# ADAS

# A35 Tolpuddle/Puddletown By-pass Dorset

REPORT OF SURVEY

Agricultural Land Classification

**Alternative Routes** 

Resource Planning Group South West Region Bristol

May 1991

# PROPOSED A35 TOLPUDDLE/PUDDLETOWN BYPASS, DORSET AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION OF ALTERNATIVE ROUTES

### REPORT OF SURVEY

### 1. INTRODUCTION

In May 1991 the Resource Planning Group (South West Region) carried out a detailed agricultural land classification survey of the proposed alternative routes of the Tolpuddle/Puddletown bypass in Dorset. The survey was carried out under commercial contract to the Department of Transport, Exeter.

The survey area for the most part consists of a 200 metre wide strip along the proposed bypass route. The total area surveyed was 197 ha. Observations were made by hand auger at 157 sites on a 100 metre grid, and eleven soil pits were dug and described. The classification follows MAFFs revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land (1988).

The accompanying ALC maps show the distribution of the various grades. The soil pit descriptions are given as an appendix.

### 2. CLIMATE

Estimates of the relevant climatic variables were obtained by interpolation from a five kilometre grid database. This was done at four points along the route, and the variables are given below:

Grid Reference (SY -) :	757937	778942	808945	75936
Altitude (m) :	42	49	65	63
Accumulated Temperature (Odays):	1489	1524	1505	1508
Average Annual Rainfall (mm) :	1003	941	917	927
Field Capacity Days (days) :	201	191	188	189
Moisture Deficit, Wheat (mm) :	93	100	98	98
Moisture Deficit, Potatoes (mm):	83	91	89	89

The main parameters used in the assessment of an overall climatic limitation are accumulated temperature and average annual rainfall. The accumulated temperature is a measure of the relative warmth of a locality and the average annual rainfall is a measure of the overall wetness. The values for the survey area show that overall climate is not a limiting factor. No evidence of any limiting local climatic factor, such as exposure, was found along the route.

The field capacity days determine the influence of climate on soil wetness and workability. The moisture deficits are used in the calculation of the droughtiness limitation.

# 3. AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION

The overall results of the surveys are given below:

# Purple Route

Grade	Area (ha)	<pre>% of Survey Area</pre>	% of Agricultural Land
1	22	10	12
2	109	52	57
3a	18	8	9
3b	40	19	21
4	2	1	1
Urban	10	5	_
Non-Ag	<u>11</u>	5	
Total	212	100	100

# Orange Route

Grade	Area (ha)	% of Survey Area	% of Agricultural Land
1	17	8	9
2	130	61	69
3a	20	10	11
3b	20	10	11
4	_	_	-
Urban	13	6	-
Non-Ag	<u> 11</u>	<u> </u>	
Total	211	100	100

# Grade 1

The grade 1 land consists of soils with a texture of sandy loam throughout the profile. The soils are deep, freely draining, and slightly stoney. There are no limiting factors. Pit 12 is typical of this mapping unit.

### Grade 2

There are two soil types within the grade 2 land. To the west and south of Puddletown the soils are predominantly stoney, calcareous medium clay loam overlying chalk. The soil is of variable thickness with the chalk typically occurring at about 40 cm depth. The most limiting factor is workability due to the interaction of the field capacity days and the medium clay loam topsoil texture. Locally droughtiness is also a limiting factor. These soils also occur to the east of Tolpuddle. Pits 4 and 7 are typical of this unit.

The rest of the grade 2 land between Puddletown and Tolpuddle, is predominantly deep, freely draining slightly stoney with a medium clay loam topsoil over medium or heavy clay loam. Loamy sand or sandy loam is sometimes encountered at depth. Pits 1, 2, 5, 6, 9 and 10 represent this unit, which is the most common in the survey area.

# Grade 3a

The grade 3a land lies within the area previously surveyed for the northern route, and is described in that report. It has a texture of medium sandy clay loam and is slightly stoney, over chalk at 30-35 cm deep. The limiting factors are droughtiness and depth.

# Grade 3b

The areas of 3b land west of Athelhampton and north/east of Tolpuddle are downgraded due to slopes of 8-11°.

The two areas of 3b land on the flood plain of the river Piddle at Burleston and south east of Tolpuddle consists of a complex of soils downgraded due to wetness. Typically the soils consist of a medium silty clay loam topsoil over a clay loam or silt loam subsoil. Some sites are moderately stoney whilst others are stone free. The soils are gleyed from 15-20 cm and may have a slowly permeable layer. Pits 8 and 11 are examples of the soils occurring in this unit.

## Grade 4

One small area of grade 4 land was mapped due to slopes in excess of 110.

APPENDIX
Soil Pit Descriptions

# SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTIONS: EXPLANATORY NOTE

# (i) TEXTURE:-

Soil texture classes are denoted by the following abbreviations (all Upper case\*):

```
S
          Sand
LS
          Loamy Sand
SL
          Sandy Loam
          Sand Silt Loam
SZL
ZL
          Silt Loam
          Medium Silty Clay Loam
MZCL
MCL
          Medium Clay Loam
          Sandy Clay Loam
SCL
          Heavy Silty Clay Loam
HZCL
          Heavy Clay Loam
HCL
SC
          Sandy Clay
ZC
          Silty Clay
C
          Clay
```

For the <u>sand</u>, <u>loamy sand</u>, <u>sandy loam</u> and <u>sandy silt loam</u> classes the predominant size of sand fraction may be indicated by the use of prefixes, thus:

```
F fine (more than \frac{2}{3} of sand less than 0.2 mm)
C coarse (more than \frac{1}{3} of sand greater than 0.6 mm)
M medium (less than \frac{2}{3} fine sand and less than \frac{1}{3} coarse sand)
```

The sub-divisions of <u>clay loam</u> and <u>silty clay loam</u> classes according to clay content are indicated as follows:-

```
M medium (less than 27% clay):
H heavy (27-35% clay)
```

Other possible texture classes include:

```
P Peat
SP Sandy Peat
LP Loamy Peat
PL Peaty Loam
PS Peaty Sand
MZ Marine Light Silts
```

- \* There are two exceptions to the Upper Case rule:-
  - The prefix "Calc" is used to identify naturally calcareous soils containing more than 1% Calcium Carbonate
  - For organic mineral soils, the texture of the mineral fraction is prefixed by "Org".

# (ii) STRUCTURE:-

Nature and size of structural units are denoted by the following abbreviations:

SAB Subangular Blocky
AB Angular Blocky
P Prismatic

(single grain, granular and platy are not abbreviated)

F Fine
M Medium
C Coarse
VC Very Coarse

eg Weak MSAB = Weakly developed medium subangular blocky

# (iii) OTHER

= less than 2% of the matrix or surface described f = 2-20% of the matrix or surface described commom = 20-40% of the matrix or surface described many m = +40% of the matrix or surface described very many vm = indistinct mottles, evident only on close examination f faint = although not striking, the mottles are readily seen disinct d prominent = the mottles are conspicuous, and the mottling is one of the outstanding features of the horizon grey mottling gm ochreous mottling OM. eg cdom = common distinct ochreous mottles rusty root channels rrc = pale ped faces ppf =manganese mn = stones 6 cm st = stones 2-6 cm sst = stones 2 cm vsst= Wetness Class (use Roman numerals, eg WC IV) WC =SPL =Slowly Permeable Layer Water Table WT =Impenetrable if used in Depth Column I Impenetrable if used in soil profile notes IMP =(IMP 2 x 40 cm = 2 additional borings, both impenetrable at 40 cm) Auger Sample Point ASP =

SITE NAM	SITE NAME Tolpuddle/Puddletown Bypass Alternatives			PROFILE NUMBER SU		SLOPE AND 2°	ASPECT	Land USE 		Av Rainfall	:- 927 :- 1508		PARENT	MATERIAL
To1pudd1	e/Puddleto	wn Bypass Alte	ernatives	DATE		GRID REFER	ENCE	Ley		FC Days Climatic gra	:- 189 de:- 1		Cha	1k
				30/4/91		SY 787	937	    -		 			 	
Horizon Number	Lowest Av Depth (cm)	Matrix and Ped Face Colours	Texture	Stoniness: Size, Shape, Type, and Field Method	Abundance	tling e, Contrast nd Colour	Structure: Development Size and Shape	Pores and Fissures	Structural   Condition	Consistence	Roots   Abundance   Size and   Nature	Calcium   Carbonate   Content	Mangan Concs etc	Horizon Boundary: Distinctness and Form
1	28	10YR <b>4</b> 2	MCL	1%			N/A		N/A	N/A	   			
2	66	   10YR <b>4</b> 3 	HCL	   10% 	     		   Weak, coarse,   Sub Angular Blocky		   Moderate   	   Friable   	     			   
3	120	75YR46	c   	6   5%   	Few ochr	reous	Weak, coarse,   Sub Angular Blocky		Moderate	Firm 	       		[     	
				    -									     	 
		[   	   		   					   			   	
Depth to	Slowly Horizon	:		   Available Water 	Wheat	:- 164				Final ALC Gr	ade :	:- 2		
T CI II CUD IV	1101 12011			f   	Potatoe	es :- 120				   				
Wetness (	Class	:- I		   Moisture Defic 	it Wheat	:- 98				   Main Limiting 	g Factor(s) :	- Workabili	ty	
					Potatoe	es:- 89								
Wetness (	Grade :	:- 2		Moisture Balance Wheat :- 66										
				Potatoes :- 31						Remarks :-				
RPG23/WJC				Droughtiness G	rade	:- 1								

SITE NAM				PROFILE NUMBER	!	SLOPE AND	ASPECT	Land Use 		Av Rainfall	:- 1489		PARENT	MATERIAL
To1pudd1	e/Puddleto	own Bypass Alte	ernatives	DATE		GRID REFER	ENCE	Ley		FC Days   Climatic gra	:- 201 de:- 1		Cha 	lk
				   1/5/91	 	SY 760 9	38	j 		<u> </u> 			<u> </u> 	
Horizon Number	Lowest Av Depth (cm)	Matrix and   Ped Face   Colours	Texture	Stoniness: Size, Shape, Type, and Field Method	Abundance	tling e, Contrast nd Colour	Structure: Development Size and Shape	Pores and Fissures	Structural   Condition	Consistence	Roots Abundance Size and Nature	Calcium   Carbonate   Content	Mangan   Concs   etc	Horizon Boundary: Distinctness and Form
1	31	10YR44	MSL	1%			N/A		N/A	N/A			<del> </del>	
2	   59 	10YR56	HCL HCL	   0 	Sub Angular Block				Moderate	Friable				
3	   120	10YR56   (Ped faces   10YR53)	   MSL   	0	Weak, Moderate,   Sub Angular Blocky				   Moderate   	   Friable   			     	
		<u> </u>   	   		 					   		   		
Depth to	-			Available Water	Wheat	:- 159				Final ALC Gra	ade :	- 2	•	
Permead 16	e Horizon	:			Potatoe	es :- 114								
Wetness (	Class	:- I		Moisture Deficit Wheat :- 93						   Main Limiting	g Factor(s) :	- Wetness		
				Potatoes :- 83										
Wetness (	Grade	:- 2		Moisture Balance Wheat :- 66										
				Potatoes :- 31						Remarks :-				
RPG23/WJ0				Droughtiness G	rade	:- 1								

	SITE NAME  Tolpuddle/Puddletown Bypass Alternatives			PROFILE NUMBER   S		SLOPE AND	ASPECT	LAND USE	:	Av Rainfall	:- 1489		PARENT	MATERIAL
To1pudd1	e/Puddleto	own Bypass Alt∈	ernatives	DATE		GRID REFER	ENCE	Ley		FC Days   Climatic gra	:- 201 de:- 1		Cha	1k
				1/5/91		SY 758	937	<u> </u>		[				
Horizon Number	Lowest Av Depth (cm)	Matrix and   Ped Face   Colours	Texture	Stoniness: Size, Shape, Type, and Field Method	Abundanc	Mottling Structure: Abundance, Contrast Development Size and Colour Size and Shape		Pores and Fissures	Structural   Condition	Consistence	Roots   Abundance   Size and   Nature	Calcium   Carbonate   Content	Mangan Concs etc	Horizon Boundary: Distinctness and Form
1	22	10YR43	MCL	1%		•								
2	120	-	Chalk	-				ļ ļ	[ ]	!			! !	
		 		 					 	•			 	
		<u> </u>	 	 							<u> </u> 		 	
		 	<u> </u> 	 	[ 	İ		<u>.</u>			<b> </b> 		 	
[		[ [	[ ]	 	 		] ]			Í 	 	j i		
Ì		[ ]	Í 	<u> </u> 	<u> </u>		<u> </u> 	Í I		 	j I	j i		İ
İ		<u> </u>	<u> </u> 	Ì I				j i	į I	 			 	
Depth to	Slowly	İ	<u> </u>	Available Water	i Wheat	:- 116	<u></u>	<u>i</u>	i	   Final ALC Gr	ade :	<u>i</u> - 2	<u> </u>	
Permeable	e Horizon	:		 	Potato	es:- 87				j 				
Wetness (	lass	:- I		Moisture Defic	it Wheat	:- 93				   Main Limitin	n Factor(s) :	- Droughtin	ess and w	orkability
							<b>,</b> , , . , . , . , . , . , . , . , .	5. 55g., 5,	unu	or nas i i i og				
Wetness G	irade	:- 2		Potatoes :- 83										
NGUIROSS C	ii aac			Moisture Balance Wheat :- 23						 	·			
pp000 / + **				Potatoes :- 4						Remarks :-				
RPG23/WJC	•			Droughtiness G	rade	:- 2								

SITE NAME Tolpuddle/Puddletown Bypass Alternatives				PROFILE NUMBER   S		SLOPE AND	ASPECT	LAND USE		Av Rainfall ATO	:- 1003 :- 1489		j	MATERIAL
lolpuddi	e/Puddleto	wn Bypass Alte	ernatives	DATE	-	GRID REFER	RENCE	Perman	ent Grass	FC Days   Climatic grad	:- 201 de:- 1		Cha 	1k
				1/5/91	<u> </u>	SY 753	939							
Horizon Number	Lowest Av Depth (cm)	Matrix and   Ped Face   Colours	Texture	Stoniness: Size, Shape, Type, and Field Method	Abundance	tling e, Contrast nd Colour	Structure: Development Size and Shape	Pores and Fissures	   Structural   Condition	Consistence	Roots Abundance S1ze and Nature	Calcium Carbonate Content	Mangan   Concs   etc	Horizon Boundary: Distinctness and Form
1	38	10YR42	MSL	0			N/A	ļ					ļ ļ	
2	   93 	   10YR46 	LMS	2%	   		Weak, Coarse,   Angular Blocky		Moderate	   Very Friable 			   	 
3	120 	10YR66	LMS	0	   Few och 	nreous	Single Grain 		Moderate	Loose			     	
	   		   	 			 		   				:	
Depth to	     Slow}v	[ [	<u> </u>	 	Wheat	:- 106	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	Final ALC Gra	ade :	- 2		
· ·	e Horizon	:			Potatoe	es:- 96						_		
Wetness (	Class	:- I		   Moisture Defic	it Wheat	:- 93				   Main Limiting	; Factor(s) :	- Droughtin	ess	
				 	Potatoe	es :- 83				   				
Wetness (	Grade	:- 1		Moisture Balance Wheat :- 13										
				Potatoes :- 4						Remarks :				
RPG23/WJ0	0			Droughtiness Grade :- 2										

SITE NAME	E NAME puddle/Puddletown Bypass Alternatives			PROFILE NUMBER 6		SLOPE AND 7°	ASPECT	Land USE 		Av Rainfall	:- 1489		į	MATERIAL
Tolpuddle	e/Puddleto	wn Bypass Alte	ernatives	DATE		GRID REFER	ENCE	Ley		FC Days Climatic gra	:- 201 de:- 1		Ch   !	alk
				2/5/91		   SY 764 !	938	    -		1			   	
Horizon Number	Lowest Av Depth (cm)	Matrix and Ped Face Colours	Texture	Stoniness: Size, Shape, Type, and Field Method	Abundance	tling e, Contrast nd Colour		Pores and Fissures	Structural   Condition	Consistence	Roots Abundance Size and Nature	Calcium  Carbonate  Content	Mangan   Concs   etc	Horizon Boundary Distinctne and Form
1	26	10YR44	MSL		    -			[		   				
2	60	10YR56	LMS		]   		   Weak, Coarse   Sub Angular Blocky		]   Moderate 	  Very Friable 		   	     	
3	120	10YR83	MS		Common	ochreous	Single Grain	     	Moderate	Loose		     		
Depth to		<u> </u>		Available Water	Wheat	:- 90		<u> </u> 		   Final ALC Gra	ade :	  - 3a	į į	
Permeable	e Horizon	:			Potato	es :- 74								
Wetness C	Class	:- I		Moisture Defic	it Wheat	:- 93				   Main Limiting	g Factor(s) :	- Droughtine	9SS	
				Potatoes :- 83						1				
Wetness G	Grade	:- 1		Moisture Balance Wheat :3						1				
				Potatoes :9						Remarks :-				
RPG23/WJC	2			Droughtiness Grade :- 3a						i	separately, s unit.	o included .	ın Grade 2	c mapping

SITE NAM				PROFILE NUMBER	SLOPE	AND ASPECT 4°	LAND USE	<u> </u>	Av Rainfall ATO	:- 941 :- 1524		PARENT	MATERIAL
Tolpuddl	e/Puddleto	wn Bypass Alte	ernatives	DATE	GRID	REFERENCE	   Cer	reals	FC Days   Climatic gra	:- 191 de:- 1		j c	halk
				2/5/91	SY	781 945	<u> </u>		 				
Horizon Number	Lowest Av Depth (cm)	Matrix and   Ped Face   Colours	Texture	Stoniness:   Size, Shape,   Type, and   Field Method	Mottling Abundance, Cont Size and Colo		Pores and Fissures	Structural   Condition	Consistence	Roots   Abundance   Size and   Nature	Calcium Carbonate Content	Mangan   Concs   etc	Horizon Boundary: Distinctness and Form
1	28	10YR42	MCL	2%									<del> </del>
2	   38 	   10YR53 	   HCL 	   10% 	 	   Weak, Medium,   Sub Angular Block	   	   Moderate 	   Friable 	 		[   	 
3	120	-     	Chalk	       					-   	     		         	
Depth to	Slowly Horizon	:	I.	Available Water	Wheat :-	137	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>	Final ALC Gra	ade :	- 2	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
					Potatoes :-	109							
Wetness (	Class	:- I		Moisture Defic	it Wheat :- '	100			Main Limiting	g Factor(s) :	- Workabilit	ty	
Wetness (	irade :	:- 2		Moisture Balan					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
					į	Remarks :-							
RPG23/WJC				Droughtiness G	rade :-	1		İ					

	SITE NAME Tolpuddle/Puddletown Bypass Alternatives			PROFILE NUMBER		SLOPE AND	ASPECT	LAND USE		Av Rainfall	:- 941 :- 1524		PARENT	MATERIAL
Tolpuddl	e/Puddleto	wn Bypass Alte	ernatives	DATE		GRID REFER	RENCE	-    Permanen	t Grass	FC Days Climatic gra	:- 191 de:- 1		Allu 	vium
				2/5/91		SY 776	940						 	
Horizon Number	Lowest Av Depth (cm)	Matrix and   Ped Face   Colours	   Texture 	Stoniness: Size, Shape, Type, and Field Method	Abundano	tling e, Contrast nd Colour	Structure: Development Size and Shape	Pores and Fissures	   Structural   Condition	Consistence	Roots Abundance Size and Nature	Calcium   Carbonate   Content	Mangan   Concs   etc	Horizon Boundary: Distinctness and Form
1	15	10YR33	OMZCL	0										
2	   29 	10YR42	   MCL.	   1% 	Common	ochreous	Moderate, Coarse   prismatic	   	   Moderate 	   Friable	   	 	   	   
3	   65 	10YR52	HCL	45%	Common ochreous –				-	<u> </u>	   	;   	!   	
4	120	10YR62	SCL	15%					 	 	   		! ! 	
Depth to Permeable	i Slowly e Horizon	i	i	Available Water	:- N/A es:-	<u> </u>	.i	<u></u>	Final ALC Gr	ade	i::- 3b	<u>i</u>	<u>i                                     </u>	
Wetness	Class	:- 4		   Moisture Defic	it Wheat	:- 100				   Main Limitin 	g Factor(s)	:- Wetness		
				!   	Potato	es :- 91				 				
Wetness Grade :- 3b				Moisture Balance Wheat :-						!   				
				N/A Potatoes:-						   Remarks :- D   4				
RPG23/WJ	C			Droughtiness Grade :-						o once or da	,	್ ಕ್ರಾಯಾಗಿ ವರ		

	SITE NAME Tolpuddle/Puddletown Bypass Alternatives			PROFILE NUMBER 9		SLOPE AND	ASPECT	Land USE		Av Rainfall   ATO	:- 1003 :- 1489		PARENT	MATERIAL
Tolpuddl	e/Puddleto	wn Bypass Alte	ernatives	DATE		GRID REFER	ENCE	Ley		FC Days Climatic gra	:- 201 de:- 1		Cha 	1k
				2/5/91		 	940	 						
Horizon Number	Lowest Av Depth (cm)	Matrix and   Ped Face   Colours	   Texture 	Stoniness: Size, Shape, Type, and Field Method	Abundano	tling e, Contrast nd Colour	Structure: Development Size and Shape	Pores and Fissures	Structural Condition	Consistence	Roots Abundance Size and Nature	Calcium   Carbonate   Content	Mangan   Concs   etc	Horizon Boundary: Distinctness and Form
1	45	10YR43	MSL						1					
2	   120 	   75YR46 	   LMS 	     	Weak, Coarse Sub Angular Bloo			     	Moderate	   Very Friable 			     	
	 	 	ļ ļ					 	 					
Depth to	=	·		Available Water	Wheat	:- 114		•	•	Final ALC Gra	ade :	- 2		
Регпеар н	e Horizon	:		i   	Potato	es:- 95								
Wetness	Class	:- I		   Moisture Defic	it Wheat	:- 93				   Main Limiting 	g Factor(s) :	- Droughtin	ess	
			 	Potato	es :- 83									
Wetness (	Wetness Grade :- 1				   Moisture Balance Wheat :- 21 									
				Potatoes :- 12 						Remarks:-				
RPG23/WJ	C			Droughtiness G	rade	:- 3								

SITE NAM	E			PROFILE NUMBER	SLOPE AND   2°	ASPECT	Land USE 		Av Rainfall ATO	:- 927 :- 1508		PARENT	MATERIAL
To1pudd1	e/Puddleto	wn Bypass Alte	rnatives	DATE	GRID REFE	RENCE	   Ley		FC Days Climatic gra	:- 189 de:- 1		Ch	alk
				   3/5/91	   SY 79	B 937	 		<u> </u>				
Horizon Number	Lowest Av Depth (cm)	Matrix and   Ped Face   Colours	Texture	Stoniness: Size, Shape, Type, and Field Method	Mottling Abundance, Contrast Size and Colour	Structure: Development Size and Shape	Pores and Fissures	Structural Condition	Consistence	Roots Abundance Size and Nature	Calcium  Carbonate  Content	Mangan   Concs   etc	Horizon  Boundary: Distinctness and Form
1	33	10YR32	MCL	5%			   		   	   		 	
2	   60 	   10YR33 	i   HCL 	   15% 		Moderate, Coarse,   Sub Angular Blocky	   	Moderate	   Friable 	     		[  -  -  -	
3	120	10YR44	HCL 	25%		Moderate, Coarse,   Sub Angular Blocky	   	Moderate	   Friable 	   			
Depth to		J		Available Water	Wheat :- 139				Final ALC Gr	ade :	- 2		
Permeab I	e Horizon :	:- <del>-</del>		<u> </u> 	Potatoes :- 112								
Wetness	Class :	:- I		   Moisture Defic 	it Wheat :- 98				   Main Limiting 	g Factor(s) :	- Workabili	ty	
				   	Potatoes :- 89								
Wetness	Grade :	:- 2		Moisture Balance Wheat :- 41									····
				Potatoes :- 23					Remarks :-			•	
RPG23/WJ	C			Droughtiness G	rade :- 1								

SITE NAM	E			·		ND ASPECT	LAND USE		Av Rainfall :- 917   ATO :- 1505			PARENT MATERIAL			
Tolpuddle/Puddletown Bypass Alternatives				DATE	GRID R	GRID REFERENCE		nt Grass	FC Days :- 188   Climatic grade:- 1			Alluvium			
				3/5/91 SY 800 S		00 939									
Horizon Number	Lowest Av Depth (cm)	Matrix and   Ped Face   Colours	Texture	Stoniness: Size, Shape, Type, and Field Method	Mottling Abundance, Contra Size and Colour		Pores and Fissures	Structural   Condition	Consistence	Roots   Abundance   Size and   Nature	Calcium Carbonate Content	Mangan   Concs   etc	Horizon Boundary: Distinctness and Form		
1	9	10YR42	MZCL							<u> </u> 		<u> </u>			
2	   34 	   10YR52 	MZCL	 	Common ochreous	Moderate, Coarse, Angular Blocky	<0.5%	Moderate	Friable	   		   	   		
3	   55 	   10YR41 	[   ZL 	 	Many ochreous	Moderate, Coarse, Prismatic	<0.5%	   Moderate 	Friable	     		     	   		
4	80	10YR41	ZL   		Common ochreous	Moderate, Coarse, Angular Blocky	<0.5%	Moderate 	   Friable 	 		     	 		
			     	 				     	     	]     			     		
Depth to	-	L	1	Available Water Wheat :- 144						Final ALC Grade :- 3b					
Permeable	e Horizon	:- 35 cm		Potatoes :- 147											
Wetness (	Class	:- 4		Moisture Deficit Wheat :- 98					Main Limiting Factor(s) :- Wetness						
				Potatoes :- 89											
Wetness (	Grade	:- 3b		Moisture Balance Wheat :- 46					 						
				Potatoes:- 58					Remarks:-						
RPG23/WJC				Droughtiness Grade :- 1											

SITE NAME				· ·		DPE AND ASPECT 4°		LAND USE 		Av Rainfall :- 941   ATO :- 1524			PARENT MATERIAL	
Tolpuddle/Puddletown Bypass Alternatives				DATE	GRID RE	GRID REFERENCE		   Permanent Grass		FC Days :- 191   Climatic grade:- 1			Chalk	
				3/5/91	   SY 7	   SY 772 939								
Horizon Number	Lowest Av Depth (cm)	Matrix and   Ped Face   Colours	Texture	Stoniness: Size, Shape, Type, and Field Method	Mottling Abundance, Contra Size and Colour		Pores and Fissures	Structural   Condition	Consistence	Roots   Abundance   Size and   Nature	Calcium Carbonate Content	Mangan   Concs   etc	Horizon Boundary: Distinctness and Form	
1	25	10YR44	MSL	2%						[			<u> </u>	
2	   120 	10YR46 	   MSL 	6%	 	Moderate, Coarse,   Sub Angular Blocky	   	Moderate	   Friable 	     	     	     	   	
		     	1     	   			   	   	     	1 	! 	1     	   	
		   	     	      -	   			   	   	     		     	 	
		[ 	<u> </u>	<u>}</u>	 					 	<u> </u>		 	
Depth to	_		•	Available Water Wheat :- 157					Final ALC Grade :- 1					
Permeab I	e Horizon	:		Potatoes :- 113										
Wetness (	Class	:- I		Moisture Deficit Wheat :- 100					Main Limiting Factor(s) :-					
				Potatoes :- 91					   					
Wetness (	Grade	:- 1		Moisture Balance Wheat :- 57					]   					
				Potatoes :- 22 					Remarks :					
RPG23/WJC	3			Droughtiness Grade :- 1										

# DESCRIPTION OF THE GRADES AND SUBGRADES

The ALC grades and subgrades are described below in terms of the types of limitation which can occur, typical cropping range and the expected level and consistency of yield. In practice, the grades are defined by reference to physical characteristics and the grading guidance and cut-offs for limitation factors in Section 3 enable land to be ranked in accordance with these general descriptions. The most productive and flexible land falls into Grades 1 and 2 and Subgrade 3a and collectively comprises about one-third of the agricultural land in England and Wales. About half the land is of moderate quality in Subgrade 3b or poor quality in Grade 4. Although less significant on a national scale such land can be locally valuable to agriculture and the rural economy where poorer farmland predominates. The remainder is very poor quality land in Grade 5, which mostly occurs in the uplands.

Descriptions are also given of other land categories which may be used on ALC maps.

# Grade 1 - excellent quality agricultural land

Land with no or very minor limitations to agricultural use. A very wide range of agricultural and horticultural crops can be grown and commonly includes top fruit, soft fruit, salad crops and winter harvested vegetables. Yields are high and less variable than on land of lower quality.

# Grade 2 - very good quality agricultural land

Land with minor limitations which affect crop yield, cultivations or harvesting. A wide range of agricultural and horticultural crops can usually be grown but on some land in the grade there may be reduced flexibility due to difficulties with the production of the more demanding crops such as winter harvested vegetables and arable root crops. The level of yield is generally high but may be lower or more variable than Grade 1.

# Grade 3 - good to moderate quality agricultural land

Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops, timing and type of cultivation, harvesting or the level of yield. Where more demanding crops are grown yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2.

# Subgrade 3a - good quality agricultural land

Land capable of consistently producing moderate to high yields of a narrow range of arable crops, especially cereals, or moderate yields of a wide range of crops including cereals, grass, oilseed rape, potatoes, sugar beet and the less demanding horticultural crops.

# Subgrade 3b - moderate quality agricultural land

Land capable of producing moderate yields of a narrow range of crops, principally cereals and grass or lower yields of a wider range of crops or high yields of grass which can be grazed or harvested over most of the year.

# Grade 4 – poor quality agricultural land

Land with severe limitations which significantly restrict the range of crops and/or level of yields. It is mainly suited to grass with occasional arable crops (eg cereals and forage crops) the yields of which are variable. In moist climates, yields of grass may be moderate to high but there may be difficulties in utilisation. The grade also includes very droughty arable land.

# Grade 5 - very poor quality agricultural land

Land with very severe limitations which restrict use to permanent pasture or rough grazing, except for occasional pioneer forage crops.

# Descriptions of other land categories used on ALC maps

# Urban

Built-up or 'hard' uses with relatively little potential for a return to agriculture including: housing, industry, commerce, education, transport, religious buildings, cemeteries. Also, hard-surfaced sports facilities, permanent caravan sites and vacant land; all types of derelict land, including mineral workings which are only likely to be reclaimed using derelict land grants.

# Non-agricultural

'Soft' uses where most of the land could be returned relatively easily to agriculture, including: golf courses, private parkland, public open spaces, sports fields, allotments and soft-surfaced areas on airports/airfields. Also active mineral workings and refuse tips where restoration conditions to 'soft' after-uses may apply.

### Woodland

Includes commercial and non-commercial woodland. A distinction may be made as necessary between farm and non-farm woodland.

# Agricultural buildings

Includes the normal range of agricultural buildings as well as other relatively permanent structures such as glasshouses. Temporary structures (eg polythene tunnels erected for lambing) may be ignored.

# Open water

Includes lakes, ponds and rivers as map scale permits.

# Land not surveyed

Agricultural land which has not been surveyed.

Where the land use includes more than one of the above land cover types, eg buildings in large grounds, and where map scale permits, the cover types may be shown separately. Otherwise, the most extensive cover type will usually be shown.