A1
Isle of Thanet Local Plan
Site 2 Kent International
Business Park
Agricultural Land Classification
ALC Map and Report
September 1994

AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION REPORT

ISLE OF THANET LOCAL PLAN SITE 2 KENT INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS PARK

1 Summary

- ADAS was commissioned by MAFF's Land Use Planning Unit to provide information on land quality for five sites in the Thanet district of Kent This work forms part of MAFF's statutory input to the preparation of the Isle of Thanet Local Plan
- Site 2 comprises approximately 27 hectares of land to the north west of Manston Aerodrome near Minster east Kent. An Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) survey was carried out during September 1994. The survey was undertaken at a detailed level of approximately one boring per hectare. A total of 29 borings and two soil inspection pits were assessed in accordance with MAFF's revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land. (MAFF 1988) These guidelines provide a framework for classifying land according to the extent to which its physical or chemical characteristics impose a long term limitation on its use for agriculture.
- The work was carried out by members of the Resource Planning Team in the Guildford Statutory Group of ADAS
- 1 4 At the time of the survey the site was a mixture of cereal stubble and ploughed land
- The distribution of grades and subgrades is shown on the attached ALC map and the areas are given in the table below. The map has been drawn at a scale of 1 10 000. It is accurate at this scale but any enlargement would be misleading.

Table 1 Distribution of Grades and Subgrades

Grade	Area (ha)	% of Agricultural Land
2	19 7	74 1
3a	<u>6.9</u>	<u>25 9</u>
Total area of site	26 6	100%

- Appendix 1 gives a general description of the grades and landuse categories identified in this survey. The main classes are described in terms of the type of limitation that can occur the typical cropping range and expected level and consistency of yield.
- The land surveyed has been classified mainly as very good quality. Grade 2 with smaller areas of good quality. Subgrade 3a. The land is affected by soil droughtiness limitations. Typically silty or silty clay loam soils which are variably flinty overlie chalk or chalky drift deposits at varying depths. The interaction between these soil properties and the dry climate which occurs at this locality.

causes profile available water to be restricted. The degree of restriction depends upon the soil textures structures stone contents and depth to underlying chalky deposits and determines the grade.

2 Climate

- 2 1 The climatic criteria are considered first when classifying land as climate can be overriding in the sense that severe limitations will restrict land to low grades irrespective of favourable site or soil conditions
- The main parameters used in the assessment of an overall climatic limitation are average annual rainfall as a measure of overall wetness and accumulated temperature as a measure of the relative warmth of a locality
- A detailed assessment of the prevailing climate was made by interpolation from a 5km grid point dataset (Met Office 1989). The details are given in the table below and these show that there is no overall climatic limitation affecting the site. However climatic factors do interact with soil factors to influence soil wetness and droughtiness limitations. At this locality, which is relatively warm and dry in a national sense low field capacity days and high soil moisture deficits increase the likelihood of soil droughtiness being a problem whilst soil wetness is less likely to occur.
- 2.4 No local climatic factors such as exposure or frost risk are believed to affect the site

Table 2 Climatic Interpolations

Grid Reference	TR315673	TR317669
Altitude (m AOD)	25	35
Accumulated Temperature		
(degree days Jan-June)	1461	1449
Average Annual Rainfall (mm)	601	604
Field Capacity (days)	121	121
Moisture Deficit Wheat (mm)	127	125
Moisture Deficit Potatoes (mm)	125	123
Overall Climatic Grade	1	1

3 Relief

The site lies at an altitude of approximately 25-35m AOD rising gently towards the south east. A small dry valley occurs towards the north west of the site but elsewhere the site is only slightly undulating. Nowhere on the site do gradient or relief affect land quality.

4 Geology and Soil

- British Geological Survey (1980) Sheet 274 shows the entire site to be underlain by Upper Chalk This is overlain by drift deposits of Head Brickearth towards the north of the site in association with the dry valley and across the eastern part of the site
- 4 2 Soil Survey of England and Wales (1980) Soils of Kent shows the majority of the site to comprise variably chalky and flinty soils in Head associated with shallow chalky soils (SSEW 1980) Along the southern boundary of the site argillic brown earths described as silty soils in brickearth have been mapped
- 4 3 Detailed field examination found the soils on the site to comprise well drained silty clay loam profiles overlying chalky drift or chalk at variable depths. A number of profiles are deep with chalk not being encountered

5 Agricultural Land Classification

- Table 1 provides the details of the area measurements for each grade and the distribution of each grade is shown on the attached ALC map
- The location of the soil observation points are shown on the attached sample point map

Grade 2

Very good quality land has been mapped across much of the site where soil droughtiness limitations are only minor

Profiles typically comprise calcareous or non calcareous medium silty clay loam topsoils containing 1 2% total flints by volume. These overlie similar textures silt loam or heavy silty clay loam upper subsoils with approximately 2% flints or chalk fragments. Profiles are similarly textured in the lower subsoil and either continue as such to at least 1 2m or pass to horizons of chalky drift containing 20-50% chalk below about 45 80 cm, and becoming progressively more chalky with depth Commonly profiles were impenetrable (to soil auger) at variable depths due to 2 5% flints in the chalky drift deposits

These soils are well drained Wetness Class I However profile available water is slightly restricted due to the interaction of soil properties and climatic factors. It is the chalky lower subsoils in combination with an especially warm dry climatic regime which leads to a slight risk of drought stress. Yield potential may be affected accordingly

Subgrade 3a

Good quality land has been mapped across the slightly higher land on the site. Here the soils are generally shallower over the chalky drift deposits than elsewhere and the soil droughtiness restrictions are therefore slightly more limiting than for land classified as Grade 2

Profiles are similar to those described in paragraph 5 3 above with very slightly stony (ie 2-3% total flints by volume) medium silty clay loam topsoils over similar upper subsoils. Typically profiles pass to chalky drift horizons containing 35-50% chalk fragments between 30 and 45 cm or pass to hard white chalk below about 40 60 cm.

The higher volumes of chalk stones and/or the relatively shallow soil depth over chalk in these profiles combined with the dry climate restrict profile available water to a greater extent than is the case on the deeper soils graded as 2 Subgrade 3a is therefore appropriate

ADAS Ref 2012/218/94 MAFF Ref EL20/248 Resource Planning Team Guildford Statutory Group ADAS Reading

SOURCES OF REFERENCE

British Geological Survey (1980) Sheet No 274 1 50 000 Solid & Drift Edition

MAFF (1988) Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales Revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land

Meteorological Office (1989) Climatic datasets for Agricultural Land Classification

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1980) Soils of Kent and accompanying bulletin

APPENDIX I

DESCRIPTION OF THE GRADES AND SUBGRADES

Grade 1 Excellent Quality Agricultural Land

Land with no or very minor limitations to agricultural use. A very wide range of agricultural and horticultural crops can be grown and commonly includes top fruit soft fruit salad crops and winter harvested vegetables. Yields are high and less variable than on land of lower quality.

Grade 2 Very Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land with minor limitations which affect crop yield cultivations or harvesting. A wide range of agricultural or horticultural crops can usually be grown but on some land of this grade there may be reduced flexibility due to difficulties with the production of the more demanding crops such as winter harvested vegetables and arable root crops. The level of yield is generally high but may be lower or more variable than Grade 1 land.

Grade 3 Good to Moderate Quality Land

Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops the timing and type of cultivation harvesting or the level of yield. When more demanding crops are grown yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2.

Subgrade 3a Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of consistently producing moderate to high yields of a narrow range of arable crops especially cereals or moderate yields of a wide range of crops including cereals grass oilseed rape potatoes sugar beet and the less demanding horticultural crops

Subgrade 3b Moderate Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of producing moderate yields of a narrow range of crops principally cereals and grass or lower yields of a wider range of crops or high yields of grass which can be grazed or harvested over most of the year

Grade 4 Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which significantly restrict the range of crops and/or the level of yields. It is mainly suited to grass with occasional arable crops (eg. cereals and forage crops) the yields of which are variable. In moist climates, yields of grass may be moderate to high but there may be difficulties in utilisation. The grade also includes very droughty arable land.

Grade 5 Very Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which restrict use to permanent pasture or rough grazing except for occasional pioneer forage crops

Urban

Built-up or hard uses with relatively little potential for a return to agriculture including housing industry commerce education transport religous buildings cemetries. Also hard-surfaced sports facilities permanent caravan sites and vacant land all types of derelict land including mineral workings which are only likely to be reclaimed using derelict land grants.

Non-agricultural

'Soft' uses where most of the land could be returned relatively easily to agriculture including private parkland public open spaces sports fields allotments and soft-surfaced areas on airports. Also active mineral workings and refuse tips where restoration conditions to 'soft after uses may apply

Woodland

Includes commercial and non-commercial woodland A distinction may be made as necessary between farm and non-farm woodland

Agricultural Buildings

Includes the normal range of agricultural buildings as well as other relatively permanent structures such as glasshouses Temporary structures (eg polythene tunnels erected for lambing) may be ignored

Open Water

Includes lakes ponds and rivers as map scale permits

Land Not Surveyed

Agricultural land which has not been surveyed

Where the land use includes more than one of the above eg buildings in large grounds and where map scale permits the cover types may be shown separately. Otherwise the most extensive cover type will be shown

APPENDIX II

FIELD ASSESSMENT OF SOIL WETNESS CLASS

SOIL WETNESS CLASSIFICATION

Soil wetness is classified according to the depth and duration of waterlogging in the soil profile. Six soil wetness classes are identified and are defined in the table below

Definition of Soil Wetness Classes

Wetness Class	Duration of Waterlogging ¹										
ĭ	The soil profile is not wet within 70 cm depth for more than 30 days in most years 2										
п	The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 31 90 days in most years or if there is no slowly permeable layer within 80 cm depth it is wet within 70 cm for more than 90 days but only wet within 40 cm depth for 30 days in most years										
ш	The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 91 180 days in most years or if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth it is wet within 70 cm for more than 180 days but only wet within 40 cm depth for between 31-90 days in most years										
IV	The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for more than 180 days but not wet within 40 cm depth for more than 210 days in most years or if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth it is wet within 40 cm depth for 91 210 days in most years										
V	The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for 211-335 days in most years										
VI	The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for more than 335 days in most years										

Soils can be allocated to a wetness class on the basis of quantitative data recorded over a period of many years or by the interpretation of soil profile characteristics site and climatic factors. Adequate quantitative data will rarely be available for ALC surveys and therefore the interpretative method of field assessment is used to identify soil wetness class in the field. The method adopted here is common to ADAS and the SSLRC

¹The number of days specified is not necessarily a continuous period

² In most years is defined as more than 10 out of 20 years

APPENDIX III

SOIL PIT AND SOIL BORING DESCRIPTIONS

Contents

Soil Abbreviations - Explanatory Note

Soil Pit Descriptions

Database Printout - Boring Level Information

Database Printout - Horizon Level Information

SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTIONS EXPLANATORY NOTE

Soil pit and auger boring information collected during ALC fieldwork is held on a computer database. This uses notations and abbreviations as set out below

Boring Header Information

- 1 GRID REF national 100 km grid square and 8 figure grid reference
- 2 USE Land use at the time of survey The following abbreviations are used

ARA	Arable	WHT	Wheat	BAR	Barley
CER	Cereals	OAT	Oats	MZE	Maize
OSR	Oilseed rape	BEN	Field Beans	BRA	Brassicae
POT	Potatoes	SBT	Sugar Beet	FCD	Fodder Crops
LIN	Linseed	FRT	Soft and Top Fruit	FLW	Fallow
PGR	Permanent Pasture	eLEY	Ley Grass	RGR	Rough Grazing
SCR	Scrub	CFW	Conferous Woodland	\mathbf{DCW}	Deciduous Wood
HTH	Heathland	BOG	Bog or Marsh	FLW	Fallow
PLO	Ploughed	SAS	Set aside	OTH	Other
HRT	Horticultural Crop	os			

- 3 GRDNT Gradient as estimated or measured by a hand held optical clinometer
- 4 GLEY/SPL Depth in centimetres (cm) to gleying and/or slowly permeable layers
- 5 AP (WHEAT/POTS) Crop-adjusted available water capacity
- 6 MB (WHEAT/POTS) Moisture Balance (Crop adjusted AP crop adjusted MD)
- 7 DRT Best grade according to soil droughtiness
- 8 If any of the following factors are considered significant Y will be entered in the relevant column

MREL	Microrelief limitation	FLOOD	Flood risk	EROSN	Soil erosion risk
EXP	Exposure limitation	FROST	Frost prone	DIST	Disturbed land
CHEM	Chemical limitation				

9 LIMIT The main limitation to land quality The following abbreviations are used

OC	Overall Climate	\mathbf{AE}	Aspect	$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{X}$	Exposure
FR	Frost Risk	GR	Gradient	MR	Microrelief
FL	Flood Risk	TX	Topsoil Texture	DP	Soil Depth
CH	Chemical	WE	Wetness	WK	Workability
DR	Drought	ER	Erosion Risk	WD	Soil Wetness/Droughtiness
ST	Topsoil Stonines	SS			-

Soil Pits and Auger Borings

1 **TEXTURE** soil texture classes are denoted by the following abbreviations

S	Sand	LS	Loamy Sand	SL	Sandy Loam
SZL	Sandy Silt Loam	CL	Clay Loam	ZCL	Silty Clay Loam
ZL	Silt Loam	SCL	Sandy Clay Loam	C	Clay
SC	Sandy Clay	ZC	Silty Clay	OL	Organic Loam
P	Peat	SP	Sandy Peat	LP	Loamy Peat
PL	Peaty Loam	PS	Peaty Sand	MZ	Marine Light Silts

For the sand loamy sand sandy loam and sandy silt loam classes the predominant size of sand fraction will be indicated by the use of the following prefixes

- Fine (more than 66% of the sand less than 0 2mm)
- M Medium (less than 66% fine sand and less than 33% coarse sand)
- C Coarse (more than 33% of the sand larger than 0 6mm)

The clay loam and silty clay loam classes will be sub divided according to the clay content M Medium (<27% clay) H Heavy (27 35% clay)

- 2 MOTTLE COL Mottle colour using Munsell notation
- 3 MOTTLE ABUN Mottle abundance expressed as a percentage of the matrix or surface described

F few <2% C common 2-20% M many 20-40% VM very many 40% +

- 4 **MOTTLE CONT** Mottle contrast
 - F faint indistinct mottles evident only on close inspection
 - **D** distinct mottles are readily seen
 - P prominent mottling is conspicuous and one of the outstanding features of the horizon
- 5 PED COL Ped face colour using Munsell notation
- 6 GLEY If the soil horizon is gleyed a Y will appear in this column. If slightly gleyed an S will appear
- 7 STONE LITH Stone Lithology One of the following is used

HK	all hard rocks and stones	SLST	soft politic of dolimitic limestone
CH	chalk	FSST	soft fine grained sandstone
ZR	soft argillaceous or silty rocks	GH	gravel with non porous (hard) stones
MCCT	AAA A A	CC	

MSST soft medium grained sandstone GS gravel with porous (soft) stones

SI soft weathered igneous/metamorphic rock

Stone contents (>2cm, >6cm and total) are given in percentages (by volume)

8 STRUCT the degree of development size and shape of soil peds are described using the following notation

degree of development WK weakly developed MD moderately developed

ST strongly developed

ped size F fine M medium

C coarse VC very coarse

ped shape S single grain M massive

GR granular AB angular blocky

SAB sub-angular blocky PR prismatic

PL platy

9 CONSIST Soil consistence is described using the following notation

L loose VF very friable FR friable FM firm VM very firm

EM extremely firm EH extremely hard

10 SUBS STR Subsoil structural condition recorded for the purpose of calculating profile droughtiness G good M moderate P poor

- 11 **POR** Soil porosity If a soil horizon has less than 0.5% biopores >0.5 mm a 'Y' will appear in this column
- 12 IMP If the profile is impenetrable to rooting a 'Y' will appear in this column at the appropriate horizon
- 13 SPL Slowly permeable layer If the soil horizon is slowly permeable a 'Y' will appear in this column
- 14 CALC If the soil horizon is calcareous a Y will appear in this column
- 15 Other notations

APW available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for wheat

APP available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for potatoes

MBW moisture balance wheat MBP moisture balance potatoes

program ALCO12 LIST OF BORINGS HEADERS 17/02/95 THANET LP SITE 2

SA	MPL	.E	A	SPECT				- WETI	NESS	-WH	EAT-	-PC	TS-	M I	REL.	EROSN	FRO	ST	CHEM	ALC	
NO		GRID REF	USE		GRDNT	GLEY	SPL	CLASS	GRADE	AP	МВ	AP	MB	DRT	FLOOD	8	XP	DIST	LIMIT		COMMENTS
•	1	TR31406740	PLO	NE	01			1	1	120	7	124	-1	3A					DR	2	Imp80 DR to 12
	1P	TR31476722	PLO	NW	01			1	1	116	-11	118	-7	3A					DR	ЗА	Roots 78
•	2	TR31406730	PL0	NE	01			1	1	129	2	122	-3	3A					DR	ЗА	Almost 2
_	2P	TR31336682	PL0					1	1	172	45	124	-1	2					DR	2	
	3	TR31503730	PL0					1	1	161	34	125	0	2					DR	2	Valley
	4	TR31606730	PL0	s	02			1	1	113	-14	121	-4	3A					DR	2	Imp75 DR to 12
	5	TR31406720	PLO					1	1	179	52	131	6	2					DR	2	
	6	TR31503720	PL0					1	1	072	-55	072	-53	4					DR	ЗА	Imp 45 See 1P
	7	TR31603720	PL0					1	1	177	50	145	20	1						1	Valley
1	8	TR31706720	PLO					1	1	096	-31	102	-23	3B					DR	38	Chalk 40
	9	TR31403710	PLO					1	1	105	22	118	-7	3B					DR	2	Imp70 DR to 1
_ 1	0	TR31503710	PLO					1	1	092	-35	098	-27	3B					DR	3B	Chalk 40
1	1	TR31603710	PLO					1	1	124	3	136	11	3A					DR	2	Imp70 DR to 12
1	2	TR31706710	PLO					1	1	162	35	132	7	2					DR	2	Valley
_ 1	3	TR31406700	PLO					1	1	097	30	102	-23	38					DR	ЗА	Imp60 DR to 12
1	4	TR31506700	PLO					1	1	098	-29	105	-20	3B					DR	2	DR to 120
– 1	5	TR31606700	PLO					1	1	128	1	121	-4	3A					DR	2	Imp93 DR to 12
_ 1	6	TR31706700	PL0					1	1	150	23	123	-2	2					DR	2	Chalk 95
1	7	TR31306690	PLO	SW	01			1	1	117	-10	116	-9	3A					DR	ЗА	Chalk 60
— 1	8	TR31406690	PL0	SW	01			1	1	098	-29	104	-21	38					DR	ЗА	DR to 120
1	9	TR31506690	PLO					1	1	156	29	123	-2	2					DR	2	
2	0	TR31606690	PLO					1	1	166	39	134	9	2					DR	2	Almost 1
2	!1	TR31706690	SAS					1	1	134	7	125	0	2					DR	2	
a 2	2	TR31856690	PL0					1	1	115	-12	121	-4	3A					DR	2	DR to 120
2	4	TR31306680	PLO					1	1	144	17	124	-1	2					DR	2	Imp 93
_ 2	!5	TR31406680	PL0	W	02			1	1	111	-16	110	-15	ЗА					DR	ЗА	Chalk 50
2	6	TR31506680	PLO	M	01			1	1	096	-31	102	-23	3B					DR	ЗА	DR to 120
2	8	TR31706680	SAS					1	1	143		116	-9	2					DR	2	
2	9	TR31806680	SAS					1	1	148	21	121	-4	2					DR	2	
3	0.	TR31906680	SAS						1	124	-3	118	-7	3A					OR	2	Imp90 OR to 12
3	31	TR32006680	SAS					1	1	154	27	116	-9	2					DR	2	

SAMPLE					-MOTTLES		PED						STRUCT/				
SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	COL	ABUN	CONT	COL	GLEY	>2 :	>6	LITH	тот	CONSIST	STR POR IMP SPL	CALC		
n 1	0-33	mzcl	10YR43 00						0	0	HR	1					
	33-80	mzcl	10YR54 00						0	0	HR	2		М	Y	IMP	FLINTS
1P	0-29	mzcl	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	3			Υ		
	29-45	mzcl	10YR54 00						0	0	HR	2	MDCSAB V	FG	Υ	+ 2%	CHALK
-	45-78	mzcl	10YR74 00						0	0	СН	60		м	Υ	+ 15	FLINTS
2	0-34	mzcl	10YR43 00						0	0	HR	1					
2	34-55	mzcl	10YR54 00						0	0	HR	5		М	Υ		
_	55-62	hzcl	10YR54 00						0	0	HR	5		М	Υ		
•	62-70	С	10YR56 00						0	0	HR	5		М	Υ		
1	70-77	hzcl	10YR74 00						0	0	СН	50		М	Υ	CHAL	CY DRIFT
•	77-100	ch	10YR81 00						0	0		0		P	Υ	IMP	HARD CHALK
2P	0 25	mzcl	10YR42 00						0	0		0					
	25-45	mzcl	10YR54 00						0	0		0	MDCSAB F	R M			
	45-72	hzcl	75YR46 00						0	0		0	MDCSAB F	мм			
•	72-100	mzcl	10YR56 00						0	0		0	MDCSAB F	R M			
	100-120	fszl	10YR56 00						0	0		0	WKCSAB V	F G			
_ 3	0-32	mzcl	10YR43 00						0	0		0					
	32-50	mzc1	10YR54 00						0	0		0		М			
•	50-120	mzcl	10YR54 00						0	0	СН	2		М	Υ		
4	0 29	mzcl	10YR43 00						0	0	HR	1			Y		
•	29 40	mzcl	10YR54 00						0	0	CH	2		М	Υ		
	40-50	mzcl	10YR64 00						0	0	CH	5		М	Υ		
•	50 70	mzcl	10YR64 00						0	0	СН	20		М	Y	CHAL	KY DRIFT
	70-75	mzcl	10YR74 00						0	0	СН	50		м	Υ	IMP	+5% FLINTS
_ 5	0-25	mzcl	10YR43 00						0	0	HR	2					
	25-40	z1	10YR44 00						0	0		0		М			
	40-90	mzcl	10YR54 00						0	0		0		М			
_	90-120	z1	10YR72 54						0	0		0		М			
6	0-29	mzc1	10YR43 00						0	0	HR	2					
_	29-45	mzcl	10YR64 00						0	0	СН	35		М	Y	IMP	FLINTS
7	0-28	mzcl	10YR43 00						0	0	HR	2					
_	28-75	z1	10YR54 56						0	0		0		М			
_	75-100	hzcl	10YR56 00						0	0		0		М			
1	100 120	С	10YR56 00						0	0		0		М			
8	0-29	mzcl	10YR43 00						0	0	HR	3					
	29-40	mzcl	10YR64 00						0	0	CH	50		M	Y		
	40-70	ch	05Y 82 00						0	0		0		М	Y		
9	0-26	mzcl	10YR43 00						0	0	HR	2					
	26-35	hzcl	10YR54 00						0	0		0		М			
₩	35-55	С	10YR54 00						0	0		0		М			
_	55-70	hzcl	10YR64 00						0	0	СН	35		М	Υ	IMP	FLINTS
I																	

					MOTTLES	 -	PED		-	4OT2	IES	- STRUCT/	SUBS		
SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	COL	ABUN	CONT	COL	GLEY >2	<u> </u>	6 L1	TH TO	OT CONSIST	STR POR	IMP SPL CALC	
10	0-28	mzcl	10YR43 00					C)	0 HF	₹ 3	3			
	28-40	mzcl	10YR64 00					C)	0 C	1 50)	М	Y	
_	40-70	ch	05Y 82 00					C)	0	()	М	Y	
11	0-22	mzcl	10YR43 00					c)	0 н	₹ 2	2			
•	22-45	zì	10YR54 00					C)	0	()	М		
•	45-70	zl	10YR64 00					C)	0 CH	ł 35	5	М	Υ	IMP FLINTS
12	0-27	mzcl	10YR42 00					c)	0 HF	₹ 2	?			
	27-45	z٦	10YR54 00					C)	0	()	М		
.	45-90	mzcl	10YR54 0 0					C)	0	()	М		
	90 120	С	10YR56 00					C)	0	()	М		
13	0-25	mzcl	10YR43 00					C)	0 н	2	2			
	25-45	hzcl	10YR54 00					C)	0	()	M		
	45-60	hzcl	10YR64 00					C)	0 CI	1 35	5	М	Υ	IMP FLINTS
14	0-30	mzcl	10YR42 00					C)	0 н	₹ .				
j	30-48	mzcl	10YR54 00					C)	O H	₹ :	3	M		
-	48-60	hzcl	10YR54 00					C)	0 H	٦ ()	М		IMP FLINTS
15	0-29	mzcl	10YR42 00					()	0 н	₹ 2	2		Y	
	29 55	mzcl	10YR54 00					()	0 HI	₹ 2	2	M	Y	
_	55 60	hzc1	10YR54 00					()	0 HI	ર :	2	М	Υ	
	60-70	С	10YR54 56					()	0 HI	₹ 2	2	М	Y	
5	70-93	hc1	10YR64 00					()	0 CI	H 30)	М	Y	IMP FLINTS
16	0-30	mzcl	10YR43 00					()	0 HI	₹ ;	2		Y	
	30-45	mzcl	10YR54 00					()	0 HI	₹ '	1	М	Υ	
•	45-60	hzcl	10YR54 00					()	0 H	₹ '	1	М	Υ	
_	60-80	mzcl	10YR64 00					()	0 HI	₹ '	1	М	Υ	
	80-95	mzcl	10YR74 00					()	0 CI	4 30)	М	Y	CHALKY DRIFT
	95-120	ch	10YR81 00					(כ	0	()	Р	Y	
17	0-30	mzcl	10YR43 00					C		0 н		2		Υ	
•	30-60	mzcl	10YR54 00							0 C	٦ :	3	М	Y	+ 2% FLINTS
_	60-85	ch	10YR81 00					()	0	()	Р	Y	
18	0-30	mzc1	10YR42 00							0 н		2			
	30-40	mzcl	10YR54 00					()	0 H	R 2	2	М		
_	40-48	hzcl	10YR54 00							0 HI		2	М		
	48-55	С	10YR54 00							0 HI		2	М		
	55–60	hzc1	10YR54 56					()	0 CI	1 30)	М	Υ	IMP FLINTS
19	0-29	mzcl	10YR43 00							0 HI		1			
	29-90	mzcl	10YR54 00							0 HI		2	М		
	90-100	С	10YR54 00							0 HI		2	М		
1	100-120	hc1	10YR64 00					()	0 CI	1 10)	М	Y	

----MOTTLES---- PED ----STONES --- STRUCT/ SUBS

					MOTTLES	5	PED			-ST	ONES		STRUCT/	SUBS			
SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	COL	ABUN	CONT	COL	GLEY	2 :	>6	LITH	тот	CONSIST	STR POR	IMP SPL	CALC	
20	0-30	mzcl	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	1					
	30-50	mzcl	10YR54 00							0		2		М			
	50-80	zl	10YR54 00						0	0		0		М			
	80-90	hc1	10YR54 00		F				0	0		0		М			
	90-120	C	75YR46 00		F				0	0		0		М			
21	0-32	mzcl	10YR42 00						0	0		0					
D	32-50	mzcl	10YR54 00							0 1	HR	2		М			
	50-80	mzcl	10YR64 00							0		2		М		Υ	
	80-90	mzcl	10YR74 00							0 (25		M		Ÿ	CHALKY DRIFT
	90-95	mzcl	10YR74 00							0		50		M		Y	IMP FLINTS
22	0-25	mzcl	10YR42 00						0	0 1	цр	2					
22	25 55	mzcl	10YR54 00							0	1110	0		м			
1	55-65	hzcl	75YR46 00							0 1	нρ	5		М			
	65-80	C	75YR46 00							0		5		M			IMP FLINTS
									•	•							
24	0-30	mzc1	10YR42 00							0		1				Y	
	30-68	mzcl	10YR54 00						0	0 1	HR	2		М		Υ	
	68-88	fszl	10YR64 00						0	0		0		G		Υ	
	88-93	fszl	10YR72 00						0	0 (CH	30		G		Y	IMP FLINTS
25	0-27	mzcl	10YR43 00						0	0 (СН	2				Υ	
_	27-50	mzcl	10YR54 00						0	0		0		М		Υ	
	50-80	ch	10YR81 00						0	0		0		Р		Υ	
26	0-30	mzcl	10YR42 00						0	0 1	HR	2				Υ	
	30-35	mzcl	10YR54 64							0 (5		М		Y	+ 2% FLINTS
	35-40	mzcl	10YR64 00							0 (50		M		Y	DRIFT + 2% FLINTS
,	40-60	mzcl	10YR74 00							0 (25		M		Y	IMP FLINTS
28	0 25	mcl	10YR42 43						0	0 1	מנו	2					
	25 65	mcl	10YR54 00						0	0	· · ·	0		М			
	65-120		10YR56 54						0			0		М			
		_															
29	0-25	mcl_	10YR42 00							0 1	HR	2					
_	25-65	mzcl	10YR54 00						0	0		0		M			
	65-75	hzc1	10YR54 00						0	0		0		M			
}	75–120	C	10YR56 00						0	U		0		М			
30	0-25	mzcl	10YR42 00						0	0 1	HR	2					
	25-60	hc1	10YR54 00						0	0		0		М			
•	60-65	hc1	10YR54 00						0	0 (CH	10		М		Υ	
.	65-90	hzcl	10YR64 00						0	0 (CH	30		М		Υ	IMP FLINTS
31	0-26	mcl	10YR42 00						0	0 1	нR	2					
-	26-40	mcl	10YR44 00							0		0		М			
	40-70	hc1	10YR54 00							0		0		M			

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

Site Name THANET LP SITE 2 Pit Number 1P

Grid Reference TR31476722 Average Annual Rainfall 601 mm

Accumulated Temperature 1461 degree days

Field Capacity Level 121 days

Land Use Ploughed

Slope and Aspect 01 degrees NW

HORIZON	TEXTURE	COLOUR	STONES >2	TOT STONE	LITH	MOTTLES	STRUCTURE	CONSIST	SUBSTRUCTURE	CALC	
0- 29	MZCL	10YR42 00	0	3	HR					Υ	
29- 45	MZCL	10YR54 00	0	2	HR		MDCSAB	VF	G	Y	
45- 78	MZCL	10YR74 00	0	60	CH				M	Y	

Wetness Grade 1 Wetness Class I Gleying cm SPL No SPL

Drought Grade 3A APW 116mm MBW -11 mm

APP 118mm MBP -7 mm

FINAL ALC GRADE 3A

MAIN LIMITATION Droughtiness

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

Site Name THANET LP SITE 2 Pit Number 2P

Grid Reference TR31336682 Average Annual Rainfall 601 mm

Accumulated Temperature 1461 degree days

Field Capacity Level 121 days
Land Use Ploughed
Slope and Aspect degrees

HORIZON	TEXTURE	COLOUR	STONES	2	TOT STONE	LITH	MOTTLES	STRUCTURE	CONSIST	SUBSTRUCTURE	CALC
0- 25	MZCL	10YR42 00	0		0						
25- 45	MZCL	10YR54 00	0		0			MDCSAB	FR	М	
45- 72	HZCL	75YR46 00	0		0			MDCSAB	FM	М	
72 100	MZCL	10YR56 00	0		0			MDCSAB	FR	М	
100 120	FSZL	10YR56 00	0		0			WKCSAB	VF	G	

Wetness Grade 1 Wetness Class I

Gleying cm SPL No SPL

Drought Grade 2 APW 172mm MBW 45 mm

APP 124mm MBP -1 mm

FINAL ALC GRADE 2

MAIN LIMITATION Droughtiness