# European Site Conservation Objectives for Dorset Heaths (Purbeck & Wareham) & Studland Dunes



# Special Area of Conservation Site Code: UK0030038

With regard to the SAC and the natural habitats and/or species for which the site has been designated (the 'Qualifying Features' listed below), and subject to natural change;

Ensure that the integrity of the site is maintained or restored as appropriate, and ensure that the site contributes to achieving the Favourable Conservation Status of its Qualifying Features, by maintaining or restoring;

- The extent and distribution of qualifying natural habitats and habitats of qualifying species
- > The structure and function (including typical species) of qualifying natural habitats
- > The structure and function of the habitats of qualifying species
- The supporting processes on which qualifying natural habitats and the habitats of qualifying species rely
- The populations of qualifying species, and,
- > The distribution of qualifying species within the site.

This document should be read in conjunction with the accompanying *Supplementary Advice* document, which provides more detailed advice and information to enable the application and achievement of the Objectives set out above.

### **Qualifying Features:**

H2110. Embryonic shifting dunes

H2120. Shifting dunes along the shoreline with *Ammophila arenaria* ("white dunes"); Shifting dunes with marram

H2150. Atlantic decalcified fixed dunes (Calluno-Ulicetea); Coastal dune heathland \*

H2190. Humid dune slacks

H3110. Oligotrophic waters containing very few minerals of sandy plains (Littorelletalia uniflorae); Nutrient-poor shallow waters with aquatic vegetation on sandy plains

H4010. Northern Atlantic wet heaths with Erica tetralix; Wet heathland with cross-leaved heath

H4020. Temperate Atlantic wet heaths with *Erica ciliaris* and *Erica tetralix*; Wet heathland with Dorset heath and cross-leaved heath \*

H4030. European dry heaths

H6410. *Molinia* meadows on calcareous, peaty or clayey-silt-laden soils (Molinion caeruleae); Purple moor-grass meadows

H7150. Depressions on peat substrates of the Rhynchosporion

H7210. Calcareous fens with *Cladium mariscus* and species of the Caricion davallianae; Calcium-rich fen dominated by great fen sedge (saw sedge) \*

H7230. Alkaline fens; Calcium-rich springwater-fed fens

H9190. Old acidophilous oak woods with Quercus robur on sandy plains; Dry oak-dominated woodland

H91D0. Bog woodland \*

S1044. Coenagrion mercuriale; Southern damselfly

S1166. Triturus cristatus; Great crested newt

<sup>\*</sup> denotes a priority natural habitat or species (supporting explanatory text on following page)

## \* Priority natural habitats or species

Some of the natural habitats and species for which UK SACs have been selected are considered to be particular priorities for conservation at a European scale and are subject to special provisions in the Habitats Regulations. These priority natural habitats and species are denoted by an asterisk (\*) in Annex I and II of the Habitats Directive. The term 'priority' is also used in other contexts, for example with reference to particular habitats or species that are prioritised in UK Biodiversity Action Plans. It is important to note however that these are not necessarily the priority natural habitats or species within the meaning of the Habitats Regulations.

# **Explanatory Notes: European Site Conservation Objectives**

These Conservation Objectives are those referred to in the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 as amended (the "Habitats Regulations"). They must be considered when a competent authority is required to make a 'Habitats Regulations Assessment', including an Appropriate Assessment, under the relevant parts of this legislation.

These Conservation Objectives and the accompanying Supplementary Advice (where available) will also provide a framework to inform the measures needed to conserve or restore the European Site and the prevention of deterioration or significant disturbance of its qualifying features.

These Conservation Objectives are set for each habitat or species of a <u>Special Area of Conservation</u> (<u>SAC</u>). Where the objectives are met, the site will be considered to exhibit a high degree of integrity and to be contributing to achieving Favourable Conservation Status for that species or habitat type at a UK level. The term 'favourable conservation status' is defined in regulation 3 of the Habitats Regulations.

**Publication date:** 9 January 2019 (version 3). This document updates and replaces an earlier version dated 30 June 2014 to reflect the consolidation of the Habitats Regulations in 2017.