A1 Maidstone Borough Local Plan Site 31 Land at Church Road, Otham Agricultural Land Classification ALC Map and Report August 1994

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AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION REPORT

MAIDSTONE BOROUGH LOCAL PLAN SITE 31 LAND AT CHURCH ROAD, OTHAM

1 Summary

- 11 ADAS was commissioned by MAFF's Land Use Planning Unit to provide information on land quality for 47 sites in the borough of Maidstone in Kent The work forms part of MAFF's statutory input to the preparation of the Maidstone Borough Local Plan
- 12 Site 31 comprises 153 hectares of land west of Church Road near the village of Otharn An Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) survey was carried out during August 1994 The survey was undertaken at a detailed level of approximately one boring per hectare A total of 14 borings and one soil inspection pit were described in accordance with MAFF's revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land (MAFF, 1988) These guidelines provide a framework for classifying land according to the extent to which its physical or chemical characteristics impose a long term limitation on its use for agriculture
- 1 3 At the time of survey the land on the site had been recently harvested for peas
- 14 The sate is shown on the attached ALC map which has been drawn at a scale of 1 10 00 It is accurate at this scale but any enlargement would be misleading
- 15 Appendix I gives a general description of the grades subgrades and land use categories identified in the survey The main classes are described in terms of the type of limitation that can occur the typical cropping range and the expected level and consistency of yield
- 16 All of the land on the site (153 ha) has been classified as Grade 2 very good quality, because of a slight soil droughtiness limitation Topsoils typically comprise very slightly to slightly stony non-calcareous medium silty clay loams These overlie free draining similarly stony medium silty clay loams or heavy clay loam upper subsoils Lower subsoils generally comprise well drained moderately stony clays The interaction between the soil textures profile stone contents and climatic factors at this site may act to slightly restrict profile available water and subsequently plant growth and yield

2 Climate

- 2.1 The climatic criteria are considered first when classifying land as climate can be overriding in the sense that severe limitations will restrict land to low grades irrespective of favourable site or soil conditions
- 2.2 The main parameters used in the assessment of an overall climatic limitation are average annual rainfall as a measure of overall wetness and accumulated

temp rature (degree days Jan-June), as a measure of the relative warmth of a locality

- 2 3 A detailed assessment of the prevailing climate was made by interpolation from a 5km gridpoint dataset (Met Office 1989) The details are given in the table below and these show that there is no overall climatic limitation affecting the site How ver in a regional context the crop adjusted soil moisture deficits are relatively high at this locality High soil moisture deficits increase the likelihood of soil droughtiness limitations
- 2.4 No local climatic factors such as exposure or frost risk are believed to affect the site

Table 1 Climatic Interpolations

Grid Reference	TQ786541	TQ788537
Altitude (m)	55	70
Accumulated Temperature	1444	1427
(degree days Jan June)		
Aver 1ge Annual Rainfall (mm)	709	714
Field Capacity (days)	145	146
Moisture Deficit Wheat (mm)	115	113
Moisture Deficit Potatoes (mm)	110	107
Over all Climatic Grade	1	1

3 Relief

3 1 The site occupies gently undulating land falling through gradients of 1-3° from approximately 70m AOD along the southern site boundary to lie at approximately 55m AOD along the northern site boundary Neither gradient or relief impose any limitation to agricultural land quality

4 Geology and Soil

- 4 1 The relevant geological sheet (BGS, 1976) shows the entire site to be underlain by Hythe Beds (sandy limestone and calcareous sands)
- 4 2 The published Soil Survey map (SSEW 1983) shows the Fyfield 2 association at this site These soils are described as well drained coarse loamy and sandy soils over sands and sandstones Some very acid soils with a wet peaty surface horizon and 11 on pan in woodland or on moorland (SSEW 1983)
- 4 3 Detailed field examination found well drained loamy soils which become heavier and increasingly stony with depth across the entire site

5 Agricultural Land Classification

5 1 The location of the soil observation points are shown on the attached sample point map

Grade 2

- 5 2 All of the land has been classed as very good quality because of a minor soil droughtiness limitation Topsoils typically comprise non calcareous medium silty clay loams and occasionally medium clay loams and silt loams The topsoils range from being very slightly to slightly stony containing approximately 1-4% flints >2cm and 4-10% total flints by volume These are generally underlain by medium silty clay loam, and also heavy clay loam, upper subsoils which contain similar flint contents to that of the topsoils Due to the very dry conditions at the time of survey all of the profiles proved impenetrable to a soil auger between 30 and 55 cm. Consequently a soil inspection pit (1P) was dug to assess subsoil conditions at depth.
- 5 3 From 1P it could be seen that the lower subsoils comprise free draining clays which are moderately to very stony containing approximately 35% total flints by volume The dry and stony subsoil conditions meant that the pit could only be described to a depth of 100 cm If the profile available water calculation is cut off at 100 cm depth then the resultant soil droughtiness classification is Subgrade 3a. However it is a reasonable assumption that the soil resource continues to depth and that crop roots could exploit this resource. As a result, the land is deemed eligible for Grade 2 with a slight soil droughtiness limitation. This limitation arises from the interaction between the soil textures and profile stone contents and the local regionally dry climatic regime. Such a limitation may act to place minor restrictions on the range of crops which may be grown and also to impose a slight risk cf drought stress for those crops which are grown.

ADAS Ref 2007/194/94 MAFF Ref EL 20/328 Resource Planning Team Guildford Statutory Group ADAS Reading

SOURCES OF REFERENCE

Geological Survey (1976) Sheet No 288, Maidstone, 1 50 000 Series (solid and drift edition)

MAFF (1988) Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales Revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land

Meteorological Office (1989) Climatological Data for Agricultural Land Classification

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1983) Sheet 6 Soils of South East England 1 250 000 and accompanying legend

APPENDIX I

DESCRIPTION OF THE GRADES AND SUBGRADES

Grade 1 Eccellent Quality Agricultural Land

Land with no or very minor limitations to agricultural use A very wide range of agricultural and horticultural crops can be grown and commonly includes top fruit soft fruit salad crops and winter harvested vegetables Yields are high and less variable than on land of lower quality

Grade 2 Very Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land with minor limitations which affect crop yield cultivations or harvesting A wide range of agricultural or horticultural crops can usually be grown but on some land of this grade there may be reduced flexibility due to difficulties with the production of the more demanding crops such as winter harvested vegetables and arable root crops The level of yield is generally high but may be lower or more variable than Grade 1 land

Grade 3 Good to Moderate Quality Land

Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops the timing and type of cultivation harvesting or the level of yield When more demanding crops are grown yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2

Subgrade 3a Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of consistently producing moderate to high yields of a narrow range of arable crops especially cereals or moderate yields of a wide range of crops including cereals grass oilseed rape potatoes sugar beet and the less demanding horticultural crops

Subgrade 3b Moderate Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of producing moderate yields of a narrow range of crops principally cereals and grass or lower yields of a wider range of crops or high yields of grass which can be grazed or harvested over most of the year

Grade 4 Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which significantly restrict the range of crops and/or the level of yields. It is mainly suited to grass with occasional arable crops (eg cereals and forage crops) the yields of which are variable. In moist climates yields of grass may be moderate to high but there may be difficulties in utilisation. The grade also includes very droughty arable land.

Grade 5 Very Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which restrict use to permanent pasture or rough grazing except for occasional pioneer forage crops

Urban

Built up or 'hard' uses with relatively little potential for a return to agriculture including housing industry commerce education transport religous buildings cemetries. Also hard-surfaced sports facilities permanent caravan sites and vacant land all types of derelict land including mineral workings which are only likely to be reclaimed using derelict land grants.

Non-agricultural

'Soft' uses where most of the land could be returned relatively easily to agriculture including private parkland public open spaces sports fields allotments and soft surfaced areas on airports Also active mineral workings and refuse tips where restoration conditions to 'soft after uses may apply

Woodland

Includes commercial and non-commercial woodland A distinction may be made as necessary between farm and non-farm woodland

Agricultural Buildings

Includes the normal range of agricultural buildings as well as other relatively permanent structures such as glasshouses Temporary structures (eg polythene tunnels erected for lambing) may be ignored

Open Water

Includes lakes ponds and rivers as map scale permits

Land Not Surveyed

Agricultural land which has not been surveyed

Where the land use includes more than one of the above, eg buildings in large grounds and where map scale permits the cover types may be shown separately Otherwise the most extensive cover type will be shown

APPENDIX II

FIELD ASSESSMENT OF SOIL WETNESS CLASS

SOIL WETNESS CLASSIFICATION

Soil wetness is classified according to the depth and duration of waterlogging in the soil profile. Six soil wetness classes are identified and are defined in the table below

Definition of Soil Wetness Classes

Wetness Class	Duration of Waterlogging ¹
Ι	The soil profile is not wet within 70 cm depth for more than 30 days in most years ²
Π	The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 31 90 days in most years or if there is no slowly permeable layer within 80 cm depth it is wet within 70 cm for more than 90 days but only wet within 40 cm depth for 30 days in most years
ш	The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 91-180 days in most years or if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth it is wet within 70 cm for more than 180 days but only wet within 40 cm depth for between 31-90 days in most years
IV	The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for more than 180 days but not wet within 40 cm depth for more than 210 days in most years or if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth it is wet within 40 cm depth for 91 210 days in most years
ν	The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for 211-335 days in most years
VI	The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for more than 335 days in most years

Soils can be allocated to a wetness class on the basis of quantitative data recorded over a period of many years or by the interpretation of soil profile characteristics site and climatic factors. Adequate quantitative data will rarely be available for ALC surveys and therefore the interpretative method of field assessment is used to identify soil wetness class in the field. The method adopted here is common to ADAS and the SSLRC

¹The number of days specified is not necessarily a continuous period

² In most years is defined as more than 10 out of 20 years

APPENDIX III

SOIL PIT AND SOIL BORING DESCRIPTIONS

Contents

Soil Abbreviations - Explanatory Note

Soil Pit Descriptions

Database Printout - Boring Level Information

Database Printout - Horizon Level Information

SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTIONS EXPLANATORY NOTE

Soil pit and auger boring information collected during ALC fieldwork is held on a computer database. This uses notations and abbreviations as set out below

Boring Header Information

- 1 GRID REF national 100 km grid square and 8 figure grid reference
- 2 USE Land use at the time of survey The following abbreviations are used

ARA	Arable	WHT	Wheat	BAR	Barley
CER	Cereals	OAT	Oats	MZE	Maize
OSR	Oilseed rape	BEN	Field Beans	BRA	Brassicae
РОТ	Potatoes	SBT	Sugar Beet	FCD	Fodder Crops
LIN	Linseed	FRT	Soft and Top Fruit	FLW	Fallow
PGR	Permanent Pasture	eLEY	Ley Grass	RGR	Rough Grazing
SCR	Scrub	CFW	Coniferous Woodland	DCW	Deciduous Wood
HTH	Heathland	BOG	Bog or Marsh	FLW	Fallow
PLO	Ploughed	SAS	Set aside	ОТН	Other
HRT	Horticultural Crop	os			

- 3 GRD NT Gradient as estimated or measured by a hand held optical clinometer
- 4 GLE (/SPL Depth in centimetres (cm) to gleying and/or slowly permeable layers
- 5 AP (WHEAT/POTS) Crop adjusted available water capacity
- 6 **MB (WHEAT/POTS)** Moisture Balance (Crop adjusted AP crop adjusted MD)
- 7 DRT Best grade according to soil droughtiness
- 8 If any of the following factors are considered significant, 'Y' will be entered in the relevant column

MRELMicrorelief limitationFLOODFlood riskEROSNSoil erosion riskEXPExposure limitationFROSTFrost proneDISTDisturbed landCHEMChemical limitation

9 LIMIT The main limitation to land quality The following abbreviations are used

OC	Overall Climate	AE	Aspect	EX	Exposure
FR	Frost Risk	GR	Gradient	MR	Microrelief
FL	Flood Risk	TX	Topsoil Texture	DP	Soil Depth
СН	Chemical	WE	Wetness	WK	Workability
DR	Drought	ER	Erosion Risk	WD	Soil Wetness/Droughtiness
ST	Topsoil Stonine	SS			-

Soil Pits and Auger Borings

1 **TEXTURE** soil texture classes are denoted by the following abbreviations

S	Sand	LS	Loamy Sand	SL	Sandy Loam
SZL	Sandy Silt Loam	CL	Clay Loam	ZCL	Silty Clay Loam
ZL	Silt Loam	SCL	Sandy Clay Loam	С	Clay
SC	Sandy Clay	ZC	Silty Clay	OL	Organic Loam
P	Peat	SP	Sandy Peat	LP	Loamy Peat
PL	Peaty Loam	PS	Peaty Sand	MZ	Marine Light Silts

For the sand loamy sand sandy loam and sandy silt loam classes the predominant size of sand fraction will be indicated by the use of the following prefixes

- **F** Fine (more than 66% of the sand less than 0 2mm)
- M Medium (less than 66% fine sand and less than 33% coarse sand)
- C Coarse (more than 33% of the sand larger than 0 6mm)

The clay loam and silty clay loam classes will be sub divided according to the clay content M Medium (<27% clay) H Heavy (27 35% clay)

- 2 MOTTLE COL Mottle colour using Munsell notation
- 3 MOTTLE ABUN Mottle abundance expressed as a percentage of the matrix or surface described
 - F few <2% C common 2 20% M many 20-40% VM very many 40% +
- 4 **MOTTLE CONT** Mottle contrast
 - **F** faint indistinct mottles evident only on close inspection
 - **D** distinct mottles are readily seen
 - P prominent mottling is conspicuous and one of the outstanding features of the horizon
- 5 **PED COL** Ped face colour using Munsell notation
- 6 GLEY If the soil horizon is gleyed a Y will appear in this column If slightly gleyed an S will appear
- 7 STONE LITH Stone Lithology One of the following is used

HR	all hard rocks and stones	SLST	soft oolitic or dolimitic limestone
СН	chalk	FSST	soft fine grained sandstone
ZR MSST SI	soft argillaceous or silty rocks soft medium grained sandstone soft weathered igneous/metamo	GH GS orphic ro	gravel with non porous (hard) stones gravel with porous (soft) stones ck

Stone contents (>2cm >6cm and total) are given in percentages (by volume)

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8 STRUCT the degree of development size and shape of soil peds are described using the following notation

degree of development	WK weakly developed ST strongly developed	MD moderately developed
<u>ped size</u>	F fine C coarse	M medium VC very coarse
ped shape	S single grain GR granular SAB sub angular blocky PL platy	M massive AB angular blocky PR prismatic

9 **CONSIST** Soil consistence is described using the following notation

L loos VF very friable FR friable FM firm VM very firm EM extremely firm EH extremely hard

- 10 SUBS STR Subsoil structural condition recorded for the purpose of calculating profile droughtiness G good M moderate P poor
- 11 **POR** 'soil porosity If a soil horizon has less than 0.5% biopores >0.5 mm a 'Y' will appear in this column
- 12 IMP If the profile is impenetrable to rooting a 'Y' will appear in this column at the appropriate horizon
- 13 SPL Slowly permeable layer If the soil horizon is slowly permeable a 'Y' will appear in this column
- 14 CALC If the soil horizon is calcareous, a 'Y' will appear in this column

15 Other notations

- APW available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for wheat
- **APP** available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for potatoes
- MBW moisture balance wheat
- MBP moisture balance potatoes

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

Site Name	e MAIDST	ONE LP SITE	E 3 1	Pit Number	1	Р				
Grid Refe	erence TQ	278765395	Average Ann Accumulated Field Capad Land Use	nual Rainfall d Temperature city Level	70 144 145	9 mm 4 degree 6 days	days			
			Slope and P	Aspect	UI	degrees N				
HORIZON	TEXTURE	COLOUR	STONES >2	2 TOT STONE		MOTTLES	STRUCTURE	CONSIST	SUBSTRUCTURE	CALC
0-25 25-57	HCL	107843 00	υ 2 4 Ω	5 5	HR		MDCSAR	FM	м	
57-100	C	10YR42 56	6 D	35	HR		TIDOGRU	FM	М	
Wetness (Grade 1		Wetness Cla	ass I						
			Gleying SPL	No	cm SPL					
Drought (Grade 34	λ.	APW 113mm APP 108mm	n MBW – n MBP –	2 mm 2 mm					
FINAL ALO	C GRADE	2								

MAIN LIMITATION Droughtiness

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LIST OF BORINGS HEADERS 22/08/94 MAIDSTONE LP SITE 31

	AMP	LE	1	ASPECT				- WETI	NESS	WH	EAT-	-PC	TS-	М	REL	EROSN	FROST	CHEM	ALC	
	ю	GRID REF	USE		GRDNT	GLEY	SPL	CLASS	GRADE	AP	MB	AP	MB	DRT	FLOOD	Ð	P DIST	LIMIT		COMMENTS
	1	TQ78605410	STB					1	1	58	-57	58	-52	4				DR	2	Imp 35 Re 1P
	1P	TQ78765395	STB	N	01			1	1	113	-2	108	2	3A				DR	2	Pit70 Augd 100
-	2	TQ78705410	STB					1	1	76	-39	76	34	38				DR	2	Imp 45 Re 1P
_	3	TQ78605400	STB	NE	01			1	1	74	-41	74	36	38				DR	2	Imp 45 Re 1P
	4	TQ78705400	STB	N	02			1	1	61	-54	61	49	4				DR	2	Imp 35 Re 1P
	5	TQ78805400	STB	NW	01			1	1	76	39	76	-34	3B				DR	2	Imp 35 Re 1P
	6	TQ78905400	STB	N	01			1	1	84	31	84	-26	3B				DR	2	Imp 50 Re 1P
	7	T078605390	STB					1	1	60	55	60	~50	4				DR	2	Imp 30 Re 1P
_	8	TQ78705390	STB					1	1	69	46	69	-41	3B				DR	2	Imp 40 Re 1P
	9	TQ78805390	STB					1	1	52	63	52	-58	4				DR	2	Imp 30 Re 1P
•	10	TQ78905390	STB					1	1	90	25	92	-18	3B				DR	2	Imp 55 Re 1P
	11	T078605380	STB	N	02			1	1	53	-62	53	-57	4				DR	2	Imp 30 Re 1P
	12	TQ78705380	STB	N	02			1	1	88	-27	88	-22	3B				DR	2	Imp 50 Re 1P
	13	TQ78605370	STB					١	1	61	-54	61	-49	4				DR	2	Imp 35 Re 1P
-	14	TQ78705370	STB					1	1	54	-61	54	-56	4				DR	2	Imp 30 Re 1P
	15	TQ78805370	STB	N	03			1	1	87	-28	87	23	3B				DR	2	Imp 50 Re 1P

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COMPLETE LIST OF PROFILES 03/10/94 MAIDSTONE LP SITE 31

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- MOTTLES PED STONES---- STRUCT/ SUBS TEXTURE COLOUR COL ABUN CONT COL GLEY >2 6 LITH TOT CONSIST STR POR IMP SPL CALC MPLE DEPTH 10YR43 00 4 0 HR 10 0 25 mzcl 1 10YR54 00 0 0 HR 10 М 25-35 mzcl 1P 0-25 10YR43 00 2 0 HR 5 mzcl 5 MDCSAB FM M 10YR43 54 0 0 HR 25-57 hc1 Imp100 2 to 120 57-100 c 10YR42 56 0 0 HR 35 FM M 10YR43 00 2 0 HR 5 2 0-20 mzcl 10YR44 00 0 0 HR 8 М 20-45 mzcl 1 0 HR 10YR42 00 5 3 0-30 mcl 10YR42 00 00MN00 00 C 0 0 HR 5 Μ 30-45 с 10YR43 00 1 0 HR 4 4 0-25 mzcl 10YR44 00 25 35 0 0 HR 8 М mzcl 10YR43 42 2 0 HR 5 5 0-25 mzcl 10YR44 00 0 0 HR 8 м 25-40 mzcl 10YR44 00 0 0 HR 12 М 40-45 mzcl 10YR43 00 2 0 HR 8 6 0 27 mzcl 10YR44 00 0 0 HR 8 М 27-50 mzcl 7 0 20 10YR43 00 2 0 HR 4 **z**1 10YR44 00 0 0 HR 5 М 20-30 mzcl 10YR43 00 8 0-25 mzcl 3 0 HR 6 25 40 10YR54 00 0 0 HR 5 М mzcl 10YR43 00 3 0 HR 9 0-20 mzcl 5 20-30 10YR44 00 0 0 HR 5 М mzcl 10YR43 00 2 0 HR 10 0-25 5 mzcl 25 40 10YR54 00 0 0 HR 5 М mzc] 40-55 10YR54 56 00MN00 00 C S 0 0 HR 5 М Sl gleyed hc1 10YR42 00 1 0 HR 11 0-25 mzcl 4 25-30 10YR56 00 0 0 HR 8 М hcl 10YR42 43 1 0 HR 12 0 30 mzcl 4 10YR54 44 0 0 HR 30 50 2 М mzcl 10YR43 00 3 0 HR 5 13 0-25 mzcl 75YR56 00 00MN00 00 C 0 0 HR 5 М 25-35 hc] 10YR43 00 4 0 HR 8 14 0 25 mzcl 25-30 10YR44 00 0 0 HR 5 м zl

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COMPLETE LIST OF PROFILES US/10/94 MAIDSTONE LP SITE	COMPLETE LIST U	PROFILES 03/10/94	MAIDSIONE LP SITE	31
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SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	- COL	MOTTLES ABUN	 CONT	PED COL	_ GLEY >2	ST >6	'ONES LITH	тот	STRUCT/ CONSIST	SUBS STR POR	IMP :	SPL C	CALC
15	025 2550	mzc] mzc]	10YR43 42 10YR44 00					1 0	0 0	HR HR	4 4		м			

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