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Basingstoke and Deane Borough Local Plan Site 17 Land at Razor's Farm

> Agricultural Land Classification Reconnaissance survey

> > June 1996

Resource Planning Team Guildford Statutory Group ADAS Reading ADAS Reference: 1501/86/96 MAFF Reference: EL 15/01414 LUPU Commission: 02486

### AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION REPORT

# BASINGSTOKE AND DEANE BOROUGH LOCAL PLAN SITE 17, LAND AT RAZOR'S FARM

#### Introduction

1. This report presents the findings of a reconnaissance Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) survey of 89 ha of land on the northern edge of Chineham, Basingstoke, in Hampshire. The southern edge of the site is adjacent to the Hampshire International Business Park. The survey was carried out during June1996.

2. The survey was commissioned by the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food (MAFF) Land Use Planning Unit, Reading, in connection with the preparation of the Basingstoke and Deane Borough Local Plan. This survey supersedes previous ALC surveys on this land.

3. The fieldwork was conducted by members of the Resource Planning Team in the Guildford Statutory Group in ADAS. The land has been graded in accordance with the published MAFF ALC guidelines and criteria (MAFF, 1988). A description of the ALC grades and subgrades is given in Appendix I.

4. At the time of survey the land use on the site was mostly arable (wheat, maize and peas or beans) with some permanent grass. The areas marked as 'Other Land' include woodland, scrub and farm buildings.

#### Summary

5. The findings of the survey are shown on the enclosed ALC map. The map has been drawn at a scale of 1:15,000. It is accurate at this scale but any enlargement would be misleading.

6. The area and proportions of the ALC grades and subgrades on the surveyed land are summarised in Table 1.

Grade/Other land	Area (hectares)	% Total site area	% Surveyed Area
3b Other land	81.4 7.5	91.6 8,4	100 -
Total surveyed area	81.4		100
Total site area	88.9	100	-

Table	1.	Area	of	orades	and	other	land
IAUIC	1.	Alca	UL.	214005	anu	ouici	ianu

7. The fieldwork was conducted at an average density of one boring per 4.6 hectares. A total of 18 borings and one soil pit were described.

8. All of the agricultural land has been classified as Sub-grade 3b due to a significant soil wetness limitation. Similar soils exist over the whole of the site and are, typically, medium clay loam topsoils overlying clay subsoils that are poorly structured at shallow depths; these horizons impede drainage and limit the range of crops that can tolerate such conditions and the number of days when the land is in a suitable condition for grazing by livestock or for cultivating.

### Factors Influencing ALC Grade

#### Climate

9. Climate affects the grading of land through the assessment of an overall climatic limitation and also through interactions with soil characteristics.

10. The key climatic variables used for grading this site are given in Table 2 and were obtained from the published 5km grid datasets using the standard interpolation procedures (Met. Office, 1989).

Factor	Units	Values							
		SU655567	SU649564	SU655561					
Grid reference	N/A								
Altitude	m, AOD	65	75	82					
Accumulated Temperature	day°C (Jan-June)	1458	1447	1439					
Average Annual Rainfall	mm	721	737	741					
Field Capacity Days	days	154	157	158					
Moisture Deficit, Wheat	mm	109	107	106					
Moisture Deficit, Potatoes	mm	101	99	98					

#### Table 2: Climatic and altitude data

11. The climatic criteria are considered first when classifying land as climate can be overriding in the sense that severe limitations will restrict land to low grades irrespective of favourable site or soil conditions.

12. The main parameters used in the assessment of an overall climatic limitation are average annual rainfall (AAR), as a measure of overall wetness, and accumulated temperature (AT0, January to June), as a measure of the relative warmth of a locality.

13. The combination of rainfall and temperature at this site mean that there is no overall climatic limitation. Local climatic factors are also not believed to be significant. The site is climatically Grade 1.

# Geology and soils

such as gradient, microrelief or flooding, affecting the area.

15. The published geological information for the site shows the whole area to be underlain by London Clay.

The site has a gently undulating topography throughout. There are no site limitations,

16. The published soils information for the site shows the whole area to be made up of soils of the Wickham IV Association. These are described as "slowly permeable, seasonally waterlogged, fine loamy over clayey and coarse loamy over clayey, with similar more permeable soils with slight waterlogging."

### **Agricultural Land Classification**

17. The details of the classification of the site are shown on the attached ALC map and the area statistics of each grade are given in Table 1, page 1.

18. The location of the auger borings and the soil pit are shown on the attached sample location map and the details of the soils data are presented in Appendix III.

#### Subgrade 3b

19. All of the agricultural land on the site has been classified as Subgrade 3b, moderate quality agricultural land. Soil wetness is the key limitation. Soil Pit 1 is representative of the soils on the site, which typically have medium clay loam topsoils overlying clay subsoils. The profiles show clearance of wetness at shallow depths (within the top 40cm), in the form of gleying. The wetness is directly related to slowly permeable subsoils which, in Pit 1, are described as moderately developed, coarse angular blocky. The combination of the depth to gleying and the slowly permeable layer places these soils in Wetness Class IV (see Appendix IV). This degree of waterlogging in the profile, together with the prevailing field capacity level (154-158 days) restricts the flexibility of the land due to the reduction in the number of days when the soil is in a suitable condition for cultivation, trafficking by machinery or grazing by livestock. As a result, the land on the site cannot be classified any better than Subgrade 3b.

DE Black Resource Planning Team Guildford Statutory Group ADAS Reading

# Site

14.

### SOURCES OF REFERENCE

British Geological Survey (1978) Sheet No.284, Basingstoke. BGS: London.

Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food (1988) Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales: Revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land. MAFF: London.

Met. Office (1989) *Climatological Data for Agricultural Land Classification*. Met. Office: Bracknell.

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1983) Sheet 6, Soils of South East England. SSEW: Harpenden.

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1984) Soils and their Use in South East England SSEW: Harpenden

### **APPENDIX I**

# DESCRIPTIONS OF THE GRADES AND SUBGRADES

# Grade 1: Excellent Quality Agricultural Land

Land with no or very minor limitations to agricultural use. A very wide range of agricultural and horticultural crops can be grown and commonly includes top fruit, soft fruit, salad crops and winter harvested vegetables. Yields are high and less variable than on land of lower quality.

# Grade 2: Very Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land with minor limitations which affect crop yield, cultivations or harvesting. A wide range of agricultural or horticultural crops can usually be grown but on some land of this grade there may be reduced flexibility due to difficulties with the production of the more demanding crops such as winter harvested vegetables and arable root crops. The level of yield is generally high but may be lower or more variable than Grade 1 land.

# Grade 3: Good to Moderate Quality Land

Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops, the timing and type of cultivation, harvesting or the level of yield. When more demanding crops are grown, yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2.

# Subgrade 3a: Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of consistently producing moderate to high yields of a narrow range of arable crops, especially cereals, or moderate yields of a wide range of crops including cereals, grass, oilseed rape, potatoes, sugar beet and the less demanding horticultural crops.

# Subgrade 3b: Moderate Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of producing moderate yields of a narrow range of crops, principally cereals and grass, or lower yields of a wider range of crops or high yields of grass which can be grazed or harvested over most of the year.

# Grade 4: Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which significantly restrict the range of crops and/or the level of yields. It is mainly suited to grass with occasional arable crops (e.g. cereals and forage crops) the yields of which are variable. In moist climates, yields of grass may be moderate to high but there may be difficulties in utilisation. The grade also includes very droughty arable land.

# Grade 5: Very Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which restrict use to permanent pasture or rough grazing, except for occasional pioneer forage crops.

### ΑΡΡΕΝΟΙΧ Π

### SOIL WETNESS CLASSIFICATION

### **Definitions of Soil Wetness Classes**

Soil wetness is classified according to the depth and duration of waterlogging in the soil profile. Six soil wetness classes are identified and are defined in the table below.

Wetness Class	Duration of waterlogging <sup>1</sup>										
I	The soil profile is not wet within 70 cm depth for more than 30 days in most years. <sup>2</sup>										
н	The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 31-90 days in most years or, if there is no slowly permeable layer within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 70 cm for more than 90 days, but only wet within 40 cm depth for 30 days in most years.										
Ш	The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 91-180 days in most years or, if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 70 cm for more than 180 days, but only wet within 40 cm depth for between 31-90 days in most years.										
IV	The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for more than 180 days but not wet within 40 cm depth for more than 210 days in most years or, if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 40 cm depth for 91-210 days in most years.										
v .	The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for 211-335 days in most years.										
VI	The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for more than 335 days in most years.										

#### **Assessment of Wetness Class**

Soils have been allocated to wetness classes by the interpretation of soil profile characteristics and climatic factors using the methodology described in *Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales: Revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land* (MAFF, 1988).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The number of days is not necessarily a continuous period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 'In most years' is defined as more than 10 out of 20 years.

# APPENDIX III

# **SOIL DATA**

**Contents:** 

Sample location map Soil abbreviations - Explanatory Note Soil Pit Descriptions Soil boring descriptions (boring and horizon levels) Database Printout - Horizon Level Information

# SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTIONS: EXPLANATORY NOTE

Soil pit and auger boring information collected during ALC fieldwork is held on a computer database. This uses notations and abbreviations as set out below.

### **Boring Header Information**

- 1. GRID REF: national 100 km grid square and 8 figure grid reference.
- 2. USE: Land use at the time of survey. The following abbreviations are used.

ARA:	Arable	WHT:	Wheat	BAR: Barley
CER:	Cereals	OAT:	Oats	MZE: Maize
OSR:	Oilseed rape	BEN:	Field Beans	BRA: Brassicae
POT:	Potatoes	SBT:	Sugar Beet	FCD: Fodder Crops
LIN:	Linseed	FRT:	Soft and Top Fruit	FLW: Fallow
PGR:	Permanent Pastur	eLEY:	Ley Grass	RGR: Rough Grazing
SCR:		Scrub	CFW:	Coniferous Woodland
DCW:	Deciduous Wood			
HTH:	Heathland	BOG:	Bog or Marsh	FLW: Fallow
PLO:	Ploughed	SAS:	Set aside	<b>OTH</b> : Other
HRT:	Horticultural Cro	os		

- 3. **GRDNT**: Gradient as estimated or measured by a hand-held optical clinometer.
- 4. GLEY/SPL: Depth in centimetres (cm) to gleying and/or slowly permeable layers.
- 5. AP (WHEAT/POTS): Crop-adjusted available water capacity.
- 6. **MB (WHEAT/POTS)**: Moisture Balance. (Crop adjusted AP crop adjusted MD)
- 7. DRT: Best grade according to soil droughtiness.
- 8. If any of the following factors are considered significant, 'Y' will be entered in the relevant column.

MREL: Microrelief limitation FLOOD: Flood risk EROSN: Soil erosion risk EXP: Exposure limitation FROST: Frost prone DIST: Disturbed land CHEM: Chemical limitation

9. LIMIT: The main limitation to land quality. The following abbreviations are used.

<b>OC</b> :	<b>Overall Climate</b>	AE:	Aspect	EX:	Exposure
FR:	Frost Risk	GR:	Gradient	MR:	Microrelief
FL:	Flood Risk	TX:	Topsoil Texture	DP:	Soil Depth
CH:	Chemical	WE:	Wetness	<b>WK</b> :	Workability
DR:	Drought	ER:	Erosion Risk	WD:	Soil Wetness/Droughtiness
ST:	Topsoil Stonine	55			-

### Soil Pits and Auger Borings

1. **TEXTURE**: soil texture classes are denoted by the following abbreviations.

<b>S</b> :	Sand	LS:	Loamy Sand	SL:	Sandy Loam
SZL:	Sandy Silt Loam	CL:	Clay Loam	ZCL:	Silty Clay Loam
ZL:	Silt Loam	SCL:	Sandy Clay Loam	<b>C</b> :	Clay
SC:	Sandy Clay	ZC:	Silty Clay	OL:	Organic Loam
<b>P</b> :	Peat	SP:	Sandy Peat	LP:	Loamy Peat
PL:	Peaty Loam	PS:	Peaty Sand	MZ:	Marine Light Silts

For the sand, loamy sand, sandy loam and sandy silt loam classes, the predominant size of sand fraction will be indicated by the use of the following prefixes:

- **F**: Fine (more than 66% of the sand less than 0.2mm)
- M: Medium (less than 66% fine sand and less than 33% coarse sand)
- C: Coarse (more than 33% of the sand larger than 0.6mm)

The clay loam and silty clay loam classes will be sub-divided according to the clay content: M: Medium (<27% clay) H: Heavy (27-35% clay)

- 2. MOTTLE COL: Mottle colour using Munsell notation.
- 3. **MOTTLE ABUN**: Mottle abundance, expressed as a percentage of the matrix or surface described.

F: few <2% C: common 2-20% M: many 20-40% VM: very many 40% +

- 4. **MOTTLE CONT:** Mottle contrast
  - F: faint indistinct mottles, evident only on close inspection
  - **D**: distinct mottles are readily seen
  - P: prominent mottling is conspicuous and one of the outstanding features of the horizon
- 5. **PED. COL**: Ped face colour using Munsell notation.
- 6. GLEY: If the soil horizon is gleyed a 'Y' will appear in this column. If slightly gleyed, an 'S' will appear.
- 7. **STONE LITH**: Stone Lithology One of the following is used.

HR:	all hard rocks and stones	SLST:	soft oolitic or dolimitic limestone
CH:	chalk	FSST:	soft, fine grained sandstone
ZR:	soft, argillaceous, or silty rocks	GH: gravel	with non-porous (hard) stones
MSST:	soft, medium grained sandston	GS: gravel	with porous (soft) stones
SI:	soft weathered igneous/metamorr	hic rock	

Stone contents (>2cm, >6cm and total) are given in percentages (by volume).

8. STRUCT: the degree of development, size and shape of soil peds are described using the following notation:

degree of development	WK: weakly developed ST: strongly developed	MD: moderately developed
<u>ped size</u>	F: fine C: coarse	M: medium VC: very coarse
ped shape	<ul> <li>S : single grain</li> <li>GR: granular</li> <li>SAB: sub-angular blocky</li> <li>PL: platy</li> </ul>	M: massive AB: angular blocky PR: prismatic

9. **CONSIST**: Soil consistence is described using the following notation:

L: loose	VF: very friable	FR: friable	FM: firm	VM: very firm
EM: extre	mely firm	EH: extremel	y hard	

- 10. SUBS STR: Subsoil structural condition recorded for the purpose of calculating profile droughtiness: G: good M: moderate P: poor
- 11. **POR**: Soil porosity. If a soil horizon has less than 0.5% biopores >0.5 mm, a 'Y' will appear in this column.
- 12. IMP: If the profile is impenetrable to rooting a 'Y' will appear in this column at the appropriate horizon.
- 13. SPL: Slowly permeable layer. If the soil horizon is slowly permeable a 'Y' will appear in this column.
- 14. CALC: If the soil horizon is calcareous, a 'Y' will appear in this column.

### 15. Other notations

- APW: available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for wheat
- APP: available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for potatoes
- MBW: moisture balance, wheat
- MBP: moisture balance, potatoes

program: ALCO12

SAMP	LE		ASPECT				WETI	NESS	-WH	EAT-	-PC	DTS-	м.	REL	EROSA	FF	OST	CHEM	ALC	
NO.	GRID	REF	USE	GRDNT	GLEY	Y SPL	CLASS	GRADE	AP	MB	AP	MB	DRT	FLOOD		EXP	DIST	LIMIT		COMMENTS
1	SU652	570	WHT		0	030	4	38	000	0	000	0						WE	38	SPL
1P	SU649	565	BEA		0	040	4	38	090	-17	096	-3	3A					WE	38	
9	SU650	568	WHT		0	035	4 ·	3B	090	-17	096	-3	3A					WE	38	SPL
11	SU652	568	WHT		030	040	4	3B	000	0	000	0						WE	3B	
13	SU654	568	MZE		0	030	4	3B	087	-20	093	-6	3A					WE	3B	SPL
25	SU651	566	WHT		020	020	4	3B	079	-28	082	-17	38					WE	3B	
27	SU653	566	WHT		0	028	4	3B	083	-24	086	-13	38					WE	38	SPL
41	SU657	565	MZE		0	028	4	38	000	0	000	0						WE	3B	SPL
45	SU649	564	8EA		028	028	4	3B	086	-21	092	-7	38					WE	38	SPL
47	SU652	564	WHT		040	040	3	3A	000	0	000	0						WE	3A	
49	SU654	564	MZE		028	028	4	3B	000	0	000	0						WE	3B	SPL
53	SU659	564	PGR		0	040	4	3B	000	0	000	0						WE	3B	SPL
64	SU657	563	PGR		0	028	4	3B	000	0	000	0						WE	3B	SPL
66	SU648	562	BEA		0	030	4	3B	084	-23	090	-9	3B					WE	3B	SPL
68	SU650	562	BEA		025	025	4	3B	085	-22	091	-8	38					WE	3B	SPL
70	SU652	562	BEA		030	030	4	3B	087	-20	093	-6	3A					WE	3B	SPL
72	SU654	562	PGR		0	028	4	3B	000	0	000	0						WE	3B	
76	SU658	562	PGR		000	030	4	38	000	0	000	0						WE	3B	SPL
89	SU649	559	BEA		025	025	4	38	000	0	000	0						WE	38	SPL

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program: ALCO11

1					MOTTLES	;	PED		- <b>-</b> -	-STONES-		STRUCT/	SUB	S			
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	28-55	с	10YR53 00	00000	00 M			Y	0	0	0		Ρ	Y		Y	
45	0-28	mcl	10YR43 00						0	0	0						
1	28-60	с	10YR53 00	00000	M 00 C			Y	0	0	0		P	Y		Y	
47	0-40	mcl	10YR43 00						0	0	0						
)	40-60	c	10YR53 54	00000	0 00 C			Y	0	0	0		Ρ	Y		Y	
49	0-28	mcl	10YR42 00						0	0	0						
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53	0-28	mcl	10YR42 00	000000	00 C			Y	0	0	0						
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program: ALCO11

COMPLETE LIST OF PROFILES 12/07/96 BASINGSTOKE 17, RAZOR FM

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1				M	OTTLES		PED			-ST(	DNES	STRUCT/	SUBS	;	
SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	COL	ABUN	CONT	COL.	GLEY	>2	>6 t	LITH TOT	CONSIST	STR	POR	IMP SPL CALC
70	0-30	mc]	10YR43 00						0	0	0				
	30-60	с	10YR53 00	000000	00 M			Y	0	0	0		Ρ	Y	Y
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	30-55	с	10YR53 00	000000	00 M			Y	0	0	0		Ρ	Y	Y
89	0-25	с	10YR32 00						0	0	0				
	25-60	с	10YR53 00	000000	00 M			Y	0	0	0		Р	Y	Y

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# SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

Site Name	BASINGS	STOKE 17,	RAZOR FM	Pit Number	: 1	IP					
Grid Refe	erence: SUł	549 565	Average Annu Accumulated Field Capaci Land Use Slope and As	: 72 : 145 : 154 :	: 721 mm : 1458 degree days : 154 days : : degrees						
HORIZON	TEXTURE	COLOUR	stones >2	TOT. STONE	LITH	MOTTLES	STRUCTURE	CONSIST	SUBSTRUCTURE	CALC	
0- 28	MCL	10YR42 0	0 O	0							
28- 40	MCL	10YR53 0	0 0	0		с	MCSAB	FR	м		
40- 60	С	10YR53 0	0 0	0		м	MCAB	VM	Ρ		
Wetness Grade : 38		Wetness Class : I Glevinn •02		C711							
			SPL	:040	cm						
Drought @	irade : 3A		APW : 090mm	MB₩ ; -1	7 mm						
			APP : 096mm	MBP : -	3 mm						
FINAL ALC	GRADE : 3	B									

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MAIN LIMITATION : Wetness