

**CHESTER LOCAL PLAN
HARE LANE, PIPER'S ASH
Agricultural Land Classification
ALC Map and Report
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**R D Metcalfe
Resource Planning Team
Northern Region
FRCA Wolverhampton**

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**AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION REPORT
CHESTER LOCAL PLAN
HARE LANE, PIPER'S ASH**

INTRODUCTION

1. This report presents the findings of a detailed Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) survey on 15.2 hectares of land. The results of this survey supersede any previous ALC information for this land. The land is located to the south of Piper's Ash and to the east of Hare Lane. The survey was in connection with the Chester Local Plan.
2. The survey was undertaken on behalf of the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food (MAFF) in August 1997 by the Resource Planning Team of the Farming and Rural Conservation Agency (FRCA)- Northern region of FRCA.
3. The land has been graded in accordance with the publication "Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales - Revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land" (MAFF 1988) .
4. At the time of survey the agricultural land on this site was under cereal crops and grass.

SUMMARY

5. The findings of the survey are shown on the enclosed ALC map. The map has been drawn at a scale of 1:10000 with an average auger boring density of 1 per hectare. The ALC map is only accurate at this base map scale and any enlargement would be misleading.
6. The area and proportions of the ALC grades and subgrades on the surveyed land are summarised in Table 1.

Table 1: Area of grades and other land

Grade/Other land	Area (hectares)	% surveyed area	% site area
1			
2			
3a	11.2	82	74
3b	2.5	18	16
4			
5			
Agricultural land not surveyed		N/A	
Other land	1.5	N/A	10
Total surveyed area	13.7	100	
Total site area	15.2		100

7. The agricultural land on this site has been classified as Subgrade 3a (good quality) and Subgrade 3b (moderate quality). The key limitation to the agricultural use of this land is soil wetness.

8. The area of good quality land is located across much of the site. The soils in this area comprise a medium clay loam topsoil overlying either a clay loam or a sandy clay loam passing to a heavy clay loam and clay at depth.

9. The area of moderate quality land is located in the south land of the site. The soils in this area comprise a medium clay loam topsoil overlying a clay to depth.

FACTORS INFLUENCING ALC GRADE

Climate

10. Climate affects the grading of land through the assessment of an overall climatic limitation and also through interactions with soil characteristics.

11. The key climatic variables used for grading this site are given in Table 2 and were obtained from the published 5km grid datasets using standard interpolation procedures (Meteorological Office, 1989).

Table 2: Climatic and altitude data

Factor	Units	Values
Grid reference	N/A	SJ 434 672
Altitude	m, AOD	36
Accumulated Temperature	day°C (Jan-June)	1426
Average Annual Rainfall	mm	682
Field Capacity Days	days	150
Moisture Deficit, Wheat	mm	101
Moisture Deficit, Potatoes	mm	91
Overall climatic grade	N/A	Grade 1

12. The climatic criteria are considered first when classifying land as climate can be overriding in the sense that severe limitations will restrict land to low grades irrespective of favourable site or soil conditions.

13. The main parameters used in the assessment of an overall climatic limitation are average annual rainfall (AAR), as a measure of overall wetness, and accumulated temperature (AT0, January to June), as a measure of the relative warmth of a locality.

14. The combination of rainfall and temperature at this site means that there is no overall climatic limitation. The site is climatically Grade 1.

Site

15. The site lies at an altitude of 35 to 40 metres AOD and is generally level.
16. The three site factors of gradient, microrelief and flooding are considered when classifying the land.
17. These factors do not impose any limitations on the agricultural use of this land.

Geology and Soils

18. The solid geology of the area is comprised of Pebble Beds - British Geological Survey (1986). This is overlain with deposits of boulder clay - British Geological Survey (1965).
19. The soils that have developed on this geology are generally of a medium clay loam occasionally overlying a sandy clay loam passing to clay at depth.

Agricultural Land Classification

20. The details of the classification of the site are shown on the enclosed ALC map and the area statistics of each grade are given in Table 1, page 1.

Subgrade 3a

21. Land of good quality occupies 11.2 hectares (74%) of the site area and extends across much of the site.
22. The soils have a medium clay loam topsoil overlying either a clay loam or a sandy clay loam passing to a heavy clay loam and clay at depth. The depths to gleying and the slowly permeable layer place these soils in Wetness Class III.
23. Within the area mapped as Subgrade 3a there are profiles of Grade 2 (very good quality) land, particularly close to Green Lane. Land in this grade has not been mapped separately due to the variable nature of the soils.
24. The main limitation to the agricultural use of this land is soil wetness.

Subgrade 3b

25. Land of moderate quality occupies 2.5 hectares (18%) of the site area and is found in two areas close to the western site boundary.
26. The soils have a medium clay loam texture overlying clay. The depth to gleying and the slowly permeable layer place these soils in Wetness Class IV.
27. The main limitation to the agricultural use of this land is soil wetness.

Other Land

28. Other land occupies 1.5 hectares (10%) of the site area and is found as ponds and rugby pitches

Resource Planning Team
Northern Region
FRCA Wolverhampton

SOURCES OF REFERENCE

British Geological Survey Sheet 109, Chester Solid (1986) and Drift (1990) Editions.
1:63 360 Scale.
BGS: London.

Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food (1988) Agricultural Land Classification of
England and Wales: Revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural
land.
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Meteorological Office (1989) Climatological Data for Agricultural Land Classification.
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