A1 Swale Borough Local Plan Objector Site Sitt 3 Land around Great Grovehurst Farm, Sittingbourne

Agricultural Land Classification October 1996

Resource Planning Team Guildford Statutory Group ADAS Reading ADAS Reference 2011/147/96 MAFF Reference EL 20/0245 LUPU Commission 02563

AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION REPORT

SWALE BOROUGH LOCAL PLAN OBJECTOR SITE SITT 3, LAND AROUND GREAT GROVEHURST FARM, SITTINGBOURNE

Introduction

1 This report presents the findings of a detailed Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) survey of approximately 6 ha of land around Great Grovehurst Farm which is located to the north of Kemsley Sittingbourne The survey was carried out in October 1996

2 The survey was commissioned by the Ministry of Agriculture Fisheries and Food (MAFF) from its Land Use Planning Unit in Reading in connection with the Swale Borough Local Plan This survey supersedes any previous ALC surveys on this land

3 The work was conducted under sub-contracting arrangements by NA Duncan and Associates and was supervised by members of the Resource Planning Team in the Guildford Statutory Group of ADAS The land has been graded in accordance with the published MAFF ALC guidelines and criteria (MAFF 1988) A description of the ALC grades and subgrades is given in Appendix I

4 At the time of survey the majority of the site had been recently cultivated and sown to winter cereals The south western corner of the site however is occupied by old farm buildings together with a house and garden

Summary

5 The findings of the survey are shown on the enclosed ALC map The map has been drawn at a scale of 1 10 000 It is accurate at this scale but any enlargement would be misleading

6 The area and proportions of the ALC grades and subgrades on the surveyed land are summarised in Table 1

Grade/Other land	Area (hectares)	% Total site area	% Surveyed Area
1	4 2	65 6	100 0
Other land	2 2	34 4	
Total surveyed area	4 2		100 0
Total site area	64	100 0	

Table 1	Атеа	of	grades	and	other	land
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7 The fieldwork was conducted at an average density of 1 boring per hectare A total of 4 borings were described which were backed up by data from one soil inspection pit

8 All of the arable land on the site has been mapped as Grade 1 excellent quality agricultural land and comprises deep free draining easily worked soils developed in brickearth material. These soils have silt loam topsoils becoming heavier with depth which, despite the high moisture deficits that are prevalent in the area, hold sufficient moisture to prevent any significant droughtiness limitation. An area of Other Land has been mapped in the south west corner which is occupied by farm buildings and a house and garden

Factors Influencing ALC Grade

Climate

9 Climate affects the grading of land through the assessment of an overall climatic limitation and also through interactions with soil characteristics

10 The key climatic variables used for grading this site are given in Table 2 and were obtained from the published 5km grid datasets using the standard interpolation procedures (Met Office 1989)

Factor	Units	Values
Grid reference	N/A	TQ 905 666
Altıtude	m AOD	15
Accumulated Temperature	day ^o C (Jan June)	1482
Average Annual Rainfall	mm	588
Field Capacity Days	days	115
Moisture Deficit, Wheat	mm	123
Moisture Deficit, Potatoes	mm	121

Table 2	Climatic	and	altitude	data
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11 The climatic criteria are considered first when classifying land as climate can be overriding in the sense that severe limitations will restrict land to low grades irrespective of favourable site or soil conditions

12 The main parameters used in the assessment of an overall climatic limitation are average annual rainfall (AAR) as a measure of overall wetness and accumulated temperature (ATO January to June) as a measure of the relative warmth of a locality

13 The combination of rainfall and accumulated temperature at this site mean that the area is relatively dry and warm Climatic factors do interact with soil properties to influence soil wetness and droughtiness limitations The crop-adjusted soil moisture deficits at this locality are above the average for the south-east of England This increases the likelihood of soil droughtiness limitations No local climatic factors such as exposure and frost risk, are believed to adversely affect the land quality on the site This site is climatically Grade 1

Site

14 The site lies at an altitude of approximately 15 m AOD and falls very gently to the north Nowhere on the site does gradient or micro-relief impose any limitation on the agricultural use of the area

Geology and soils

15 The published geological information for the area (BGS 1974) shows the whole site to be underlain by drift deposits of head brickearth

16 There is no detailed soil survey map for the area, but the reconnaissance soil map (SSEW 1983) shows the area to comprise soils of the Hamble 1 association These soils are described as Deep well drained often stoneless fine silty soils Some similar soils affected by groundwater and some fine loamy soils with slowly permeable subsoils and slight seasonal waterlogging Some shallower soils over chalk (SSEW 1983)

Agricultural Land Classification

17 The details of the classification of the site are shown on the attached ALC map and the area statistics of each grade are given in Table 1 page 1

18 The location of the auger borings and pits is shown on the attached sample location map and the details of the soils data are presented in Appendix III

Grade 1

All the agricultural land on the site has been mapped as Grade 1 excellent quality land The soils on the site typically have a silt loam topsoil overlying a strong brown medium silty clay loam upper subsoil becoming a yellowish brown heavy silty clay loam with some faint ochreous mottling below 50 cm depth The soils are generally stoneless throughout porous and with moderately structured subsoils (coarse subangular blocky peds of firm consistence) These soils are free draining and have been assessed as Wetness Class I (see Appendix II) Moisture balance calculations indicate that such soils have adequate reserves of moisture to prevent drought stress occurring to the plants in most years This land therefore has no or very minor limitations for agricultural use

> N A Duncan for the Resource Planning Team Guildford Statutory Group ADAS Reading

SOURCES OF REFERENCE

British Geological Survey (1977) Sheet No 272 Chatham **BGS** London

Ministry of Agriculture Fisheries and Food (1988) Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales Revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land MAFF London

Met Office (1989) Climatological Data for Agricultural Land Classification Met Office Bracknell

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1983) Sheet 6 Soils of South East England 1 250 000 and accompanying legend SSEW Harpenden.

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1984) Soils and their Use in South East England SSEW Harpenden

APPENDIX I

DESCRIPTIONS OF THE GRADES AND SUBGRADES

Grade 1 Excellent Quality Agricultural Land

Land with no or very minor limitations to agricultural use A very wide range of agricultural and horticultural crops can be grown and commonly includes top fruit soft fruit salad crops and winter harvested vegetables Yields are high and less variable than on land of lower quality

Grade 2 Very Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land with minor limitations which affect crop yield cultivations or harvesting A wide range of agricultural or horticultural crops can usually be grown but on some land of this grade there may be reduced flexibility due to difficulties with the production of the more demanding crops such as winter harvested vegetables and arable root crops The level of yield is generally high but may be lower or more variable than Grade 1 land

Grade 3 Good to Moderate Quality Land

Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops the timing and type of cultivation, harvesting or the level of yield When more demanding crops are grown, yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2

Subgrade 3a Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of consistently producing moderate to high yields of a narrow range of arable crops, especially cereals or moderate yields of a wide range of crops including cereals grass oilseed rape potatoes sugar beet and the less demanding horticultural crops

Subgrade 3b Moderate Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of producing moderate yields of a narrow range of crops principally cereals and grass or lower yields of a wider range of crops or high yields of grass which can be grazed or harvested over most of the year

Grade 4 Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which significantly restrict the range of crops and/or the level of yields. It is mainly suited to grass with occasional arable crops (e.g. cereals and forage crops) the yields of which are variable. In moist climates yields of grass may be moderate to high but there may be difficulties in utilisation. The grade also includes very droughty arable land.

Grade 5 Very Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which restrict use to permanent pasture or rough grazing except for occasional pioneer forage crops

APPENDIX II

SOIL WETNESS CLASSIFICATION

Definitions of Soil Wetness Classes

Soil wetness is classified according to the depth and duration of waterlogging in the soil profile. Six soil wetness classes are identified and are defined in the table below

Wetness Class	Duration of waterlogging ¹
I	The soil profile is not wet within 70 cm depth for more than 30 days in most years 2
П	The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 31 90 days in most years or if there is no slowly permeable layer within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 70 cm for more than 90 days but only wet within 40 cm depth for 30 days in most years
ш	The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 91-180 days in most years or if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 70 cm for more than 180 days but only wet within 40 cm depth for between 31 90 days in most years
IV	The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for more than 180 days but not wet within 40 cm depth for more than 210 days in most years or if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 40 cm depth for 91 210 days in most years
v	The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for 211-335 days in most years
VI	The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for more than 335 days in most years

Assessment of Wetness Class

Soils have been allocated to wetness classes by the interpretation of soil profile characteristics and climatic factors using the methodology described in *Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales Revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land* (MAFF 1988)

¹ The number of days is not necessarily a continuous period

² In most years is defined as more than 10 out of 20 years

APPENDIX III

SOIL DATA

Contents

Sample location map Soil abbreviations - Explanatory Note Soil Pit Descriptions Soil boring descriptions (boring and horizon levels) Database Printout - Horizon Level Information

SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTIONS EXPLANATORY NOTE

Soil pit and auger boring information collected during ALC fieldwork is held on a computer database This uses notations and abbreviations as set out below

Boring Header Information

- 1 GRID REF national 100 km grid square and 8 figure grid reference
- 2 USE Land use at the time of survey The following abbreviations are used

ARA	Arable	WHT	Wheat	BAR	Barley
CER	Cereals	OAT	Oats	MZE	Maize
OSR	Oilseed rape	BEN	Field Beans	BRA	Brassicae
РОТ	Potatoes SBT S		Sugar Beet	FCD	Fodder Crops
LIN	Linseed	FRT	Soft and Top Fruit	FLW	Fallow
PGR	Permanent Pastur	eLEY	Ley Grass	RGR	Rough Grazing
SCR		Scrub	CFW	Conife	rous Woodland
DCW	Deciduous Wood				
HTH	Heathland	BOG	Bog or Marsh	FLW	Fallow
PLO	Ploughed	SAS	Set aside	ОТН	Other
HRT	Horticultural Crop	ps			

- 3 **GRDNT** Gradient as estimated or measured by a hand held optical clinometer
- 4 GLEY/SPL Depth in centimetres (cm) to gleying and/or slowly permeable layers
- 5 AP (WHEAT/POTS) Crop-adjusted available water capacity
- 6 MB (WHEAT/POTS) Moisture Balance (Crop adjusted AP crop adjusted MD)
- 7 **DRT** Best grade according to soil droughtiness
- 8 If any of the following factors are considered significant 'Y' will be entered in the relevant column

MRELMicrorelief limitationFLOODFlood riskEROSNSoil erosion riskEXPExposure limitationFROSTFrost proneDISTDisturbed landCHEMChemical limitation

9 LIMIT The main limitation to land quality The following abbreviations are used

OC	Overall Climate	AE	Aspect	EX	Exposure
FR	Frost Risk	GR	Gradient	MR	Microrelief
FL	Flood Risk	ТХ	Topsoil Texture	DP	Soil Depth
СН	Chemical	WE	Wetness	WK	Workability
DR	Drought	ER	Erosion Risk	WD	Soil Wetness/Droughtiness
ST	Topsoil Stonines	ss			-

Soil Pits and Auger Borings

S SZL	Sand Sandy Silt Loam	LS CL	Loamy Sand Clay Loam	SL ZCL	Sandy Loam Silty Clay Loam
ZL	Silt Loam	SCL	Sandy Clay Loam	С	Clay
SC	Sandy Clay	ZC	Silty Clay	OL	Organic Loam
P	Peat	SP	Sandy Peat	LP	Loamy Peat
PL	Peaty Loam	PS	Peaty Sand	MZ	Marine Light Silts

1 **TEXTURE** soil texture classes are denoted by the following abbreviations

For the sand loamy sand sandy loam and sandy silt loam classes the predominant size of sand fraction will be indicated by the use of the following prefixes

- **F** Fine (more than 66% of the sand less than 0 2mm)
- M Medium (less than 66% fine sand and less than 33% coarse sand)
- C Coarse (more than 33% of the sand larger than 0 6mm)

The clay loam and silty clay loam classes will be sub divided according to the clay content M Medium (<27% clay) H Heavy (27-35% clay)

- 2 MOTTLE COL Mottle colour using Munsell notation
- 3 MOTTLE ABUN Mottle abundance expressed as a percentage of the matrix or surface described

F few <2% C common 2-20% M many 20 40% VM very many 40% +

- 4 **MOTTLE CONT** Mottle contrast
 - **F** faint indistinct mottles evident only on close inspection
 - **D** distinct mottles are readily seen
 - **P** prominent mottling is conspicuous and one of the outstanding features of the horizon
- 5 **PED COL** Ped face colour using Munsell notation
- 6 GLEY If the soil horizon is gleyed a Y will appear in this column If slightly gleyed an S will appear
- 7 STONE LITH Stone Lithology One of the following is used

HR	all hard rocks and stones	SLST	soft oolitic or dolimitic limestone
СН	chalk	FSST	soft fine grained sandstone
ZR	soft argulaceous or sulty rocks	GH	gravel with non-porous (hard) stones
MSST	soft medium grained sandston	GS	gravel with porous (soft) stones
SI	soft weathered igneous/metamor	phic ro	ck

Stone contents (>2cm, >6cm and total) are given in percentages (by volume)

8 STRUCT the degree of development size and shape of soil peds are described using the following notation

degree of development	WK weakly developed ST strongly developed	MD moderately developed
ped size	F fine C coarse	M medium VC very coarse
<u>ped shape</u>	 S single grain GR granular SAB sub-angular blocky PL platy 	M massive AB angular blocky PR prismatic

9 CONSIST Soil consistence is described using the following notation

L loose	VF very friable	FR friable	FM firm	VM very firm
EM extre	mely firm	EH extremel	y hard	

- 10 SUBS STR Subsoil structural condition recorded for the purpose of calculating profile droughtiness G good M moderate P poor
- 11 **POR** Soil porosity If a soil horizon has less than 0.5% biopores >0.5 mm a 'Y' will appear in this column
- 12 IMP If the profile is impenetrable to rooting a 'Y' will appear in this column at the appropriate horizon
- 13 SPL Slowly permeable layer If the soil horizon is slowly permeable a 'Y' will appear in this column
- 14 CALC If the soil horizon is calcareous a 'Y' will appear in this column

15 Other notations

- **APW** available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for wheat
- **APP** available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for potatoes
- MBW moisture balance wheat
- MBP moisture balance potatoes

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

Site Nam	e SWALE	LP SITT3 G	RVEHURST	Pit Numb er	· 1	Р				
Grid Refi	erence TQ	90606660	Average Ann Accumulated Field Capac Land Use Slope and A	Temperature ity Level	e 148 115 Cer	8 mm 2 degree 6 days reals degrees N	-			
HORIZON 0-35	TEXTURE	COLOUR 10YR43 00	-	0	LITH				SUBSTRUCTURE	CALC
35- 55 55-120	MZCL HZCL	10YR56 54 10YR55 00		0 0		F C	MDCSAB MDVCSB	FR FM	M M	
Wetness (Grade 1		Wetness Clas Gleying SPL	-	cm SPL					
Drought (Grade 1		APH 176mm APP 140mm		i3 mm 9 mm					
FINAL ALC	C GRADE	1								

MAIN LIMITATION

program ALCO12

LIST OF BORINGS HEADERS 19/12/96 SWALE LP SITT3 GRVEHURST

--WETNESS-- --WHEAT- --POTS- M REL EROSN FROST CHEM ALC SAMPLE ASPECT NO GRID REF USE GRONT GLEY SPL CLASS GRADE AP MB AP MB DRT FLOOD EXP DIST LIMIT COMMENTS 1 TQ90506670 CER N 01 1 1 173 50 137 16 1 1 1 1 173 50 137 16 1 1 1 176 53 140 19 1 1 1 173 50 137 16 1 1 1 173 50 137 16 1 1 1 183 60 147 26 1 1 1 176 53 140 19 1 1P TQ90606660 CER N 01 1 S1 gleyed 55 2 TQ90606670 CER N 01 1 3 TQ90536666 CER N 01 1 01 4 TQ90606660 CER N 1 S1 gleyed 50

page 1

program ALCO11

COMPLETE LIST OF PROFILES 19/12/96 SWALE LP SITT3 GRVEHURST

					OTTLE	s	PED			-STONES	}	STRUCT/	, I	SUBS					
SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	COL.		CONT	COL					CONSIST		STR PO	R IMP	SPL	CALC		
_											_								
1	0-30	zl	10YR43 00						0	0	0								
	30-60	mzcl	10YR55 00	COMNOC	00 F				0	0	0			м					
	60-90	hzc1	10YR56 00	75YR56	3 00 F				0	0	0			М					
	90-120	mzcl	10YR65 00						0	0	0			м			Y		
1P	0-35	zl	10YR43 00						0	0	0								
17		—		000000					-	-		MOCCAD	50	м					
	35-55	mzcl	10YR56 54					-	0	-	0	MDCSAB						63	
	55–120	hzc1	10YR55 00	/5YR50	000			S	0	0	0	MDVCSB	٢M	m				51	gleyed
2	0-30	zl	10YR43 00						0	0	0								
	30-50	mzc]	10YR54 00						0	0	0			м					
	50-100	hzcl	10YR55 00	OOMNOC) 00 F				0	0	0			M					
	100-120	mzcl	10YR55 00						0	0	0			м			Y		
3	0-30	zl	10YR43 00						0	0	0								
	30-50	zl	10YR54 00						0	0	0			м					
	50-70	hzc1	10YR54 00	OOMNOC	00 F				0	0	0			М					
	70-120	hzc1	10YR66 00	75YR56	00 F				0	0	0			М					
4	0-35	zl	10YR43 00						0	0	0								
· ·	35-50	mzcl	10YR54 00	757856	ິ ທິດ 🖻				0	-	õ			м					
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