	WE	3B			
	SU67101020	SET S	01	035	035	4	3B	106	-3	111	9	3A	WE	3B			
21	SU66701010	PGR S	01	020		2	3A	052	-57	052	-50	4	DR	3B	SEE 2P		
	SU66801010	PGR				1	2	052	-57	052	-50	4	DR	3B	SEE 2P		
	SU66901010	PGR S	01			1	2	034	-75	034	-68	4	DR	3B	SEE 2P		
24	SU67001010	PGR				1	2	034	-75	034	-68	4	DR	3B	SEE 2P		
	SU67101010	SET S	01			1	2	034	-75	034	-68	4	DR	3B	SEE 2P		
26	SU66701000	PGR		0	023	4	4	000	0	000	0		WE	4	QSPL23		
27	SU66801000	PGR				1	2	031	-78	031	-71	4	DR	3B	SEE 2P		
	SU66901000	PGR S	01			1	2	034	-75	034	-68	4	DR	3B	SEE 2P		
29	SU66600990	PGR		0		2	3A	051	-58	051	-51	4	DR	3B	SEE 2P		
	SU66700990	PGR				1	2	031	-78	031	-71	4	DR	3B	SEE 2P		
	SU66800990	PGR				1	2	031	-78	031	-71	4	DR	3B	SEE 2P		

SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	----MOTTLES-----			PED COL.	----STONES----			STRUCT/ CONSIST	SUBS			SPL	CALC
				COL	ABUN	CONT		GLE	>2	>6		LITH	TOT	STR		
1	0-25	mzc1	10YR53 62	10YR53	62	M		Y	0	0	0					
	25-60	c	10YR61 00	75YR68	00	M		Y	0	0	0		P			Y
	60-80	c	10YR52 00	10YR56	00	M		Y	0	0	0		P			Y
1P	0-23	mzc1	10YR53 00	10YR58	00	M		Y	0	0	HR	1				
	23-34	hzc1	10YR62 00	75YR56	00	M		Y	0	0	0	WDVCAB	VM	P	Y	Y
	34-60	c	10YR61 00	75YR68	00	M		Y	0	0	0	MDVCAB	FM	P	Y	Y
2	0-25	hzc1	10YR42 00	75YR56	00	C		Y	0	0	0					
	25-80	c	25Y 62 00	10YR68	00	C		Y	0	0	0		P			Y
2P	0-20	mzc1	10YR52 00	10YR58	00	C		Y	2	0	HR	15				
	20-45	hc1	10YR53 00	75YR58	00	C		Y	0	0	HR	25	FM	M		
	45-55	c	10YR53 00	75YR58	00	M	00MN00	00	Y	0	0	HR	50	FM	P	
3	0-25	mc1	10YR54 00	75YR58	00	F			0	0	0					
	25-40	hc1	10YR62 00	10YR68	00	C		Y	0	0	0		P			Y
	40-80	c	25Y 62 00	75YR68	00	C		Y	0	0	0		P			Y
4	0-25	mzc1	10YR53 62	75YR56	00	M		Y	0	0	0					
	25-38	hc1	10YR62 00	75YR56	00	M		Y	0	0	0		P			Y
	38-60	c	10YR61 00	75YR68	00	M		Y	0	0	0		P			Y
5	0-20	hzc1	10YR51 00	05YR58	00	C		Y	0	0	0					
	20-80	c	25Y 62 00	75YR56	00	C		Y	0	0	0		P			Y
6	0-10	mzc1	10YR54 00	75YR68	00	F			0	0	HR	2				
	10-35	hzc1	10YR62 00	10YR68	00	C		Y	0	0	0		P			
	35-80	zc	25Y 62 00	75YR68	00	C		Y	0	0	0		P			Y
7	0-28	mzc1	10YR53 62	10YR58	00	M		Y	0	0	0					
	28-50	c	10YR62 61	75YR68	00	M		Y	0	0	0		P			Y
	50-60	c	10YR61 00	75YR68	00	M		Y	0	0	0		P			Y
8	0-15	mzc1	10YR54 00	75YR58	00	F			0	0	0					
	15-30	hzc1	10YR62 00	10YR68	00	C		Y	0	0	0		P			
	30-80	c	25Y 62 00	10YR58	00	C		Y	0	0	0		P			Y
9	0-25	mzc1	10YR53 00	10YR58	00	M		Y	0	0	HR	1				
	25-30	hc1	10YR62 00	75YR56	00	M		Y	0	0	HR	1		P		Y
	30-60	c	10YR61 00	75YR68	00	M		Y	0	0	0		P			Y
10	0-23	mzc1	10YR53 00	10YR56	00	M		Y	0	0	HR	1				
	23-30	hc1	10YR62 00	75YR56	00	M		Y	0	0	0		P			Y
	30-60	c	10YR61 00	75YR68	00	M		Y	0	0	0		P			Y
11	0-45	zc	10YR53 00	10YR58	62	M	00MN00	00	Y	0	0	HR	1			Y
	45-60	zc	10YR52 00	10YR58	62	C	00MN00	00	Y	0	0	0		P	Y	Y

SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	----MOTTLES-----			PED COL.	----STONES-----			STRUCT/ CONSIST	SUBS			CALC
				COL	ABUN	CONT		GLE	>2	>6		LITH	TOT	STR	
12	0-10	mzc1	10YR54 00 75YR58 00 F						0	0	0				
	10-30	hzc1	10YR52 00 05YR58 00 C					Y	0	0	0		P		
	30-100	c	25Y 62 00 10YR68 00 C					Y	0	0	0		P		Y
13	0-26	mzc1	10YR53 00 10YR58 00 M					Y	0	0	HR 1				
	26-50	c	10YR61 00 75YR68 00 M					Y	0	0	0		P		Y
	50-60	c	10YR53 61 10YR58 00 M					Y	0	0	0		P		Y
14	0-20	mzc1	10YR52 00 75YR56 00 C					Y	0	0	0				
	20-80	c	10YR62 00 10YR58 00 C					Y	0	0	0		P		Y
15	0-25	mzc1	10YR42 00 75YR56 00 F					Y	0	0	0				
	25-40	hzc1	10YR52 00 10YR58 00 C					Y	0	0	0		M		
	40-80	c	25Y 62 00 75YR56 00 C					Y	0	0	0		P		Y
16	0-20	mzc1	10YR53 00 10YR58 62 F						0	0	HR 1				
	20-32	mzc1	10YR53 00 10YR58 62 C					Y	0	0	HR 1		M		
	32-55	c	10YR53 00 10YR58 62 M					Y	0	0	0		P	Y	Y
17	0-15	mzc1	10YR54 00 75YR58 00 F						0	0	0				
	15-35	hzc1	10YR62 00 10YR58 00 C					Y	0	0	0		P		
	35-80	c	10YR52 00 75YR58 00 C					Y	0	0	0		P		Y
18	0-27	mzc1	10YR53 00 10YR58 00 M					Y	0	0	HR 1				
	27-50	c	10YR61 00 75YR68 00 M					Y	0	0	0		P		Y
	50-60	c	10YR52 62 10YR58 00 M					Y	0	0	0		P		Y
19	0-20	mzc1	10YR54 00						0	0	0				
	20-80	c	25Y 62 00 75YR56 00 C					Y	0	0	0		P		Y
20	0-35	mzc1	10YR54 00 75YR56 00 F						0	0	HR 2				
	35-80	c	25Y 62 00 75YR56 00 C					Y	0	0	0		P		Y
21	0-20	mzc1	10YR53 00 10YR58 62 F						0	0	HR 5				
	20-30	mzc1	10YR53 00 10YR58 62 C					Y	0	0	HR 5		M		IMP 30, STONES
22	0-30	mzc1	10YR54 00						0	0	HR 10				IMP 30, STONES
23	0-20	mzc1	10YR54 00						0	0	HR 10				IMP 20, STONES
24	0-20	mzc1	10YR43 00						0	0	HR 10				IMP 20, STONES
25	0-20	mzc1	10YR33 00						0	0	HR 10				IMP 20, STONES
26	0-23	hzc1	25Y 52 00 75YR46 00 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	HR 3				
	23-30	c	25Y 52 00 75YR46 00 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	HR 10		P	Y	Y
	30-50	c	25Y 62 00 75YR58 00 M					Y	0	0	HR 5		P	Y	Y

SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	----MOTTLES-----			PED		----STONES----			STRUCT/ CONSIST	SUBS		SPL	CALC
				COL	ABUN	CONT	COL.	GLE	>2	>6	LITH		TOT	STR		
27	0-20	mzc1	10YR54 00						0	0	HR	20				IMP 20, STONES
28	0-20	mzc1	10YR54 00						0	0	HR	10				IMP 20, STONES
29	0-27	hzc1	25Y 52 00	75YR46	00	C		Y	0	0	HR	5				IMP 29, STONES
	27-29	hzc1	25Y 62 00	75YR46	00	C		Y	0	0	HR	5	P			
30	0-18	mzc1	10YR53 00						0	0	HR	10				IMP 18, STONES
31	0-20	mzc1	10YR54 00						0	0	HR	20				IMP 20, STONES